

Annual Comprehensive Financial REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2021







Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2021

Prepared by:

Finance Department Financial and Reporting Division

Special Recognition:

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Paula Painter, CPA, Finance Director



Our vision

Kent - where people choose to live and businesses change the world

mission

The City of Kent is committed to building a safe, thriving, sustainable and inclusive community.

values

Integrity

Do the right thing

Caring

Care for those we serve

Communication

Connect to understand

Teamwork

Work together

Innovation

Find a way

Achievement

Be the difference

goals

Thriving City
Creating safe neighborhoods, healthy people, vibrant commercial districts and inviting parks and

Evolving InfrastructureConnecting people and places through strategic investments in physical and technological infrastructure

Inclusive Community

Embracing our diversity and advancing equ through genuine community engagement

Innovative Government

Delivering outstanding customer service, developing leaders and fostering innovation

Sustainable Services

Providing quality services through responsible financial management, economic growth and partnerships





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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION

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December 15, 2022

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Residents of the City of Kent, Washington

We are pleased to present to you the City of Kent's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This transmittal letter provides an overview of the report and the financial condition of the City. It also provides insight into the history of the City and the economic conditions affecting it. The report is prepared in accordance with the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 43.09.230. Management's Discussion and Analysis presented on pages 5-26 has a different focus than the transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with this letter.

The City of Kent Finance Department prepared the report and accepts complete responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fair presentation of the information included. The data is believed to be accurate in all material respects, and it is believed that all significant information necessary for an understanding of the affairs and financial condition of the City has been disclosed. The report has been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and in conformance with financial reporting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Kent is located in southern King County, Washington State's most populous county. The City is centrally located in the Green River Valley, 18 miles south of Seattle and 18 miles northeast of Tacoma. Kent now serves approximately 137,900 residents, making it the sixth largest city in the state.

The City of Kent operates under an elected Council – Mayor form of government. There are seven Council members. The Mayor is full-time and responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council and overseeing the operations of the government. The Council and Mayor are elected on a non-partisan and citywide basis. The elected terms of office for the Council members and Mayor are four years.

The City of Kent provides a full range of governmental services. At December 31, 2021, the City of Kent had 719.7 budgeted full-time equivalent employees providing services of general government, public safety, public works, and leisure services. In the public safety area, the Police Department had 225.28 budgeted police officers and non-uniformed personnel providing police and correction services to an expanding business and residential area. The Public Works Department provides engineering services for the City and maintains the City streets. In addition, Public Works operates the water, sewer, and drainage utilities that also serve many outside customers. The Parks, Recreation and Community Services Department maintains parks and recreation fields located throughout the City and provides numerous opportunities for organized recreational activities for the greater Kent area. It ensures human service resources are delivered effectively and efficiently to Kent residents by developing and implementing policies that guide the funding of human service programs, providing housing assistance, and participating in regional and local issues affecting Kent residents. The department also operates a senior center for social and recreational programs as well as an 18-hole golf course and driving range. In the cultural area, the City has established cultural arts and sports programs. The Kent Special Events Center Public Facilities District is included in this report as a discretely presented component unit.

The biennial budget serves as the foundation for the City of Kent's financial planning and control. The City Council establishes direction for the City through its adopted strategic goals and values. Those strategic goals are reviewed quarterly and are used in developing a biennial budget. The budget kick-off typically begins in May. Departments meet with the finance department and developed their budgets during June and July. Departments made their requests to Administration and the Executive Leadership Team in August. The first public hearing is held on the budget in September and the preliminary budget is prepared and submitted for Council review in late September. A second public hearing is held in October and the final budget is developed and submitted for Council approval no later than December.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Kent is a unique community with a combination of residential, banking, warehousing, light manufacturing, retailing, wholesaling, and some farming. It is unique because it is in the geographical center of the region's economic development associated with the region's proximity to its Pacific Rim neighbors. Within 20 miles of City Hall, there are two interstate highways, a regional rail center, an international airport, and two international deep-water seaports. Because of this, the City is one of the leading warehouse distribution centers in the nation.

There are approximately 66,544 people who work within Kent's city limits. Large private sector employers within city limits include Amazon with 3,073 employees, the Boeing Company (aircraft manufacturer) with 2,522 employees, Blue Origin (engineering and manufacturing for space exploration) with 1,600 employees, Exotic Metals Forming (aircraft parts manufacturer) with 1,047 employees, Taylor Farms NW (fresh fruit and vegetable merchant wholesaler) with 850 employees, Columbia Distributing (beverage distributors) with 628 employees, Carlisle Interconnect Technologies (electronic component manufacturing) with 615 employees.

Educational opportunities available to Kent residents are provided by five separate public-school districts. Public transportation and sewage treatment services are provided by METRO, part of the King County government. These operations are not a part of the City of Kent's reporting entity, although the City does coordinate with these operations.

In 2007, the Legislature adopted SSB 5089 which brought Washington State into full compliance with the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSUTA) switching the State's sales tax methodology from origin-based sourcing to a destination-based sourcing for purposes of sales tax

determination with respect to retail deliveries. The State also established mitigation for negatively impacted local governments based on the sourcing loss determination conducted in 2009. Since then and with some exceptions, the City of Kent has received funding from the State annually due to the sourcing loss. The amount of mitigation has continued to decrease over the years. Because of the uncertainty of these revenues moving forward, the City has dedicated these funds for capital or other one-time uses.

Engross House Bill (EHB) 1948 replaced the Streamlined Sales Tax (SST) Mitigation Program with the Warehouse and Manufacturing Jobs Center Assistance Program. However, during the legislative session the Governor vetoed EHB 1948 which resulted in the discontinuation of streamlined sales tax mitigation payments with the last payment occurring June 30, 2020.

With ESB 1521, the Warehouse and Manufacturing Jobs Center Assistance Program was retroactively reinstated. The City received \$3.6 million on June 30, 2021 for the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. The City will continue to receive this funding on a quarterly basis. The funding amount will be reduced by 20% on an annual basis from the prior fiscal year. The last payment will be received in June 2026.

In February 2020, the Governor of the State of Washington declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly virus (COVID-19). That state of emergency ended on October 31, 2022 after nearly three years. Throughout the declared state of emergency, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures included temporarily closing schools, colleges, and universities, cancelling public events, prohibiting public and private gatherings, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. Although the restrictions have transitioned overtime and now fully lifted, the full extent of the future financial impact on the city remains unknown at this time. Throughout the pandemic, we saw sharp declines in our charges for services as participation in programs were limited yet sales and use tax came in strong and has continued to do so.

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law. This provided additional funding to state and local governments through the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) program which could be used as revenue replacement for the provision of government services, address COVID-19 related expenditures or negative economic impacts of COVID-19, including assistance to small businesses, households, and hard-hit industries, as well as economic recovery. It could also be used for investments in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure.

The City was awarded \$28.2 million in SLFRF funding. On June 30, 2021, the City received \$14.1 million. The City received its second distribution of \$14.1 million a year later. As of December 31, 2021, the City has not expended any of those funds. In addition to the SLFRF funding, the City received a Shuttered Venues Operators Grant (SVOG) totally \$4.6 million from the Small Business Administration. That grant provides funding to the accesso ShoWare Center to offset the loss in revenue suffered during the pandemic.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In early 2018, the City Council refined its direction for the City with adoption of a revised Vision, Mission and Strategic Goals. The City's vision statement reads: Kent – where people choose to live, and businesses change the world. Since adoption, the Council reviews the strategic goals and the status quarterly. The five strategic goals identified in the plan and the key targets for the goals are:

Thriving City

Creating safe neighborhoods, healthy people, vibrant commercial districts and inviting parks and recreation.

Evolving Infrastructure

Connecting people and places through strategic investments in physical and technological infrastructure.

Inclusive Community

Embracing our diversity and advancing equity through genuine community engagement.

Innovative Government

Delivering outstanding customer service, developing leaders and fostering innovation.

Sustainable Services

Providing quality services through responsible financial management, economic growth and partnerships.

In 2018, the City began an initiative to create meaningful performance measures for which to compare our performance year over year. The City hired a Government Performance Analyst and contracted with an outside professional group to help the City understand and help departments to create performance measures and to help the City move from workload measures as the sole measurement of performance. The first of these performance measures were published in the 2019-2020 Adopted Biennial Budget and included at least one measure tied to each of the Council goals. This initiative is continued during the 2021-2022 budget process. The City has published a web-based Performance Measures Dashboard which can be found at:

https://advance-kent-dashboard-cityofkent.hub.arcgis.com/

Other major initiatives of the City include:

Federal Way Link Extension: The Federal Way Link Extension project will extend light rail from Angle Lake Station in the city of SeaTac to the Federal Way Transit Center. The 7.8-mile extension includes three stations, two of which will be constructed in the City of Kent. The Kent/Des Moines Station will be located on the west side of 30th Avenue South, just south of Kent Des Moines Road; the Star Lake Station will be located adjacent to the Park and Ride west of I-5, north of South 272nd Street; and the Federal Way Station will be located adjacent to the Federal Way Transit Center. All stations will include a parking garage which will allow for parking for a total of 3,200 spaces.

This project will be completed using a design build process which commenced in June 2019 and with an anticipated completion date sometime in 2025. Once complete, service is expected every 6-8 minutes during peak hours taking 42 minutes to downtown Seattle. Sound Transit expects 29,000-34,000 daily riders by 2026.

Meet Me on Meeker: The City's design for the Meet Me on Meeker project, a Governor's Smart Communities Award recipient, is part of a larger project to introduce "complete streets" principles into its built infrastructure. The Meet Me on Meeker project seeks to reimagine a main street in the City experiencing neglect and disinvestment planned to become a parallel five-lane arterial into a safe and welcoming environment for visitors and residents. The project aims to set the table for reinvestment for complementary multi-modal real estate projects by raising the standard of urban design and creating a more walkable, desirable urban street. Improvements such as the Meet Me on Meeker project are central to the city's economic development strategy of placemaking.

Meet Me on Meeker implementation was kick-started in spring 2018 when FNW Inc./Landmark Development broke ground on a two-phase mixed-use development on the City's former par-3 golf course site. Phase I of the development includes a six-story mixed use building, 14 three-story residential buildings, a clubhouse and public access through the site to the Green River Trail. When complete, Marquee on Meeker will serve as a new western gateway to downtown Kent and along the riverfront. "Midtown at 64th" is another significant private real estate project of more than 360 market rate apartments with convertible commercial flex spaces built directly to the street frontage. These two projects represent hundreds of millions of dollars of new investment and will bring an estimated 2,000 new residents to the City's historic main street.

The City's design makes it easier to walk, use transit, or ride a bike, which makes this commercial shopping street even more attractive for visitors or individuals seeking to visit existing businesses. The City has received several grants to construct portions of the Meeker project, in addition to the segments built as frontage by private development. This strategic funding approach ensures momentum on this project that is critical to the City's future.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION, MANAGEMENT, AND CONTROL

Internal Control System

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. Reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of Federal and other governmental grants, the City is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control system is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. The internal control system is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

Accounting and Budgetary Control System

The accounting and budgetary control system of the City is based on the fund structure. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific functions in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. In 2021, the City reported on 25 individual funds. These are summarized into seven standard fund types to comply with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards

Board. The individual funds, in addition to being the basis of the accounting system, provide the legal budgetary control level for City expenditures. Certain funds operate on an annual budget. Other funds are project oriented or controlled by bond indentures or state law. The City requires Council approval on all budgetary adjustments. The Notes to Financial Statements describe the fund types and their individual operating characteristics.

Although budgetary control is at the fund level, revenue and expenditure data is maintained by project, organization, program, and object code. The high-level program and object codes are prescribed for all local government units by the State Auditor's Office for consistency of reporting statewide. The remainder of the coding structure is established at the City's discretion based on its operational and management needs. In addition to prescribing certain coding for consistent reporting statewide, the State Auditor's Office prescribes certain accounting formats and specialized reports.

The State Auditor's Office is required by state law to make periodic independent audits of the books of accounts, financial records, and transactions of the City. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, are free of material misstatement and are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The audit is also designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. Additional financial disclosure information required by the State Auditor's Office is included in the Statistical Section or where appropriate as a part of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

In addition to the independent audit of the financial statements of the City, the City also has a Federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. For the Single Audit, the State Auditor is required to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal grants. These reports are available in the State Auditor's Audit Report for the City.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN THE FINANCIAL REPORTING PROGRAM

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Kent for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. That was the 20th year the City had achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement requirements. As such, we are submitting this report to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts of Finance department staff, in particular the General Ledger/Accounting team, and the significant work done by all City departments. We would also like to thank the Mayor, City Council members, and Chief Administrative Officer for their interest and support of our efforts to improve the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Respectfully submitted,

Paula Painter

Paula Painter, CPA Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

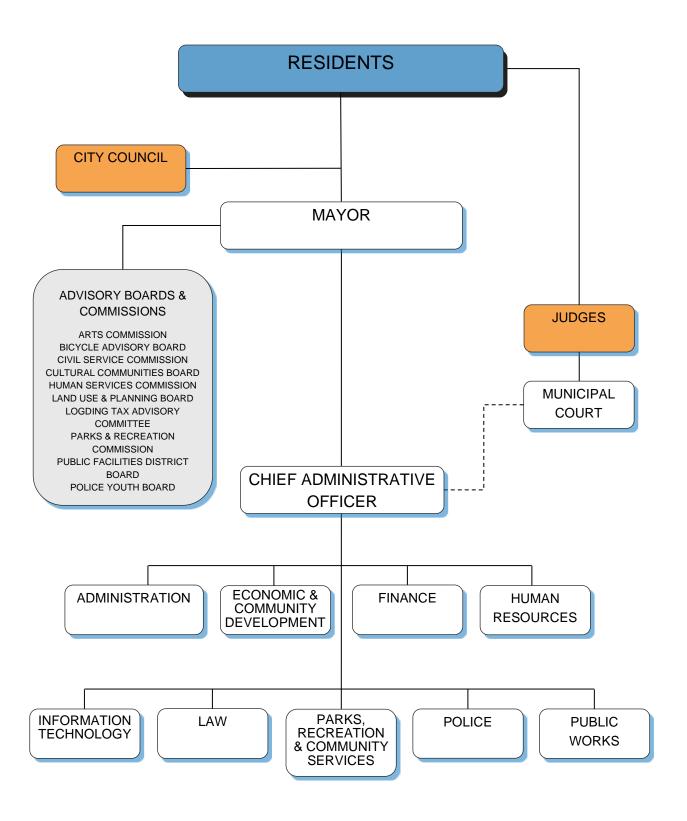
City of Kent Washington

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Kent operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The City Council consists of seven citizens of Kent who are elected at large to staggered, four-year terms. Members of the City council then elect one council member to serve as president of the Council. The member elected serves a two-year term as president, and can be re-elected to as many two-year terms as desired by a majority of the City council. The City Council President serves as the mayor Pro Tem during any absence from the city by the Mayor.

	Term Expiration
MAYOR	
Dana Ralph	12-31-2025
COUNCIL MEMBERS	
Bill Boyce, President	12-31-2023
Brenda Fincher	12-31-2025
Satwinder Kaur	12-31-2025
Marli Larimer	12-31-2023
Zandria Michaud	12-31-2023
Les Thomas	12-31-2023
Toni Troutner	12-31-2025

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Pat Fitzpatrick, Chief Administrative Officer

Tammy White, City Attorney

Paula Painter, CPA, Finance Director

Teri Smith, Human Resources Director

Michael Carrington, Information Technology Director

ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Kurt Hanson, Economic and Community Development Director

PARKS AND RECREATION

Julie Parascondola, Parks, Recreation and Community Services Director

PUBLIC SAFETY

Rafael Padilla, Police Chief

PUBLIC WORKS

Chad Bieren, Public Works Director





Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Mayor and City Council City of Kent Kent, Washington

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kent as of and for the year then ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kent, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Capital Resources funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time; and

• Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

In connection with the audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on

the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated December 15, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover in the City's Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Tat Macky

Olympia, WA

December 15, 2022

City of Kent

As management of the City of Kent, Washington (the City), we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position, (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

This MD&A has a different focus and purpose than the transmittal letter presented on pages A4 – A10 of this report and should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter as well as the financial statements beginning on page 27 and the accompanying notes to the financial statements to gain a full understanding of the financial position of the City and the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

- Net position (\$1.38 billion) increased by \$71.9 million or 5.5 percent from 2020 levels, comprised
 of a \$52.2 million or 5.9 percent increase resulting from governmental activities and a \$19.7 million
 or 4.6 percent increase from business-type activities. Approximately \$213.1 million or 15.4
 percent of the total net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens
 and creditors.
- City revenues increased \$6.0 million in 2021 while expenses decreased by \$7.3 million.
- Non-current liabilities (\$147.7 million) decreased by \$22.5 million or 13.2 percent from 2020 levels with a decrease of \$12.96 million in the net pension liability, an increase of \$0.16 million in compensated absences, offset by reductions of \$0.6 million in the OPEB liability, and 2021 debt payments, of \$8.8 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, including the budgetary statements for the general fund and major special revenue funds, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other non-required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. All of the activities of the City, except those of a fiduciary nature, are included in these statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows (excluding fiduciary funds), both current and long-term, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of how the financial position of the City may be changing. Increases in net position may indicate an improved financial position; however, even decreases in net position may reflect a changing manner in which the City may have used previously accumulated funds (i.e., cash funding of capital projects). To assess the overall health of the City, other indicators, including non-financial indicators such as the City's property tax base and condition of its infrastructure, should also be considered.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Since full accrual accounting is used for the government-wide financial statements, all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future years (e.g., uncollected property tax revenues and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also focuses on both the gross and net costs of the various functions of the City, based only on direct functional revenues and expenses. This is designed to show the extent to which the various functions depend on general taxes and revenues for support.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, public safety, community development, public works, leisure services, and health and human services. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, drainage and solid waste utilities, and a municipal golf complex.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the Special Events Center Public Facilities District. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-29 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements and what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The focus of governmental funds is narrow, and it is useful to compare the information provided by the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities with the governmental funds statements. This may give the reader a better understanding of how long-term impacts are affected by near-term financing decisions. To facilitate this comparison, reconciliations between the governmental funds and the governmental activities are provided immediately following the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

The City reports on 14 individual governmental funds. Information is provided separately for four funds that the City considers to be major funds and combines the other 10 funds into one column for a single aggregated report. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in

the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The four major funds are the General Fund, Capital Resources Fund, Special Assessments Fund, and Street Capital Projects Fund.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided within the basic financial statements for the General Fund and Capital Resources Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets. Budgetary schedules are also provided for the non-major special revenue funds in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section of this document.

The governmental major funds financial statements are found on pages 30-35 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the activities that are business-like in nature and are included in the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Enterprise funds primarily serve customers outside of the governmental unit. The City maintains five Enterprise funds: (1) Water Utility Fund, (2) Sewer Utility Fund, (3) Drainage Utility Fund, (4) Solid Waste Fund and (5) Golf Complex Fund. Internal service funds are used to report business-type functions that operate internally within the City and allocate their services to the City's various functions. The City maintains four Internal Service Funds: (1) Equipment Rental Fund, (2) Central Services Fund (postage, central stores, copiers, print shop, media services, telephone services, and data processing services), (3) Facilities Fund, and (4) Insurance Fund (unemployment, workers' compensation, medical and dental, liability and property insurance programs). Since these services mainly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, their assets and liabilities have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position, but their functions are prorated as to their usage between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities.

Proprietary funds provide detailed information of the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. The City reports the Water, Sewer, Drainage and Golf Complex funds as major funds, while the Solid Waste Fund is reported as a non-major fund. The internal service funds are reported in a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 142-149.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-45 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City maintains one custodial fund, as well as a pension fund instituted for firefighters who were employed by the City prior to March 1, 1970 and trust fund for certain other post-employment benefits. The pension and trust funds are combined into one column on the fiduciary fund statements.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 46-47 of this report and the combining pension and trust fund statements on pages 152-153.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 50-114 of this report.

Other information. This report also includes required supplementary information concerning the City's employer contributions, money-weighted rate of return, and changes in net pension asset/liability and related ratios for its Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund as well as certain required information for other pension plans. In addition, it provides information on the funding of the other post-employment benefits (including long-term care). This information can be found on pages 115-1267 of this report.

Combining statements for non-major governmental funds are also presented on pages 129-135 immediately following the other information mentioned above. Included with the combining statements are budgetary comparison schedules for the various non-major special revenue funds, which are found on pages 136-140. The combining statements for the pension and OPEB trust funds are found on pages 152-153 of this report. Individual statements for the self-insurance plans can be found on pages 168-160.

Additionally, budgetary comparison schedules for four funds separately budgeted but combined into the General Fund for financial reporting are included on pages 162-165 as well as supplementary schedules for governmental capital assets, additional information on changes in long-term liabilities, and additional information on transfers between funds on pages 168-178.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position of the City for December 31, 2021, compared to the prior year.

CITY'S NET POSITION As of December 31

(in thousands)

		rnmental tivities		ess-Type tivities	Total Primary Government		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Assets							
Current and other Assets	\$ 308,137	\$ 208,796	\$ 112,850	\$ 97,605	\$ 420,987	\$ 306,401	
Capital Assets	787,485	789,083	381,455	375,005	1,168,940	1,164,088	
Total Assets	1,095,622	997,879	494,305	472,610	1,589,927	1,470,489	
Deferred Outflows	44,464	48,618	1,078	1,180	45,542	49,798	
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	1,140,086	1,046,497	495,383	473,790	1,635,469	1,520,287	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities	37,201	30,958	3,872	7,213	41,074	38,171	
Long-term liabilities	110,980	118,974	36,764	39,038	147,743	158,012	
Total Liabilities	148,181	149,932	40,636	46,251	188,817	196,183	
Deferred Inflows	53,246	10,143	8,565	1,009	61,811	11,152	
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows	201,427	160,075	49,201	47,260	250,628	207,335	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	748,352	748,516	346,423	336,300	1,094,775	1,084,816	
Restricted	68,838	3,488	8,170	-	77,008	3,488	
Unrestricted	121,469	134,418	91,589	90,230	213,058	224,648	
Total Net Position	\$ 938,659	\$ 886,422	\$ 446,182	\$ 426,530	\$1,384,841	\$1,312,952	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2021, assets and deferred inflows exceeded liabilities and deferred outflows by \$1.38 billion.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (\$1.095 billion or 79.1 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, site improvements, and equipment) less

depreciation and any related outstanding debt used to acquire or construct those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, it is not the City's intention to sell these assets and they are therefore not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves are not intended to be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Of the City's net position, \$77.0 million (5.6 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$213.1 million (15.4 percent), may be used to meet the city's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The unrestricted net position of the City decreased \$11.6 million in fiscal year 2021.

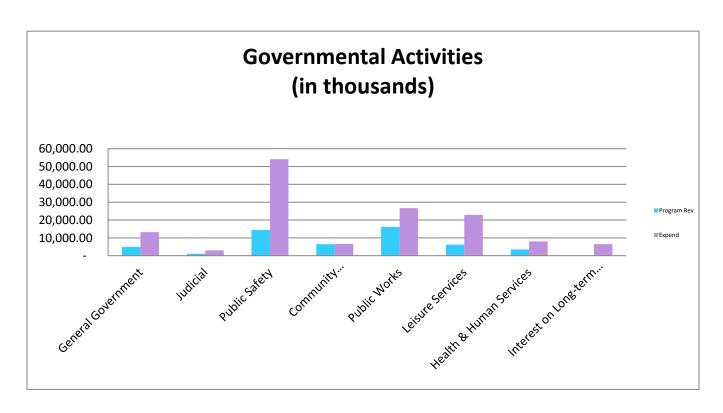
The following table and graphs show the changes in net position, a comparison of program costs and revenues, and composition of the City's revenues. Following the graphs is a discussion of the various revenue streams for the City.

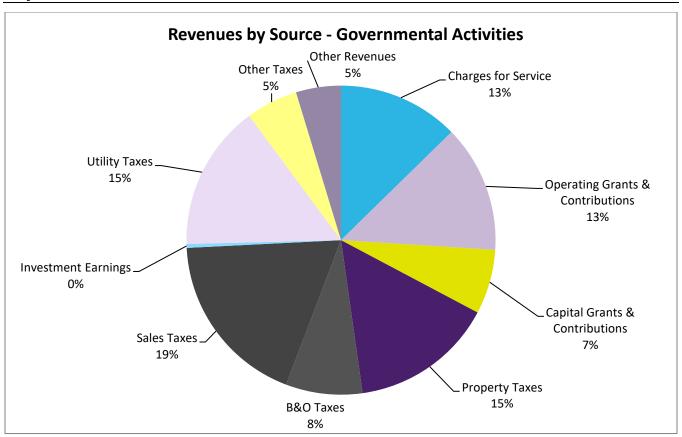
CITY OF KENT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended December 31

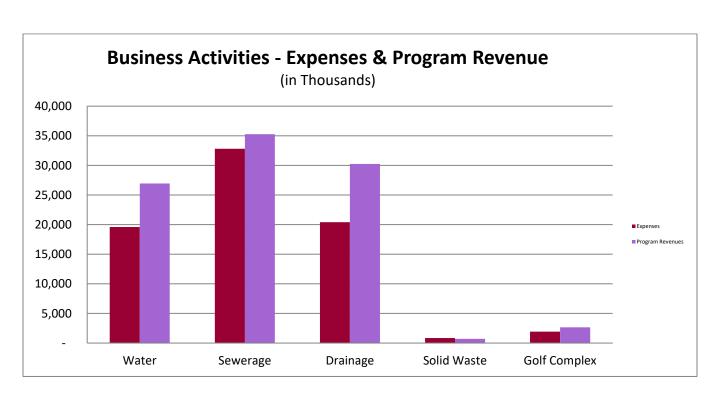
(in thousands)

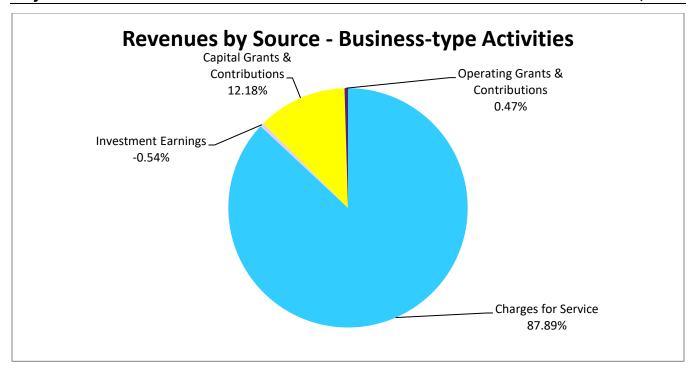
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government			
	2021		2020	2021		2020		2021		2020
Revenues:										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Service	\$ 25,104	\$	21,185	\$ 83,743	\$	80,545	\$	108,848	\$	101,730
Operating Grants	13,228		14,701	452		3,853		13,680		18,554
Capital Grants	14,363		24,986	11,604		9,504		25,967		34,490
General Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property Taxes	31,935		31,491	-		-		31,935		31,491
Sales Taxes	39,199		32,605	-		-		39,199		32,605
Utility Taxes	32,516		30,457	-		-		32,516		30,457
Business & Occupation Taxes	17,061		14,785	-		-		17,061		14,785
Other Taxes	11,530		7,195	-		-		11,530		7,195
Unrestricted Grants	7,412		3,703	-		-		7,412		3,703
Investment Earnings	(858)		4,020	(512)		2,113		(1,370)		6,133
Miscellaneous	1,544		1,136	<u> </u>		_		1,544		1,136
Total Revenues	 193,034		186,264	 95,287		96,015		288,321		282,279

		nmental ivities				Primary ernment	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Expenses:							
General Government	13,207	19,047		_	13,207	19,047	
Judicial	2,978	3,420		_	2,978	3,420	
Public Safety	54,063	51,508		_	54,063	51,508	
Community Development	6,689	7,097		_	6,689	7,097	
Public Works	26,616	25,170		_	26,616	25,170	
Leisure Services	22,863	19,711		_	22,863	19,711	
Health & Human Services	7,966	7,595		_	7,966	7,595	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	6,445	6,899		_	6,445	6,899	
Water Utility	· -	-	19,60	4 26,928	19,604	26,928	
Sewerage Utility	-	-	32,81	4 31,591	32,814	31,591	
Drainage Utility	-	-	20,40	21,712	20,409	21,712	
Solid Waste Utility	-	-	85	4 819	854	819	
Golf Complex	-	-	1,92	4 2,280	1,924	2,280	
Total Expenses	140,827	140,447	75,60	5 83,330	216,432	223,777	
Increase in Net Position before							
Transfers	52,207	45,817	19,68	2 12,685	71,889	58,502	
Transfers	30	105	(3)	(105)		-	
Change in Net Position	52,237	45,922	19,65	2 12,580	71,889	58,502	
Net Position – January 1	886,422	842,744	426,53	413,950	1,312,952	1,256,694	
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(2,244)			_	(2,244)	
Net Position – January 1 – Restated	886,422	840,500	426,53	413,950	1,312,952	1,254,450	
Net Position – December 31	\$ 938.659	\$ 886,422	\$ 446.18	2 \$ 426.530	\$1.384.841	\$1.312.952	









Governmental activities. Governmental activities net position increased \$71.89 million (5.5 percent) in fiscal year 2021. Some key revenue and expenditure highlights of governmental activities for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

• Taxes – Property Taxes (\$31.9 million) increased by \$0.4 million, or 1.4 percent compared to 2020. Sales & Use Taxes (\$39.2 million) increased by \$6.6 million or 20.2 percent. Utility Taxes (\$32.5 million) increased by \$2.1 million or 6.8 percent. Business & Occupation Taxes (\$17.1 million) increased by \$2.3 million or 15.4 percent. Other Taxes (\$11.5 million) increased by \$4.3 million or 60.3 percent. These increases are reflective of an infusion of cash due to the Recovery Act as well as increased consumer spending. Consumer spending, particularly in online shopping where goods are shipped to homes, has increased the City's sales taxes due to the revenues belonging to the destination City.

Property tax revenues are dependent on both the assessed valuation of property (provided by the King County Assessor) and the tax rate. Assessed valuation of properties has continued to increase (up 6.2% in 2021). While state law limits the maximum growth in property taxes on existing property to the lessor of one percent or the percentage increase in the Implicit Price Deflator, the law also allows governments to "bank" property taxes not levied. The City had no banked property taxes in 2021. The increase in assessed value in 2021 is offset by a decrease in the City's property tax rate from \$1.378 in 2020 to \$1.323 in 2021.

Investment earnings – The net investment earnings of the City decreased by \$4.9 million as a
result of declining interest rates coupled with the fair market value (FMV) adjustment of the
investment portfolio. The fair market value adjustment of investments is not a realized loss but
instead reflects the value of the portfolio as of December 31, 2021, should the portfolio be
dissolved.

- Charges for Service program revenues (\$25.1 million) increased by \$3.9 million or 18.5 percent.
 - Public Safety increased by \$2.3 million or 33.5 percent. Fines and forfeitures increased by \$1.1 million or 33.7 percent as schools went back to in person learning resulting in increases in school zone and red-light camera fines of nearly \$1.0 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. Increases of \$0.76 million or 58.2 percent in fire plan review fees as the economy is seeing continued growth.
 - Public Works decreased \$1.5 million (48.0 percent) primarily related transportation impact fees. In 2020, \$1.7 million in transportation impact fees were reported as charges for services and should have been classified as capital contributions. This was offset by an increase of \$0.13 million in plan check fees.
 - Leisure Services increased by \$1.8 million (427.2 percent) reflecting a \$1.6 million adjustment for the contribution of the Shuttered Venues Operators Grant to the operating fund. In addition, in 2021, restrictions due to COVID-19 began to lift resulting in overall increases in rental income particularly for use of Parks fields.
 - Health and Human Services decreased by \$0.09 million or 43.2 percent.
- Grants and Contributions —operating grants and contributions decreased \$1.4 million (10.0 percent) and capital grants decreased by \$10.6 million (42.5 percent). The decrease in operating grants is due primarily to the City receiving nearly \$15.5 million in State Grants compared to the 2020 receipt of CARES grant funds (\$5.8 million) allocated to local municipalities in response to the economic impacts of COVID-19.
- Governmental Activities expenses increased \$0.4 million (0.3 percent) in 2021. Increases were recognized in Public Safety of \$2.6 million or 5 percent, Public Works of \$1.5 million or 5.7 percent, Leisure Services of \$3.2 million or 16 percent, and Health and Human Services of \$0.4 million or 4.9 percent. Decreases compared to 2020 were recognized in General Government of \$5.8 million or 30.7 percent, Judicial of \$0.4 million or 12.9 percent, and Community Development of \$0.4 million or 5.7 percent. Interest on long-term debt also decreased by \$0.5 million or 6.6 percent as outstanding debt continues to decline.
 - o General Government expenses (\$13.2 million) decreased by \$5.8 million, or 30.7 percent as compared to 2020. A decrease in general government services of \$2.3 million is due primarily to the CARES grant the City received and expended in 2020. In total, the City expended \$3.5 million of the \$5.8 million CARES grant for general government services. In addition, the Technology Capital Projects Fund expended \$1.4 million more in 2020 compared to 2021 primarily due to a significant project implementation of a new Human Resources Capital Management and Payroll System. In 2021, the City realized a significant reduction in net pension liability and an increase in net pension asset. This resulted in a General Government expenses decrease of \$1.3 million.
 - Judicial expenses (\$3 million) decreased \$0.4 million due primarily to a decrease in net pension liability and an increase in net pension asset resulting in a reduced Judicial expense of \$0.4 million.
 - Public Safety expenses (\$54.1 million) increased by \$2.6 million. The majority of this
 increase relates to a change in cost allocation which was effective mid-2020. While
 expenses of \$4.0 million were charged out to the Panther Lake annexation account in

2020 it was no longer needed in 2021. In addition, we saw an increase of \$0.8 million in salaries and benefits due to wage adjustments which was offset by reduced expenses related to many internal services cost allocations and a reduction in fire impact fee expenses of \$0.4 million and an increase cost related to depreciation and maintenance as the Police Department is moving to a car per officer program. Overall, there was a reduction to the liabilities related to other post-employment benefits and net pension liabilities while recognizing an increase in net pension assets. As a result, the related expenses declined by \$0.3 million compared to 2020.

- Community Development expenses (\$6.7 million) decreased by \$0.4 million. A reduction of \$0.9 million in expenses related to a decrease in net pension liability and the recognition of a net pension asset offset by an increase in expenses as the allocation of expenses to the Panther Lake annexation was discontinued in 2020 resulting in increased expenses of nearly \$0.5 million.
- Public Works expenses (\$26.6 million) increased \$1.4 million. An increase of \$1.3 million relates to the King County Regional Mobility Grant expenses and \$1.7 increase in street maintenance and overlays. A net reduction of 2.3 million in expenses related to a decrease in net pension liability and the recognition of a net pension asset.
- Leisure Services expenses (\$22.9 million) increased \$3.2 million. In 2020, due to the pandemic, several employees supporting recreation programs were furloughed as part of a budget reduction. Those furloughs were discontinued in 2021 resulting in increases to salaries and benefits. In addition, the Events Center recognized increased expenditures due to the same easing of restrictions. Expenditures increased by \$1.6 million as the result of funding available for the Shuttered Venues Operators Grant. An increase of \$1.0 million was the result an allocation of expenses to the Panther Lake annexation was discontinued in 2020. In addition, the Parks Department began work on their Open Space Plan Update resulting in an increase in expenditures of \$0.5 million.
- O Health and Human Services expenses (\$8.0 million) increased \$0.4 million. During the 4th quarter of 2019, the City began receiving funding from the King County Senior Services Levy. During 2021, the City expended about \$0.29 million more than 2020 primarily in salaries and benefits. In 2020, the City also began receiving housing sales tax (related to house bills 1406 and 1590). In 2021, the City expended \$0.2 million of those sales tax dollars for the first time.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities net position increased \$19.7 million (4.6 percent) in fiscal year 2021. Key highlights of the change in net position are as follows:

• Charges for Service (Operating Revenues) (\$83.7 million) increased by \$3.2 million or 4 percent. The Water Utility rates were restructured for 2017, a new dedicated fire line charge was added, and an annual cost of living increase was added to the water, sewer and storm drainage utility rates based on the regional consumer price index (CPI). The increases are capped at the lower of the CPI or 2.4 percent until January 1, 2023, after which the cap expires, and the CPI applies. For 2021, the increase was 1 percent based on the regional CPI. Water Utility charges for service increased \$0.9 million, or 3.7 percent. Charges for service in the Sewer Utility increased by \$1.6 million due to the fee increases. The Drainage Utility charges for service increased \$0.2 million with the rate increase and continuing review of the drainage calculations for customers (based on

impervious surface calculations). The charges for service in the Solid Waste Utility remained substantially unchanged. The Golf Complex charges for service increased \$0.4 million in 2021 as, after the stiffest restrictions were lifted, golf became a popular activity during the pandemic.

- Operating Grants/Contributions (\$.5 million) decreased by \$3.4 million due primarily to the receipt
 of the second payment for the sale of par 3 land at the golf complex was received in 2020 (the
 first was in 2018). 2021 was more in line with typical activity.
- Capital Grants/Contributions (\$11.6 million) increased \$2.1 million (22.1 percent). The Water Fund increased \$1.0 million with increased system development fees, connection fees and capital contributions. The Drainage Utility increased \$1.2 million with higher developer contributed assets and higher connection charges, offset by lower grants from the State and King County for drainage infrastructure projects.
- Expenses Water Utility expenses (operating and non-operating) (\$19.6 million) decreased \$7.3 million (27.2 percent), Sewerage Utility expenses (\$32.8 million) increased \$1.2 million (3.9 percent), the Drainage Utility expenses (\$20.4 million) decreased \$1.3 million (6.0 percent) and the Golf Complex expenses (\$1.9 million) decreased \$0.4 million (15.6 percent). The Solid Waste Utility remained substantially unchanged. Refer to the analysis of the Proprietary Funds for further detail on the changes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS:

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing the government's near-term financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$162.4 million, an increase of \$27.8 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year balances. Of this amount, the unassigned fund balance is \$35.7 million, down \$2.7 million from the previous year. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$0.38 million), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$32.0 million), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$62.1 million), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$32.1 million).

The *General Fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$53.6 million, representing a \$6.4 million or 13.4 percent increase from 2020. During 2011, the City implemented GASB 54. As a result, for reporting purposes, the General Fund is now comprised of the General Fund along with three funds once considered Special Revenue Funds of the City (Public Safety Retiree Fund, Operating Grants and Projects Fund, and the Kent Events Center Fund). In 2019, the City implemented GASB 84. As a result, the school and fire impact fees previously reported as fiduciary funds are now included in the General Fund. For budgetary purposes, these funds are still separate from the General Fund. Factors affecting the General Fund's ending fund balance include:

- Total General Fund revenues increased by \$3.3 million (2.8 percent) from the previous year, in large part due to the receipt of growth in tax revenue. The major changes are discussed below.
- Property taxes of \$32.1 million were up \$0.7 million from the previous year due to increased assessed value and new construction offset. An increase in assessed value in 2021 of 6.1 percent is offset by a decrease in the City's property tax rate from \$1.378 in 2020 to \$1.323 in 2021.
- Sales and use taxes (\$24.8 million) increased by \$1.2 million (5.1 percent) due primarily to the
 increase in taxable activity. During the pandemic, additional funding has been available including
 increased unemployment wages, child tax credits and other stimulus dollars providing additional
 dollars to be used for taxable events resulting in growing sales tax revenues including those from
 online sales since the adoption of the Marketplace Fairness Act.
- Utility taxes (\$20.3 million) increased \$1.3 million (6.8 percent) from the previous year. This is primarily the result of an increase in cable utility taxes of \$1.55 million. The vast majority of the cable utility taxes had been received directly into an Internal Service Fund through 2020 and are now being receipted into the General Fund in 2021.

Within the General Fund, the increase in cable utility taxes is offset by a reduction in other utility taxes as a result of a change in how the tax is receipted. Historically, a portion of the utility taxes were receipted into the General Fund and then transferred out to the Capital Resources Fund. Beginning in 2021, that portion of the tax will be receipted directly into the Capital Resources Fund reducing both the utility tax revenue and transfers out reported in the General Fund. Citywide, utility taxes have increased by nearly \$2.1 million in 2021 compared to 2020. There were no tax rate changes in 2021.

- Business & occupation taxes (\$17.1 million) increased \$2.3 million (15.4 percent) primarily due to an increase in taxable activity and an increase in gross receipts rates as of January 1, 2021.
- Other taxes (\$0.6 million) have increased by \$0.2 million (46.7 percent). Tight restrictions that had been in place due to the pandemic and started to soften in 2021 resulting in increases in admissions and gambling tax.
- Charges for services increased by \$1.1 million (13.6 percent). Offset by a moderate decrease in
 parks and recreation fees due to the impact of COVID-19, the majority of the increase is a
 reflection of revenue increases in planning and development fees particularly in the area of plan
 check fees, environmental review and other planning services.
- Intergovernmental revenues decreased \$4.4 million. In 2020, the City received \$5.8 million in CARES one-time funding, not received in 2021
- Miscellaneous revenues increased by \$0.9 million (33.4 percent) in 2021 compared to 2020. Due
 to declines in interest rates and the significant adjustment to fair market value of investments
 interest income (net of FMV adjustment) decreased by \$1.3 million or 131.8 percent.
 Contributions (\$2.6 million) recognized an increase of \$1.7 million (171.3 percent) primarily due
 to SVOG contributions to the Kent Events Center Operating Fund.

General Fund expenditures \$96.1 million increased \$2.4 million (2.6 percent) from the previous year with increases in public safety (\$1.6 million), community development (\$0.5 million) and leisure services (\$3.5 million). General government, judicial, public works and health and human services had decreases of \$2.3 million, \$0.02 million, \$0.6 million, and \$.01 million, respectively. The details below will provide more information to the root cause of the variance.

- The decrease in general government services (\$2.3 million or 20.1 percent) is due primarily to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES) grant the City received and expended in 2020. The City expended \$3.5 million of that \$5.8 million grant for general government services.
- The increase in leisure services (\$3.5 million or 27.6 percent) is primarily due to a expending \$1.6 million in the Shuttered Venues Operators Grant (SVOG). It also reflects a decrease in internal allocations for parks and recreation resulting in an increase in expenditures of \$0.9 million. An increase in salaries and benefits was recognized due a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) and additional staff hours. In 2020, furloughs were temporary put in place for recreation due to the COVID shutdowns, resulting in lower than usual payroll expenditures in 2020.
- Community development expenditures increased by \$0.5 million due to decreased internal allocations and professional services (\$0.6 million) offset by an increase in salaries and benefits (\$0.1 million) because of the COLA.
- The decrease in human services expenditures of \$0.1 million is primarily due to reductions in school impact fees collections and services expenditures (\$0.04 million and \$0.1 million, respectively) offset by an increase in supplies expense of \$0.05 million.
- Public works decreased by \$0.6 million due an internal allocation that was discontinued in 2021.
- Public safety increased by \$1.6 million due primarily to increases in salaries (\$0.9 million) because of wage adjustments and increases in some internal allocations including a new allocation for digital subscription costs (\$0.2 million), a change in accounting for workers compensation (\$0.6 million) as it moved from a benefit to a service cost, increase to liability insurance (\$0.3 million) as a result of industry and organization experience, and increase in allocations to the Equipment Rental Fund (\$0.3 million) as the department moves to a car per officer program. These increases are offset by a reduction in fire impact fees of \$0.4 million.

Other major funds are the *Capital Resources Fund*, the *Special Assessments Fund*, and the *Street Capital Projects Fund*. Analysis of changes in net position from 2020 levels:

Capital Resources Fund. Fund balance increased by \$10.3 million. Revenues increased by \$9.8 million (62.0 percent). Sales taxes increased by \$0.8 million as we have seen a steady increase in sales tax since the onset of the pandemic. Utility taxes increased by \$1.7 million compared to 2020 as a portion of the utilities taxes that were once received into the General Fund and transferred out to the Capital Resources Fund are now being received directly into the Capital Resources Fund. Real estate excise taxes (REET) also increased by \$4.1 million. Because of

its potential volatility, the City conservatively budgets REET, and makes budget overages available for capital projects in the following budget.

Effective July 2020, the legislature discontinued the distribution of streamlined sales tax. However, in 2021 the legislature restored this funding and backdated its effective date to July 2020. In June 2021, the City received \$3.6 million of streamlined sales tax for the period of July 2020 through June 2021. Beginning in September 2021, the City received quarterly distributions of \$0.9 million. This quarterly distribution will decline by 20% each year with each September distribution and will sunset in 2026.

This fund is responsible for transfers to the Debt Service Fund for general obligation debt service payment, which account for \$4.5 million of the \$17.6 million in 2021 transfers out. The balance of this fund is generally used to fund various capital projects.

- Special Assessments Fund. Fund balance increased by \$0.18 million compared to 2020.
 Revenue in the fund is primarily collected from property owners for special assessments related to their property and that money is used for payment of debt service related to those assessments as well as transfers to capital projects being funded by the LIDs. In 2021, revenues increased by \$0.3 million collection efforts for past-due properties prompted payments. Transfers out to capital projects decreased by \$0.5 million because in 2020 a larger amount was transferred reflecting previously collected revenues were transferred to capital projects.
- Street Capital Projects Fund. Fund balance increased \$0.3 million to \$20.95 million. Revenues decreased by \$13.4 million primarily due to several large grants received in 2020 for capital projects. With fewer grant dollars available to fund projects, expenditures also decreased by \$9.6 million primarily related to capital outlay. Interest income also saw a decrease of \$0.6 million due to the fair market value of investments adjustment and the lower interest rates on investments. Transfers into the Street Capital Projects Fund were nearly \$7.1 million lower in 2021 than 2020. Transfers of B&O Tax revenues into the fund were lower by \$1 million as compared to 2020. In 2020, transportation impact fees of \$4.1 million were transferred into the Street Capital Projects Fund for the 228th Street Grade Separation project and the 224th/228th project from 94th to 104th. In 2020, the Street Capital Projects Fund also received \$0.7 million primarily to fund the Meet Me on Meeker project and the 4th and Willis Roundabout.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's enterprise utility funds continued to provide sufficient working capital to service their debt and fund capital outlays. Of the enterprise funds \$446.2 million net position, \$346.4 million is net investment in capital assets and \$91.6 million is unrestricted. Analysis of changes in net position from prior fiscal year levels:

• Water Fund. Net position increased by \$7.0 million or 4.6 percent over the 2020 net position. This increase was due to net operating income of \$5.7 million, less non-operating expenses net of revenues of \$1.3 million, and capital contributions of \$2.6 million. Operating revenues increased \$0.9 million (3.7 percent) due to a 1.0 percent rate increase, new customers, and as businesses opened back up as restrictions began to lift. Operating expenses decreased by \$7.2 million compared to 2020. Salaries and benefits decreased by \$1.3 million primarily as a result of the recognition of a net pension asset (\$1.9 million) and net pension liability (\$0.2 million) in 2021 compared to a net pension liability (\$0.9 million) and was offset by a 1.0 percent COLA. Services and charges expenses decreased by \$6.1 million primarily due to the number of non-

capital projects in 2020 that were expensed instead of capitalized. Capital contributions decreased by nearly \$1.0 million.

- Sewerage Fund. Fiscal year 2021 net position increased by \$2.1 million or 2.9 percent over the 2020 net position. Operating revenues increased \$1.6 million, while operating expenses increased by \$1.2 million compared to 2020. The City's rate for sewer fees increased 1.0 percent in 2021 while the pass-through rate for King County METRO increased by 4.5 percent. Salary and benefits decreased \$0.2 million in 2021 primarily reflective of the reduction in net pension liability of \$0.26 million and recognition of a net pension asset of \$0.9 million. Services and charges expenses increased \$1.4 million with increased METRO charges being the primary factor in this increase.
- Drainage Fund. Fiscal year 2021 net position increased by \$9.5 million or 5.0 percent over the 2020 net position. While operating revenues increased \$0.2 million (1.1 percent) primarily related to the 1.0 percent increase in rates, operating expenses decreased by \$1.2 million (5.8 percent). Salaries and benefits decreased by \$1.1 million primarily reflecting the reduced net pension liabilities and the recognition of a net pension asset. This was offset by a 1.0 percent COLA. Capital contributions in the Drainage Fund increased \$1.2 million with higher developer donated capital contributions and in-lieu charges.
- Solid Waste Fund. The Solid Waste Fund is a non-major fund, but since it is the only non-major proprietary fund and is presented in the basic financial statements. In 2022, net position increased by \$2,079. Charges for services had a modest increase of 1.5 percent. Salaries and Benefits were reduced primarily related to the reduction in net pension liabilities and the recognition of a net pension asset. Services in charges increased by \$0.5 million primarily related to a new one-time program related to a garbage clean up program.
- Golf Complex. Net position increased by \$1.0 million in 2021. In 2018, the Par 3 course at the complex was closed and the land was sold to a developer. The negotiated sale price of the land was \$10.5 million to close in two phases. The City received the final payment of \$3.4 million in 2020 for Phase II of the sale. The Golf Complex did not receive any funds related to the sale of property in 2021. In 2021, the operating revenue increased by \$0.4 million (20.9 percent) compared to 2020. In 2020, due to COVID and the driving range renovation closures, the Golf Complex revenue was lower than usual. Operating expenses decreased by \$0.3 million (15.1 percent). A large part of the decrease in operating expenses relates to the reduction of net pension liabilities and the recognition of a net pension asset. The Golf Complex also received transfers in of nearly \$0.5 million in 2021 compared to \$0.08 million in 2020. Of the increase, \$0.27 million relates to transfers for the driving range renovation project and \$0.1 million related to a subsidy from the General Fund.

Additional information on the City's Enterprise funds can be found in Note 11 on page 82 of this report.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS:

The General Fund's expenditure budget, including transfers out, (see Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual on page 34) was increased by \$8.4 million from the original budget.

- At the end of 2021, the City increased the Police salaries and benefits budgets due to the
 establishment of new 12-hour and 10.5-hour overtime exempt shifts and a compensation increase
 that accounts for the additional hours of work, a market adjustment and a cost-of-living
 adjustment.
- Budget increase in the Management Operating Projects fund of \$13,291,160 for the first payment of ARPA Grant funding received in 2021. The second and final payment will occur in 2022.
- City Art Program Fund was increased \$50,000 for additional funding in the Public Arts Program.
- General Government budget was increased by \$22,820 in ARPA funds for the Grant Analyst position.
- The General Government budget was increased by \$18,000 for the Filelocal Interlocal agreement.
- General Government budget increased \$49,670 for the AWC Grant for SEEK (Summer Experience and Enrichment for Kids).
- An increase of \$103,820 in the General Government budget was made to true up various Parks programs to reflect YTD receipts and spending.
- The Health and Human Services budgets were increased by \$12,000 to cover the costs of Public Defender services.
- Remove transfer out of Affordable Housing Sales Tax revenues to move the recognition of sales tax revenues for affordable housing related to House Bill 1590 and associated expenditures from the General Fund to the Human Services Fund.
- Establish transfer to the Streets Unallocated B&O project of \$881,260 to true up Public Works unallocated B&O revenues.
- Establish a budget of \$3,050,440 for the Shuttered Venue Operators Grant for COVID-19 emergency assistance at the accesso ShoWare Center and a supplemental award in the amount of \$1,525,220 was received at the of the year.
- A budget increase of \$500,000 for the accesso ShoWare scoreboard.
- Budgets in the amount of \$3,685,960 were established for Fire Impact Fees (\$2.0m) and School Impact Fees (\$1.6m). Historically, the City has not budgeted these types of funds, but due to changes in accounting rules, established budgets are now required.
- Decrease of \$144,930 to adjust City-wide estimated workers compensation and increase of \$16,650 to adjust liability insurance.
- Transfers out from the General Fund to the Parks Capital and Street Capital Projects were increased by \$87,300 due to residual B&O tax revenue.

- \$4,400,000 transfer of General Fund reserves to the Liability Insurance Fund to cover a shortfall due to rising costs of liability insurance, claims experience and required fund reserves.
- A transfer of \$1,783,180 was set up to move Cable Utility Tax revenues, now being receipted in the General Fund, to the IT Internal Services Fund.
- Transfer from the General Fund to the teleconferencing hardware project in the Technology Fund in the amount of \$75,000.
- Transfer in the amount of \$50,000 were moved to the Other Capital Projects Fund for the ANEW Pre-Apprenticeship project.

CITY OF KENT'S GENERAL FUND BUDGET ACTIVITY BY FUNCTION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Supplemental Appropriations	Final Budget
General Government	\$ 9,512,200	\$ 165,700	\$ 9,677,900
Judicial	3,777,650	15,770	3,793,420
Public Safety	49,289,880	649,810	49,939,690
Community Development	8,241,230	68,320	8,309,550
Leisure Services	13,149,610	137,880	13,287,490
Health & Human Services	6,106,520	237,740	6,344,260
	\$ 90,077,090	\$ 1,275,220	\$ 91,352,310

Significant budgetary variances between budget and actual for the General Fund are as follows:

- Taxes. Actual tax collections were \$6.7 million over budget. Sales and use taxes exceeded budget by \$5.7 million or 29.8 percent. The increased collections are largely the result of an infusion of cash due to the Recovery Act as well as increased consumer spending. Consumer spending, particularly in online shopping where goods are shipped to homes, has increased the City's sales taxes due to the revenues belonging to the destination City. Property taxes also exceeded budget by \$0.4 million as well as B&O taxes \$0.06 million and utility taxes \$0.9 million and were offset by other taxes (\$0.3 million).
- Licenses and permits. Licenses and permits were \$0.4 million or 5.7 percent over budget. The
 City's licenses came in over budget in the areas of franchise fees and protection type permits.
 Most of the building permits types were under budget while street use permits exceeded budget
 by 13 percent. The majority of this increase is due to the City entering into a new franchise
 agreement.
- Charges for services. Charges for services were \$.8 million or 12.7 percent below budget largely in culture and recreation fees (\$1.2 million) and public safety fees (\$0.2 million). Planning related fees \$0.3 million and environmental fees \$0.3 million were above budget.
- Fines and forfeitures. Fines and forfeitures were \$0.3 million below budget due to the impact of Covid-19, Parks programs were not back to full capacity as a result of the pandemic's restraints.

Declines in tickets issued are a result of Police reform as well as changes in protocols implemented due to the pandemic.

- Functional Expenditures. Overall, salaries and benefits ended the year under budget by \$1.6 million despite increases in police overtime. Although medical insurance and pension costs were up from the previous year, the increases were lower than budgeted. This decrease is also due to cost savings realized through the number of vacant positions as well as programs which are not fully up and running. Departments continue to closely monitor supplies expenditures to maintain savings wherever possible, so the general fund functions, except Judicial and Leisure Services, had budget savings in fiscal year 2021. General fund functions also had savings in services expenditures, except for General Government.
 - General Government Expenditures The general government expenditures were \$382,201 or 4.0 percent under budget primarily in salary and benefits savings in various departments, as departments have had unfilled positions through the year.
 - Community Development Expenditures Saved \$839,829 (10.1 percent), primarily in supplies and professional services but also some savings in benefits.
 - Leisure Services Expenditures Were \$980,450 (7.4 percent) below budget with significant savings in salaries and benefits with many programs on hold with Covid-19 restrictions. Savings in services were offset by overages in commodities.
 - Health and Human Services Expenditures Had budget savings of \$1,172,908 (18.5 percent) including salary and benefit savings as well as various other savings throughout the programs with some programs on hold due to Covid-19 restrictions.
 - Public Safety Expenditures Were \$923,716 (1.85 percent) below budget due primarily to savings in supplies and services. Overages in overtime were mostly offset by savings in medical insurance and other benefits.
 - Judicial Expenditures Saved \$407,413 (10.74 percent) primarily in salaries, benefits, and services, with a small overage in supplies.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION:

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2021, were \$1.17 billion (net of accumulated depreciation), comprising 73.5 percent of the primary government's total assets at year-end. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, site improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress as of that date.

Capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

• Infrastructure. During 2021, infrastructure increased \$67.5 million with \$80.8 million in additions offset by \$13.3 million in 2021 depreciation. \$79 million in streets projects were closed and

capitalized in 2021. In addition, the City received developer contributed streets with a value of \$1.8 million in 2021.

- Land. Land assets were increased by \$.9 million in 2021 with the purchase of land for parks projects.
- *Buildings*. Net buildings decreased \$2.2 million in 2021 with the capitalization of a Corrections Building project less \$3.3 million in 2021 depreciation.
- Site Improvements. Net site improvements increased \$0.9 million with \$3.9 million in additions of Parks projects offset by \$3 million in depreciation.
- Equipment. Net equipment decreased \$0.3 million in 2021. This was due to additions, net of deletions, of \$2.4 million offset by 2021 depreciation of \$2.7 million. The additions include fleet vehicle additions of \$2.6 million, offset by disposals of \$0.9 million.
- Construction in Progress. Construction in progress (\$6.9 million) decreased \$68.4 million from 2020. While 2021 spending on projects was \$103.7 million, \$85.2 million of completed projects were recorded as land, building, site improvements or infrastructure, while \$10.1 million were determined to be non-capital in nature and were expensed.

Business Type Activities:

- Construction in Progress. Compared to 2020, construction in progress decreased \$16.4 million in 2021 as the City constructed and capitalized or expensed projects. While 2021 spending on projects was \$48.3 million, \$32.4 million in projects were completed and capitalized from CIP into other capital asset categories, and \$3.7 million were determined to be non-capital in nature and were expensed.
 - Some projects that were completed and capitalized in 2021 are:
 - \$8.1 million South Pump Station (buildings)
 - \$5.4 million 228th Street Grade Separations (site improvements)
 - \$4.4 million 224th 228th (site improvements)
 - \$1.5 million Rock Creek Mitigation (site improvements)
 - \$1.3 million Clark Springs Generator (site improvements)
 - \$1.0 million 2021 Watermain replacements (site improvements)
- Land. Land assets slightly increased with the purchase of approximately \$20,000 by the Water fund.
- Buildings. Buildings increased \$5.9 million in 2021 with the capitalization of Drainage and Golf projects, less 2021 depreciation.
- Site Improvements. Additions to site improvements for 2021 were \$27 million, less depreciation of \$11 million resulting in a net increase of \$16 million. The primary additions to site improvements were the result of completed projects in Drainage, Golf, and Water improvements.

City of Kent

Equipment. Net equipment increased by \$1.1 million in 2021. This was due to additions of \$1.5 million less depreciation of \$0.4 million. The additions to equipment include the capitalization of a water project Generator at Clark Springs (\$1.3 million).

CITY OF KENT'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) As of December 31

(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities				ess-Type tivities	Total Primary Government			
	2021	2020		2021	2020	2021	2020		
Land	\$ 231,843	\$ 230,916	\$	22,461	\$ 22,440	\$ 254,304	\$ 253,356		
Buildings	81,361	83,548		9,985	4,170	91,346	87,718		
Site Improvements	43,061	42,216		321,474	305,496	364,535	347,712		
Equipment	19,852	20,124		4,345	3,260	24,197	23,384		
Infrastructure	404,439	336,938		-	-	404,439	336,938		
Construction in Progress	6,929	75,341		23,190	39,639	30,119	114,980		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 787,485	\$ 789,084	\$	381,455	\$ 375,005	\$ 1,168,940	\$ 1,164,088		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 74-75 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$73.8 million. Of this amount, \$62.8 million or 85 percent comprises general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's bonded debt (\$11 million) represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

CITY OF KENT'S OUTSTANDING BONDED DEBT* As of December 31

(in thousands)

(III tilousalius)											
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2021	2020		2021		2020		2021	2020		
G.O. Bonds	\$ 62,815	\$ 67,292	\$	-	\$	343	\$	62,815	\$ 67,635		
Revenue Bonds	-	-		11,010		12,120		11,010	12,120		
Total Bonded Debt	\$ 62,815	\$ 67,292	\$	11,010	\$	12,463	\$	73,825	\$ 79,755		

^{*} Gross debt - does not include discounts or premiums

The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$5.9 million or 7.4 percent during the current fiscal year. No new bonded debt was issued in 2021. All required debt service payments were made during 2021.

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At December 31, 2021, the City carried an "AA+" rating from Standard and Poor's and an "Aa3" rating from Moody's on the general obligation debt and a rating of AA by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services on the revenue bonds.

The State of Washington limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue with and without a vote. The City's remaining unused debt capacity at year-end was \$1.769 million.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 76-81 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGETARY IMPACTS:

The City uses a biennial budget process, adopting two one-year budgets where the expenditure authority lapses at the end of each fiscal year (December 31). The City includes a mid-biennium adjustment process for the between years of the biennium. The mid-biennium adjustment allows an opportunity for the City to adjust revenue projections and planned operating and capital expenditures.

Within the adopted \$688.5 million 2021-2022 biennial budget, \$217.9 million is allocated to the General Fund. As the budget was compiled, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, there were many unknowns regarding the timing of when things would be "getting back to normal". Couple that with the fact that the COVID-19 crisis came on the heels of a City-faced fiscal cliff. The City initially managed the fiscal cliff in the 2019-2020 budget. Although the City was able to mitigate those impacts, it delayed the ability to address the ongoing structural imbalance that the City faces each year as expenses increase annually by roughly 2.2% and City revenues increase by roughly 1.1%.

The revenue shortfalls from COVID-19 only exacerbated the structural deficit the City would face with the 2021-2022 budget. Therefore, the City looked for long-term solutions that would address the immediate budget crisis but also fill in the future deficit. By doing so, we were able to eliminate our need to make additional reductions during this budget process and made it possible to adopt a balanced 2021-2022 budget.

The City had strategically established a policy surrounding fund balance for the General Fund, setting aside funds for the purpose of a rainy-day account or an emergency. Not only had the policy been established but the fund balance was purposefully grown beyond the minimum 18% of General Fund expenditures requirement to provide capacity to address our ongoing structural imbalance. The City ended 2021 with 43.99% or \$47.7 million in reserves.

The City did not budget for receipt of any SST mitigation within the original adopted 2021-22 budget as that funding was vetoed through the 2020 legislative process. However, in 2021 the revenue stream was once again approved and in June 2021, the City received \$3.6 million in SST revenue retroactively back to July 2020. And beginning in September 2021, the City will receive quarterly payments of \$0.9 million. Each year that amount will be reduced by 20%. This revenue had not initially been included in the 2021-2022 budgeted. In addition, the City was awarded nearly \$28.2 million in the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding. In June 2021, the City received half of that distribution of \$14.1 million with the other have distributed in June 2022. Real Estate Excise Tax (REET) has continued to come in higher than

seen in history. Because of this, the City has ample one-time dollars to focus on the capital and one-time needs of the organization.

During 2021, due to the strong construction economy and increased overall spending, sales tax collections continue to be received in excess of budget. However, it remains an area that is closely monitored as each month's collections are received and any excess revenues are allocated to one-time purposes. Development and construction activities within the City remain robust and are expected to continue into 2022, generating strong building permit and plan check fees revenues.

All positions, whether filled or vacant, are budgeted for the full year. Vacant positions are conservatively budgeted, assuming the family plan selection for medical insurance benefits. The 2021 adopted budget included wage increases of 1.0 percent for AFSCME, Teamsters, KPOA, and non-represented employees were effective in January 2021. Cost of living increases for the various unions are tied, in part, to the Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). Under the AFSCME contract, 2022 increases are based on 100 percent of CPI-W with a one percent minimum and four percent maximum rate. Under the Teamsters contract, increases 2022 increases are based on 100 percent of CPI-W with 2.5 percent minimum and 3.5 percent maximum. Negotiations for the AFSCME and Teamsters contracts begin in 2022 with a January 1, 2023 effective date. The KPOA Sergeants and Officers contract, as well as the contract for the Commanders and Assistant Chiefs, were being negotiated during 2021 with an effective date of January 1, 2022. Early negotiations and changes in Police shifts, resulted in a rate increase of 16 percent effective October 1, 2021. That increase was reflective of the 2021 CPI-W of 6.3%, a 5% market adjustment and 4.7% increase for the addition hours each officer will work per year.

As we begin looking to the future, inflation and its impacts have been in the forefront of our minds. We have seen CPI-W for June 2021 at 6.3% and June 2022 at 9.5% which will have a direct impact on the 2022 and 2023 budget, respectively. We haven't seen numbers this high in 40 years. This will have a significant impact on the expenditure side of the budget as labor contracts are tied, at least in part, to CPI-W. Since AFSCME and Teamsters contracts are still under negotiation, we will not know the true impact to 2023 and beyond. In addition, we are also seeing the cost of doing business and the cost of projects rise greatly. Knowing inflation is going to have a significant impact on the budget, the City's intent is to maintain a status quo budget for the upcoming 2023-2024 biennium.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report may be addressed to:

City of Kent, Finance Department 220 Fourth Avenue South Kent, WA 98032-5895 www.kentwa.gov

CITY OF KENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

							_	Component Unit
			Dr	imary Governme	nŧ		_	Special Events
	-	Governmental	FI	Business-Type	ΠL		-	Center
		Activities		Activities		Total		PFD
ASSETS	•	00 004 404	•	00 000 070	•	00 000 404	•	44.070
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4) Investments, at fair value (Note 4)	\$	60,061,194 126,845,822	\$	29,229,270 61,872,430	\$	89,290,464 188,718,252	\$	11,270 21,228
Receivables (net of allowances) (Note 5)		26,061,889		10,225,291		36,287,180		236,205
Internal balances (Note 6)		(2,372,019)		2,372,019		-		-
Due from other governments		924,099		-		924,099		_
Inventory, at cost		442,808		643,535		1,086,343		_
Prepaid items		515,086		24,370		539,456		-
Investment in Joint Venture (Note 15)		10,901,977		-		10,901,977		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agent/trustee		1,857,918		81,582		1,939,500		-
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)		5,500,170		74,126		5,574,296		-
Investments (Note 4)		11,528,220		157,568		11,685,788		-
Note receivable from component unit (Note 5)		85,983,420		-		85,983,420		-
Less: Allowance for uncollectible		(85,983,420)		-		(85,983,420)		-
Property, plant, and equipment: (Note 7)								
Not being depreciated		238,772,413		45,650,604		284,423,017		-
Being depreciated, net of depreciation		548,712,669		335,804,283		884,516,952		-
Net pension asset		65,869,615		8,170,142	_	74,039,757		-
TOTAL ASSETS		1,095,621,861		494,305,220	_	1,589,927,081		268,703
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_							
Deferred loss on refundings		37,303,337		-		37,303,337		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		119,980				119,980		
Deferred outflows related to pension	_	7,041,046		1,077,748		8,118,794	_	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		44,464,363		1,077,748	_	45,542,111		-
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		1,140,086,224		495,382,968	_	1,635,469,192	-	268,703
LIABILITIES								
Vouchers payable		5,753,365		1,766,074		7,519,439		_
Accounts/payroll payable		6,016,839		1,516,580		7,533,419		_
Incurred but not reported claims payable		6,583,700		-		6,583,700		_
Due to other governments		35,114		_		35,114		_
Accrued interest payable		243,208		99,984		343,192		_
Unearned revenue		18,569,220		489,677		19,058,897		-
Non-current liabilities:		, ,		,		, ,		
Due within one year (Note 9)								
Compensated absences-current		3,006,263		556,939		3,563,202		-
Contracts, leases, notes-current		873,570		1,451,482		2,325,052		-
General obligation bonds payable-current		4,885,000		-		4,885,000		-
Revenue bonds payable-current		-		1,165,000		1,165,000		235,000
Total OPEB liability - current		-		-		-		-
Due in more than one year (Note 9)								
Compensated absences-long term		3,091,311		352,795		3,444,106		-
Contracts, leases, notes-long term		3,463,862		20,970,000		24,433,862		85,748,420
General obligation bonds payable-long term								
(net of unamortized discounts & premiums)		67,214,314		-		67,214,314		-
Revenue bonds payable-long term (net of								
of unamortized discounts & premiums)		-		11,445,060		11,445,060		-
Net pension liability		3,912,483		822,230		4,734,713		-
Total OPEB liability	_	24,532,979			_	24,532,979		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		148,181,228		40,635,821		188,817,049		85,983,420
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Deferred revenue		2,511,144		-		2,511,144		-
Deferred inflows related to pensions	_	50,734,997		8,564,665	_	59,299,662		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	_	53,246,141		8,564,665		61,810,806	_	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS		201,427,369)	49,200,486	_	250,627,855		85,983,420
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		748,351,673		346,423,345		1,094,775,018		_
Restricted net position for:		, ,		2 . 2 , . 20 , 0 10		, , , . 10		
Debt service		2,968,687		_		2,968,687		_
Pensions		65,869,615		8,170,142		74,039,757		_
		121,468,880		91,588,995		213,057,875		(85,714,717)
Unrestricted net position								

CITY OF KENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

					ı	Program Revenues		
		_		Charges for		Operating Grants		Capital Grants
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services		and Contributions	and Contributions	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	13,206,508	\$	4,843,351	\$	127,352	\$	-
Judicial		2,978,289		862,878		232,352		-
Public Safety		54,063,349		9,070,762		2,888,652		2,460,374
Community Development		6,689,323		6,346,806		120,000		=
Public Works		26,616,210		1,612,199		4,559,502		9,887,983
Leisure services		22,863,438		2,246,013		3,400,323		522,823
Health and human services		7,965,661		122,022		1,900,208		1,491,996
Interest on long-term debt		6,444,510		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	_	140,827,288	_	25,104,031		13,228,389	_	14,363,176
Business-type Activities:								
Water		19,604,339		24,159,864		204,660		2,581,394
Sewerage		32,813,582		34,918,925		500		344,073
Drainage		20,408,926		21,532,206		23,264		8,678,098
Golf Complex		1,924,403		2,462,613		33,501		-
Solid Waste		853,412		670,039		190,045		-
Total business type activities	_	75,604,662	_	83,743,647		451,970	_	11,603,565
Total Primary Government	\$ _	216,431,950	\$	108,847,678	\$	13,680,359	\$	25,966,741
Component Unit:								
Special Events Center PFD	\$	2,186,160	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Component Units	\$ _	2,186,160		-	\$	-	\$	-

General revenues and Transfers:

Taxes:

Property taxes levied for general purpose

Sales taxes

Utility taxes

Business & occupation tax

Real Estate Excise Tax

Lodging Tax

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Interest income

Miscellaneous

Gain on disposal of capital asset

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position-ending

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

-		penses) kevenue a		Component Unit
	Pı	rimary Government		Special Events
-	Governmental	Business-Type		Center
	Activities	Activities	Total	PFD
\$	(8,235,805)	\$	(8,235,805)	
•	(1,883,059)	·	(1,883,059)	
	(39,643,561)		(39,643,561)	
	(222,517)		(222,517)	
	(10,556,526)		(10,556,526)	
	(16,694,279)		(16,694,279)	
	(4,451,435)		(4,451,435)	
	(6,444,510)		(6,444,510)	
-	(88,131,692)		(88,131,692)	
	(00,101,002)		(00,101,002)	
	\$	7,341,579	7,341,579	
		2,449,916	2,449,916	
		9,824,642	9,824,642	
		571,711	571,711	
_		6,672	6,672	
	-	20,194,520	20,194,520	
\$	(88,131,692) \$	20,194,520 \$	(67,937,172)	
			\$	(2,186,160)
			\$	(2,186,160)
	31,934,723	-	31,934,723	<u>-</u>
	39,198,901	=	39,198,901	1,359,473
	32,515,784	=	32,515,784	, , , <u>-</u>
	17,060,649	=	17,060,649	=
	10,694,081	-	10,694,081	-
	222,759	-	222,759	-
	613,502	-	613,502	-
	7,411,838	-	7,411,838	-
	(858, 266)	(512,173)	(1,370,439)	635
	1,511,036	-	1,511,036	-
	33,392	-	33,392	-
	29,831	(29,831)	-	-
-	140,368,230	(542,004)	139,826,226	1,360,108
-	52,236,538	19,652,516	71,889,054	(826,052)
-	886,422,317	426,529,966	1,312,952,283	(84,888,665)
\$	938,658,855 \$	446,182,482 \$	1,384,841,337	\$ (85,714,717)

CITY OF KENT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

December 31, 2021	General Fund	Capital Resources Fund	Special Assessments Fund	Street Capital Projects Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,713,547			\$ 7,217,920	\$ 19,696,243	\$ 48,867,17
nvestments, at fair value	30,846,727	15,144,503	184,650	15,282,910	41,675,426	103,134,21
Receivables (net of allowances for						
estimated uncollectibles):						
Taxes	12,583,965	2,003,096	-	-	3,401,127	17,988,18
Accounts	625,365	429	-	1,242,816	2,029,468	3,898,07
Special assessments:			500 570			500.57
Current	-	-	508,578	-	-	508,57
Delinquent	-	-	85,641	-	-	85,64
Unavailable	-	-	2,380,158	-	-	2,380,15
Penalty and Interest		-	248,513	-	-	248,51
Accrued interest	581,773	-	-		.	581,77
Due from other governments	87,682	-	-	432,319	404,098	924,09
Prepaid items	47,047	-	-	-	-	47,04
Restricted assets:						
Cash with fiscal agent	1,813,356	-	-	-	-	1,813,35
Cash and cash equivalents	5,500,170	-	-	-	-	5,500,17
Investments	11,528,220	-	-	-	-	11,528,22
TOTAL ASSETS	78,327,852	24,300,629	3,494,407	24,175,965	67,206,362	197,505,21
IABILITIES DECEDDED INC. OWS AND SUND DALANCE						
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES (Auchora payable	¢ 2505.204.4	22 505	¢ 404	\$ 528.570	¢ 1600.444	¢ 4707.00
Vouchers payable	\$ 2,525,381 \$			\$ 528,570 270.808	\$ 1,630,141	\$ 4,707,88
Accounts/payroll payable	3,237,704	15,314	-	.,	2,219,524	5,743,35
Due to other governments	6,889	395	-	13	27,817	35,11
nterfund loans payable - current	- 00 500	-	-	552,116	-	552,11
Incurred but not reported claims payable	36,500	-	-	-	70.600	36,50
Deposits and advances	1,438,115	-	-	-	72,608	1,510,72
Unearned Revenue - other	17,058,497			4 074 000		17,058,49
interfund loan payable - non-current	 -			1,871,002		1,871,00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,303,086	39,304	194	3,222,509	3,950,090	31,515,18
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	405,237	-	3,219,329	-	-	3,624,56
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	405,237		3,219,329	-	-	3,624,56
UND BALANCE Ionspendable: Prepaid items Long-term loan receivable	47,047 -	- -	- -	330,909	-	47,04 330,90
Restricted:						
Street capital projects	-	-	-	1,762,339	.	1,762,33
Lodging tax purposes	-	-	-	-	129,210	129,21
Criminal justice programs	-	-	-	-	6,638,213	6,638,2
Low income housing purposes	-	-	-	-	3,681,804	3,681,80
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	2,660,280	2,660,28
Kent Events Center	2,943,380	-	-	-	-	2,943,38
Parks capital projects	-	8,211,301	-	-	3,991,075	12,202,37
Bond retirement	-	-	-	-	2,020,523	2,020,52
Economic and community development	(12,360)	-	-	-	-	(12,36
Human Services	5,744	-	-	-	-	5,74
Committed:						
Street operations	-	-	-	-	9,692,010	9,692,01
Youth/Teen program	-	-	-	-	394,811	394,81
Criminal justice programs	-	-	-	-	5,079,612	5,079,61
City arts program	590,738	-	-	-	-	590,73
Human services	123,518	-	-	-	-	123,51
Kent events center replacement	1,440,929	-	-	-	-	1,440,92
Economic & community development	-	-	-	-	1,189,413	1,189,41
B&O tax purposes	9,006,286	-	-	-	-	9,006,28
Street capital projects	-	-	-	18,860,208	-	18,860,20
Parks capital projects	-	-	-	-	15,491,603	15,491,60
Special assessment debt	-	-	274,884	-	-	274,88
Assigned:						
Operating reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety retiree OPEB	1,271,046	-	-	-	-	1,271,04
Emergency flood preparedness	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Criminal justice programs	-	-	-	-	11,555	11,55
Economic & community development					1,195	1,19
Environmental mitigation operating	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste reduction recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	16,050,024	-	-	-	16,050,02
Street capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-,,
Parks capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technology systems	-	-	-	_	8.350.370	8,350,37
Facility capital projects	_	-	_	-	3,924,598	3,924,59
Kent Events Center operations	2,537,813	-	-	_	-	2,537,8
				_	_	35,665,38
	35 665 388					
Jnassigned: Total Fund Balance	35,665,388 53,619,529	24,261,325	274,884	20,953,456	63,256,272	162,365,46

CITY OF KENT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES December 31, 2021

Fund balance - total governmental funds		\$	162,365,466
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds (Does not include Internal Service Fund capital assets) Cost of capital assets \$ 1,3	242,212,264		
Accumulated depreciation(472,026,219)		770,186,045
Investment in Joint Venture (Note 15)			10,901,977
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, central services, management information systems, facility rental and maintenance, and self-insurance costs to individual funds. The assets, including capital assets, and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			44,896,254
Interest accrued on governmental long-term debt, but not due and payable in the current period, is not reported on the governmental fund statements, but is accrued and reported on the statement of net position			(243,208)
Revenues earned but not received within 60 days (property tax) or 90 days (other revenue) of year-end, and therefore not available to pay year liabilities are deferred inflows on the governmental statements, recognized as revenue for the government-wide statements General Fund			435,343
Deferred inflows for long-term special assessments is shown on the government funds balance sheet, but is not a deferred inflow on the statement of net position			678,079
Unamortized bond costs are not reported on the governmental fund statements, but are reported on the statement of net position Deferred loss on refunding Unamortized bond (premium)/discount	37,303,337 (9,284,314)		28,019,023
Long-term assets do not provide current financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds, but are reported in the government-wide statements Net OPEB Asset Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pensions	- 119,980 6,413,832		
Net pension asset	61,114,861		67,648,673
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and contracts, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds General obligation bonds Contracts, leases and notes Compensated absences	(62,815,000) (4,337,432) (5,358,771)		
•	(45,750,644) (3,433,971) (24,532,979)		(146,228,797)
Net Position of governmental activities		_	938,658,855

CITY OF KENT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Capital Resources Fund	Special Assessments Fund	Street Capital Projects Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property \$	32,052,967 \$	- \$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,052,967
Sales and use	24,828,972	6,151,625	_	Ψ -	8,218,304	39,198,901
Utility	20,262,726	3,275,988			8,977,070	32,515,784
Business & occupation	17,060,649	3,273,300	-	-	0,311,010	17,060,649
Real estate excise tax	17,000,043	10,694,081	-	-		10,694,081
Lodging	-	10,094,001	-	-	222,759	222,759
	- 040 500	-	-	-	222,759	
Other	613,502	-	-	-	-	613,502
Licenses and permits:	0.040.405					0.040.405
Building permits	3,612,485	-	-	-		3,612,485
Other licenses and permits	3,558,644	-	-	-	565,945	4,124,589
Intergovernmental revenue						
Federal grants	1,734,598	7,600	-	2,605,008	1,998,794	6,346,000
State grants	2,305,388	-	-	607,474	1,824,073	4,736,935
State shared revenues	68,050	5,418,095	-	2,032,217	3,929,024	11,447,386
Other governments	823,270	-	-	-	1,866,143	2,689,413
Charges for services:						
Park and recreation fees	303,940	-	-	-	-	303,940
Other fees and charges	8,975,763	3,282	-	-	2,616,358	11,595,403
Fines and forfeitures	809,293		24,815	-	4,545,761	5,379,869
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Special assessments	_	_	779,313	_	_	779,313
Interest income	649,446	189,732	231,617	211,966	480,427	1,763,188
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in fair value of investments	(970,448)	(199,382)	201,011	(345,430)	(784,965)	(2,300,225)
Rent/Leases income	735,918	(100,002)		(040,400)	47,604	783,522
Contributions and donations	2,626,123	-	-	2,446	58,373	2,686,942
Other miscellaneous revenue	731,143	9,442	-	297,125	259,945	1,297,655
TOTAL REVENUES	120,782,429	25,550,463	1,035,745	5,410,806	34,825,615	187,605,058
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	9,295,605	190,557	6,110	_	4,361,189	13,853,461
Judicial	3,386,007	-	-,	_	-	3,386,007
Public safety	52,990,587	_	_	_	6,550,403	59,540,990
Community development	7,469,721	_	_	_	171,767	7,641,488
Public works	7,400,721			3,843,945	12,037,605	15,881,550
Leisure services	16,022,666	309,748	-	3,043,943	1,561,048	17,893,462
Health and human services		309,140	-	-	2,231,960	
	6,712,230	-	-	-	2,231,900	8,944,190
Debt service:					5 007 400	E 007 400
Principal	-	-	-		5,287,190	5,287,190
Interest			-	48,114	3,061,532	3,109,646
Capital outlay	199,754	37,347		13,047,285	5,307,475	18,591,861
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	96,076,570	537,652	6,110	16,939,344	40,570,169	154,129,845
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURE	24,705,859	25,012,811	1,029,635	(11,528,538)	(5,744,554)	33,475,213
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	F00 000					E00 000
Issuance of installment note	500,000	- 0.000.105	-	44.000.515	05.070.045	500,000
Transfers in	1,617,364	2,828,163	-	11,802,519	25,876,613	42,124,659
Transfers out	(20,469,434)	(17,563,089)	(852,363)		(9,384,816)	(48,269,702)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(18,352,070)	(14,734,926)	(852,363)	11,802,519	16,491,797	(5,645,043)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	6,353,789	10,277,885	177,272	273,981	10,747,243	27,830,170
FUND BALANCE, January 1	47,265,740	13,983,440	97,612	20,679,475	52,509,029	134,535,296
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), December 31 \$_	53,619,529 \$	24,261,325 \$	274,884	\$ 20,953,456	\$63,256,272	\$162,365,466
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,				

CITY OF KENT RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds			\$	27,830,170
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. On the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.				
Capital outlays		,591,861		
Depreciation expense	(21	,947,549)		(3,355,688)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets is to increase net position.				4,175,233
Certain revenues are unavailable in the governmental funds be they do not provide current financial resources, but are considered revenues on the statement of activities. Property taxes		(110 244)		
Other revenues		(118,244) (4,458)		(122,702)
Special assessment principal payments received are revenues on the governmental operating statement, but are reductions to the outstanding special assessment debt on the	6			
Statement of Activities.				(270,085)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resou in the governmental funds, but creates a long-term liability o government-wide statements.				(500,000)
Repayment of bonds/contracts principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities on the government-wide statements.	•			
Principal repayments				5,287,190
Certain bond transactions, like premiums, discounts, insurance and loss of refunding, are reported as revenues or expenditured in the governmental funds because they provide, or use, current financial resources. However, for the government-wistatements, these costs are recognized or amortized (expensed) over the life of the bonds. Amortization of premium/discount		722,601		
Amortization of loss on refunding	(4	,075,306)		(3,352,705)
Certain pension transactions are not reported in the governmentunds but are reported in the government-wide statements	tal			16,430,807
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, central services, management information systems, facility rental and maintenance, and self-insurance costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.				5,472,063
•				0,712,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences		(71,141)		
Interest expense accrual		17,841		
Total OPEB obligation		695,555		642,255
Change in net position of governmental activities			_	52,236,538

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget								
	_	Original		Final	-	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	31,684,600	\$	31,684,600	\$	32,052,967	\$	368,367	
Sales and use	•	19,627,550	Ψ	19,132,660	Ψ.	24,828,972	*	5,696,312	
Utility		17,624,990		19,408,170		20,262,726		854,556	
Business & occupation		17,000,000		17,000,000		17,060,649		60,649	
Other		866,260		866,260		613,502		(252,758)	
Licenses and permits		6,786,980		6,786,980		7,171,129		384,149	
Intergovernmental revenue		2,733,560		2,899,050		3,297,871		398,821	
Charges for services		6,099,960		6,099,960		5,328,184		(771,776)	
Fines and forfeitures		1,158,500		1,158,500		809,293		(349,207)	
Miscellaneous revenue		2,225,770		2,225,770		1,163,375		(1,062,395)	
TOTAL REVENUES		105,808,170	_	107,261,950	_	112,588,668		5,326,718	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		9,512,200		9,677,900		9,295,699		382,201	
Judicial		3,777,650		3,793,420		3,386,007		407,413	
Public safety		49,289,880		49,939,690		49,015,974		923,716	
Community development		8,241,230		8,309,550		7,469,721		839,829	
Leisure services		13,149,610		13,287,490		12,307,040		980,450	
Health and human services		6,106,520		6,344,260		5,171,352		1,172,908	
Capital outlay		-		-		81,737		(81,737)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	90,077,090		91,352,310	_	86,727,530	_	4,624,780	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		15,731,080		15,909,640		25,861,138		9,951,498	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		4 077 700		4 505 500		4 440 004		(00.450)	
Transfers in		1,277,700		1,525,520		1,442,364		(83,156)	
Transfers out		(17,108,780)		(24,190,980)		(21,612,877)		2,578,103	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(15,831,080)		(22,665,460)	_	(20,170,513)		2,494,947	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER S	OURC	ES							
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(100,000)		(6,755,820)		5,690,625		12,446,445	
FUND BALANCE, January 1		38,645,431		38,645,431		41,969,901		3,324,470	
FUND BALANCE, December 31	\$	38,545,431	\$	31,889,611	\$	47,660,526	\$	15,770,915	

Note: This budgetary statement represents the true General Fund. Certain other funds are combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes (see Note 1.d). Separate budgetary schedules are provided for those other funds,

RECONCILIATION OF TRUE GENERAL FUND TO THE COMBINED GENERAL FUND

True General Fund	47,660,526
Public Safety Retiree Fund	1,271,468
Operating Grants & Projects Fund	707,640
Kent Events Center Fund	3,979,895
Combined General Fund - Ending	53,619,529

CITY OF KENT
CAPITAL RESOURCES FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			udg					
		Original		Final		Actual	Vari	ance
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	4,734,420	\$	4,734,420	\$	6,151,625	1.41	7,205
Utility	•	3,171,610	*	3,171,610	•	3,275,988	,	4,378
Real estate excise tax		3,500,000		3,500,000		10,694,081		4,081
Intergovernmental:		-,,		2,002,002		, ,	.,	.,
Federal grants		_		7,600		7,600		_
State Shared		_		-		5,418,095	5.41	8.095
Charges for services		_		_		3,282	,	3,282
Miscellaneous revenue:						-,		-,
Interest income		413,360		422,800		189,732	(23	3,068
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in fair value of investments		-		-		(199,382)	,	9,382
Other miscellaneous revenue		-		-		9,442		9,442
TOTAL REVENUES	•	11,819,390	•	11,836,430	-	25,550,463	13,71	4,033
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		201,640		201,640		190,557	(1	1,083
Leisure services		500,000		910,610		309,748	(ê0	0,862
Capital outlay		-		-		37,347	` 3	7,347
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		701,640		1,112,250	-	537,652	(57	4,598)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		11,117,750		10,724,180		25,012,811	14,28	8,631
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		4,654,680		4,739,460		2,828,163	(1.91	1,297)
Transfer Out		(16,549,500)		(18,044,980)		(17,563,089)		1,891
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	•	(11,894,820)		(13,305,520)	-	(14,734,926)	(1,42	9,406)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER								
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(777,070)		(2,581,340)		10,277,885	12,85	9,225
FUND BALANCES, January 1		13,998,074		13,998,074		13,983,440	(1	4,634)
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	13,221,004	\$	11,416,734	\$	24,261,325	12,84	4,591

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Water Utility Fund	Sewer Utility Fund	Drainage Utility Fund		
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,065,101 \$, -, +	10,438,652		
Investments, at fair value		29,774,039	8,767,116	22,098,613		
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, & investments:						
Cash with fiscal agent		81,582	-	-		
Cash and cash equivalents		24,465	-	7,398		
Investments, at fair value		52,004	-	15,726		
Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles):						
Accounts		2,438,436	4,166,523	3,533,345		
Interfund loan receivable		-	-	501,017		
Inventory, at cost		430,154	19,816	28,294		
Prepaid expenses		-	-	8,995		
Total Current Assets	_	46,865,781	17,093,837	36,632,040		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Interfund loan receivable - non-current portion		-	-	1,871,002		
Net Pension Asset		1,942,084	937,558	2,142,987		
Property, plant and equipment						
Land		3,925,817	452,694	14,021,860		
Buildings		4,556,120	-	4,473,189		
Site Improvements		188,353,611	106,267,638	191,351,318		
Equipment		4,923,296	1,205,919	1,880,744		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(64,904,253)	(49,885,060)	(58,184,249)		
Construction In Progress	<u></u>	6,550,013	519,275	16,120,376		
Total noncurrent assets		145,346,688	59,498,024	173,677,227		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	192,212,469 \$	76,591,861 \$	210,309,267		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		256,186	123,676	282,688		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	256,186 \$	123,676 \$	282,688		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	192,468,655 \$	76,715,537 \$	210,591,955		

Business-ty	pe Activities - E	nter	prise Funds	Governmental Activities
Golf Complex Fund	Non-major Solid Waste Fund		Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 485,822	99,313	\$	29,229,270	\$ 11,194,016
1,022,527	210,135		61,872,430	23,711,606
_	_		81,582	44,562
42,263	-		74,126	, <u>-</u>
89,838	-		157,568	-
4,641	82,346		10,225,291	370,960
-	-		501,017	51,099
165,271	-		643,535	442,808
15,375	-		24,370	468,039
1,825,737	391,794		102,809,189	36,283,090
-	-		1,871,002	-
3,013,577	133,936		8,170,142	4,754,754
4,060,569	-		22,460,940	-
2,287,141	-		11,316,450	108,702
7,084,907	-		493,057,474	2,704,169
1,254,074	-		9,264,033	34,724,191
(4,860,112)	-		(177,833,674)	(20,239,773)
	-		23,189,664	1,748
12,840,156	133,936		391,496,031	22,053,791
\$ 14,665,893	525,730	\$	494,305,220	\$ 58,336,881
397,530	17,668		1,077,748	627,214
\$ 397,530	17,668	\$	1,077,748	\$ 627,214
\$ 15,063,423	543,398	\$	495,382,968	\$ 58,964,095

Continued

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					se Funds
	Water Utility Fund		Sewer Utility Fund		Drainage Utility Fund
\$	678,169	\$		\$	840,194
	577,942		104,128		666,650
	-		-		-
	-,				23,124
	206,134		68,495		218,240
			-		-
	, ,		-		75,000
	,		<u>-</u>		582,500
	143,410		58,264		101,187
-	3,525,874	_	363,067	_	2,506,895
	137,918		16,760		138,076
	20,820,000		-		150,000
	5,722,530		-		5,722,530
	195,448		94,354		215,667
_	26,875,896	_	111,114	_	6,226,273
\$	30,401,770	\$	474,181	\$	8,733,168
_	2,035,864		982,831	_	2,246,469
\$_	2,035,864	\$_	982,831	\$_	2,246,469
	115,018,324 -		58,560,466 -		163,133,208 -
	1,942,084		937,558		2,142,987
	43,070,613	_	15,760,501		34,336,123
_	160,031,021	_	75,258,525	_	199,612,318
\$	192,468,655	\$	76,715,537	\$	210,591,955
	\$ _ \$ _	\$ 678,169 577,942 - 76,469 206,134 - 1,261,250 582,500 143,410 3,525,874 137,918 20,820,000 5,722,530 195,448 26,875,896 \$ 30,401,770 2,035,864 115,018,324 - 1,942,084 43,070,613 160,031,021	\$ 678,169 \$ 577,942 \$ 76,469 206,134 \$ 1,261,250 582,500 143,410 \$ 3,525,874 \$ 20,820,000 \$ 5,722,530 195,448 \$ 26,875,896 \$ 30,401,770 \$ 2,035,864 \$ 2,035,864 \$ 115,018,324 \$ 1,942,084 43,070,613 160,031,021	Water Utility Fund Sewer Utility Fund \$ 678,169 \$ 132,180 577,942 104,128 - 76,469 206,134 68,495 - 1,261,250 582,500 143,410 58,264 3,525,874 363,067 137,918 20,820,000 - 5,722,530 195,448 94,354 26,875,896 111,114 \$ 30,401,770 \$ 474,181 2,035,864 20,035,864 \$ 982,831 115,018,324 58,560,466 - 1,942,084 43,070,613 15,760,501 1,942,084 43,070,613 15,760,501 75,258,525	Water Utility Fund Sewer Utility Fund \$ 678,169 \$ 132,180 \$ 577,942 104,128 76,469 206,134 68,495 1,261,250 582,500 143,410 58,264 36,469 3 36,466 36,495 36,264 \$ 3,525,874 363,067 363,067 \$ 137,918 16,760 20,820,000 5,722,530 195,448 94,354 36,264 36,264 \$ 30,401,770 \$ 474,181 \$ 26,875,896 111,114 \$ 2,035,864 2,035,864 \$ 982,831 982,831 \$ 115,018,324 58,560,466 1,942,084 43,070,613 15,760,501 160,031,021 75,258,525 937,558 15,760,501 75,258,525

Business-ty	pe Activities - E	nter	prise Funds	Governmental Activities
0-15	Non-major		_	
Golf Complex Fund	Solid Waste Fund		Totals	Internal Service Funds
 Complex r unu	i uliu		Totals	internal bervice i unus
\$ 93,480	22,051	\$	1,766,074	\$ 1,045,484
152,495	15,365		1,516,580	413,747
-	-		-	6,547,200
391	-		99,984	-
41,988	22,082		556,939	336,137
115,232	-		115,232	-
-	-		1,336,250	-
- 186,816	-		1,165,000 489,677	-
100,010	-		409,077	-
590,402	59,498		7,045,736	8,342,568
,			, , , , , ,	-,- ,
42,341	17,700		352,795	262,408
-	-		20,970,000	-
-	-		11,445,060	-
303,282	13,479		822,230	478,512
345,623	31,179		33,590,085	740,920
\$ 936,025	90,677	\$	40,635,821	\$ 9,083,488
3,159,098	140,403		8,564,665	4,984,353
\$ 3,159,098	140,403	\$	8,564,665	\$ 4,984,353
9,711,347	_		346,423,345	17,299,037
-	-		-	· · · · -
3,013,577	133,936		8,170,142	4,754,754
(1,756,624)	178,382		91,588,995	22,842,463
10,968,300	312,318		446,182,482	44,896,254
\$ 15,063,423	543,398	\$	495,382,968	\$ 58,964,095

Concluded

CITY OF KENT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Business-type /	Activities - Enterpris	se Funds
	_	Water Utility Fund	Sewer Utility Fund	Drainage Utility Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Sales	\$	22,166,727 \$	- \$	-
Charges for services		1,992,178	34,900,096	21,532,206
Contributions		-	-	-
Rental and lease income		-	-	-
Other operating revenue		959	18,829	-
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	_	24,159,864	34,918,925	21,532,206
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits		2,770,544	1,167,050	3,526,852
Supplies		644,041	211,135	264,392
Services and charges		10,646,801	28,979,952	11,825,015
Depreciation		4,401,927	2,455,445	4,600,923
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	18,463,313	32,813,582	20,217,182
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	_	5,696,551	2,105,343	1,315,024
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		448,885	105,724	325,316
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in fair value of investments		(763,418)	(178,626)	(417,662)
Miscellaneous non-operating revenues		204,660	500	23,264
Interest expense		(1,141,026)	-	(191,744)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-	-	-
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	_	(1,250,899)	(72,402)	(260,826)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS	_	4,445,652	2,032,941	1,054,198
Capital contributions		2,581,394	344,073	8,679,444
Transfers in		220,966	- ,	77,813
Transfers out		(218,832)	(254,707)	(312,954)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	_	7,029,180	2,122,307	9,498,501
NET POSITION, January 1		153,001,841	73,136,218	190,113,817
NET POSITION, December 31	\$ _	160,031,021 \$	75,258,525 \$	199,612,318

Golf Complex Fund Non-major Solid Waste Fund Totals Internal Service \$ 274,034 - \$ 22,440,761 \$ 1,267,462,774 2,188,579 670,039 61,283,098 18,624,762,774 - - - 19,702,762,762,774 - - - 70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,7	
Complex Fund Fund Totals Internal Service \$ 274,034 \$ - \$ 22,440,761 \$ 1,267,2188,579 670,039 61,283,098 18,624, 19,702, 70, 19,788 1,931, 19,702, 70, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,931, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897, 19,788 1,897,	
\$ 274,034 \$ - \$ 22,440,761 \$ 1,267, 2,188,579 670,039 61,283,098 18,624, 19,702, 19,788 1,931, 2,462,613 670,039 83,743,647 41,596, 382,920 108,075 7,955,441 7,360, 508,622 7,951 1,636,141 1,951, 869,995 737,386 53,059,149 29,937, 153,748 - 11,612,043 1,897, 1,915,285 853,412 74,262,774 41,148,	
2,188,579 670,039 61,283,098 18,624, - - - 19,702, - - - 70, - - 19,788 1,931, 2,462,613 670,039 83,743,647 41,596, 382,920 108,075 7,955,441 7,360, 508,622 7,951 1,636,141 1,951, 869,995 737,386 53,059,149 29,937, 153,748 - 11,612,043 1,897, 1,915,285 853,412 74,262,774 41,148,	e Funds
2,188,579 670,039 61,283,098 18,624, - - - 19,702, - - - 70, - - 19,788 1,931, 2,462,613 670,039 83,743,647 41,596, 382,920 108,075 7,955,441 7,360, 508,622 7,951 1,636,141 1,951, 869,995 737,386 53,059,149 29,937, 153,748 - 11,612,043 1,897, 1,915,285 853,412 74,262,774 41,148,	
19,702, 19,788 1,931, 2,462,613 670,039 83,743,647 41,596, 382,920 108,075 7,955,441 7,360, 508,622 7,951 1,636,141 1,951, 869,995 737,386 53,059,149 29,937, 153,748 - 11,612,043 1,897, 1,915,285 853,412 74,262,774 41,148,	979
70, - 19,788 1,931, 2,462,613 670,039 83,743,647 41,596, 382,920 108,075 7,955,441 7,360, 508,622 7,951 1,636,141 1,951, 869,995 737,386 53,059,149 29,937, 153,748 - 11,612,043 1,897, 1,915,285 853,412 74,262,774 41,148,	721
- - 19,788 1,931, 2,462,613 670,039 83,743,647 41,596, 382,920 108,075 7,955,441 7,360, 508,622 7,951 1,636,141 1,951, 869,995 737,386 53,059,149 29,937, 153,748 - 11,612,043 1,897, 1,915,285 853,412 74,262,774 41,148,	099
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1,915,285 853,412 74,262,774 41,148,	
547,328 (183,373) 9,480,873 448,	106
	665
24,797 4,377 909,099 302,	152
(52,596) (8,970) (1,421,272) (531,	
33,501 190,045 451,970 100,0	280
(9,118) - (1,341,888)	-
(1,023,	913)
(3,416) 185,452 (1,402,091) (1,152,	822)
543,912 2,079 8,078,782 (704,	157)
11,604,911 815,	653
456,537 - 755,316 6,833,	
- (786,493) (657,	
(100,100)	O1 L)
1,000,449 2,079 19,652,516 6,287,	716
9,967,851 310,239 426,529,966 38,608,	538
\$ <u>10,968,300</u> \$ <u>312,318</u> \$ <u>446,182,482</u> \$ <u>44,896,</u>	254_

CITY OF KENT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
_	Water Utility Fund	Sewerage Utility Fund	Drainage Utility Fund			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers \$	24,328,606 \$	34,967,542 \$	25,538,754			
Cash received from other funds for services	24,320,000 φ	34,907,342 \$	25,556,754			
Cash payments to employees	(3,583,509)	(1,467,923)	(4,348,250)			
Cash payments to suppliers	(10,830,811)	(29,172,456)	(12,071,959)			
Other cash received	959	18,829	(12,011,000)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,915,245	4,345,992	9,118,545			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Operating grants/non-operating revenue received	204,660	500	23,264			
Interest paid on interfund loan	-	-	· -			
Transfers in	8,492	-	5,231			
Transfers out	(81,450)	(81,340)	-			
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing	131,702	(80,840)	28,495			
	_					
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	124,876	-	208,661			
Principal repayment on interfund capital loan	-	-	-			
Transfer of plant to Governmental Capital Assets	(0.000.050)	(004.040)	(4.055.070)			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(8,336,856)	(931,049)	(4,855,376)			
Interfund loan for capital outlays Interest income on interfund capital loans	-	-	555,910			
	- (4 E00 000)	-	46,296			
Principal paid on bonds and equipment contracts Interest paid on bonds and equipment contracts	(1,508,998)	-	(173,350)			
Transfers in	(2,048,674)	-	(1,118,932) 72,582			
Transfers out	212,474 (137,382)	(173,367)	(312,954)			
Capital contributed by subdividers, capital grants, local impr. districts	2,284,826	(173,307)	6,866,292			
Net cash provided by (used for) capital & related financing	(9,409,734)	(1,104,416)	1,289,129			
	(, , ,	(, , ,	, ,			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(40,004,505)	(5.505.077)	(44,000,440)			
Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments	(19,004,505)	(5,585,377)	(14,090,148)			
Interest and dividends on investments	11,431,602 (314,533)	1,831,136 (72,902)	3,340,454 (138,642)			
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(7,887,436)	(3,827,143)	(10,888,336)			
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(7,250,223)	(666,407)	(452,167)			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, January 1	21,421,371	4,806,789	10,898,217			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, December 31 \$	14,171,148 \$	4,140,382 \$	10,446,050			
= CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS AT DECEMBER 31 CO	MSISTS OF:					
Cash and cash equivalents \$	14,065,101 \$	4,140,382 \$	10,438,652			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents, cash with fiscal agent	106,047	4,140,302 \$ -	7,398			
\$ ⁻	14,171,148 \$	4,140,382 \$	10,446,050			
*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.,,	,			

Business-		type Activities - Ent	erprise F	unds	Governmental Activities
	Golf Complex	Non-major Solid Waste Fund		Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$	2,514,095 \$	587,693	\$	87,936,690 \$	20,022,143 19,696,501
	(1,339,104)	(275,161)		(11,013,947)	(9,582,630)
	(1,384,047)	(739,418)		(54,198,691)	(31,993,518)
	-	-		19,788	1,931,526
_	(209,056)	(426,886)	-	22,743,840	74,022
	33,501	190,045		451,970	100,280
	(6,336)	-		(6,336)	-
	186,337	-		200,060	4,400,000
	-	-		(162,790)	(351,271)
_	213,502	190,045	_	482,904	4,149,009
	120,232	_		453,769	219,883
	-	-		-	100,404
	-	-		-	816,998
	(1,938,965)	-		(16,062,246)	(2,876,693)
	-	-		555,910	-
	-	-		46,296	1,818
	(165,753)	-		(1,848,101)	-
	(3,349)	-		(3,170,955)	-
	270,200	-		555,256 (623,703)	2,433,592 (306,101)
	-	- -		9,151,118	(1,345)
_	(1,717,635)	-	_	(10,942,656)	388,556
	(1,008,515)	(134,463)		(39,823,008)	(15,099,912)
	1,620,254	205,491		18,428,937	6,967,171
	(27,799)	(4,593)		(558,469)	(231,007)
_	583,940	66,435	-	(21,952,540)	(8,363,748)
	(1,129,249)	(170,406)		(9,668,452)	(3,752,161)
	1,657,334	269,719		39,053,430	14,990,739
\$	528,085 \$	99,313	\$ _	29,384,978 \$	11,238,578
\$	485,822 \$ 42,263	99,313 -	\$	29,229,270 \$ 155,708	11,194,016 44,562
\$_	528,085 \$	99,313	\$	29,384,978 \$	11,238,578
_			=		

Continued

CITY OF KENT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water Utility	Sewerage Utility	Drainage Utility			
	Fund	Fund	Fund			
ECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDE	ED BY OPERATING AC	CTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	5,696,551 \$	2,105,343 \$	1,315,02			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense	4,401,927	2,455,445	4,600,92			
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable	151,507	20,691	4,001,26			
(Increase) Decrease in inventory	(39,399)	(2,310)	5,12			
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses	-	-	(8,99			
(Increase) Decrease in net pension asset	(1,942,084)	(937,558)	(2,142,98			
(Increase) Decrease in pension deferred outflows	57,926	(2,084)	41,55			
Increase (Decrease) in vouchers payable	213,133	16,222	(135,15			
Increase (Decrease) in accounts/payroll payable	287,985	7,147	174,40			
Increase (Decrease) in incurred but not reported claims payable	=	-	-			
Increase (Decrease) in deposits and deferred revenues	18,194	46,755	5,28			
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences	30,041	20,516	30,26			
Increase (Decrease) in pension liabilities	(726,721)	(262,615)	(736,25			
Increase (Decrease) in pension deferred inflows	1,766,185	878,440	1,968,09			
Total Adjustments	4,218,694	2,240,649	7,803,52			
ET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9,915,245 \$	4,345,992 \$	9,118,54			
		4,343,99 <u>2</u>	9,110,			
CHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND RELATED FIN Capital assets contributed	\$ 296,568 \$	344,073 \$	1,813,1			
Amortization of debt related costs, net	901,001	-	923,60			
Increase(Decrease) in fair value of investments	(763,418)	(178,626)	(417,66			

	Business-t	ype Activities - Ente	erprise F	unds		Governmental Activities
	Golf	Non-major Solid Waste			_	Internal
_	Complex	Fund		Totals	_	Service Funds
\$	547,328 \$	(183,373)	\$	9,480,873	\$	448,665
	153,748	-		11,612,043		1,897,783
	14,765	(27,037)		4,161,192		53,399
	(19,643)	-		(56,223)		(56,165)
	(697)	-		(9,692)		90,903
	(3,013,577)	(133,936)		(8,170,142)		(4,754,754)
	(42,887)	43,128		97,640		153,000
	4,411	5,836		104,444		(1,043,948)
	9,788	2,585		481,907		(21,127)
	-	-		-		848,800
	36,717	(55,309)		51,639		-
	(15,754)	(1,982)		63,081		(45,009)
	(737,878)	(165,005)		(2,628,469)		(1,812,034)
	2,854,623	88,207		7,555,547		4,314,509
	(756,384)	(243,513)	_	13,262,967	_	(374,643)
\$	(209,056) \$	(426,886)	\$	22,743,840	\$	74,022
\$	- \$	-	\$	2,453,793	\$	815,653
	-	- (0.076)		1,824,601		- (504.044)
	(52,596)	(8,970)		(1,421,272)		(531,341)

Concluded

CITY OF KENT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Pens Tru	VNET Custodial Fund	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent Investments, at fair value	\$	684,883 \$ 33,400 1,449,789	563,969 - 1,034,746
TOTAL ASSETS		2,168,072	1,598,715
LIABILITIES Vouchers payable Accounts/payroll payable Deposits and unearned revenue		- 7,241 -	24,204 2,097 149,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,241	175,624
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR: Pensions Post employment benefits other than pensions Organizations & other governments	<u></u>	2,127,431 33,400	- - 1,423,091
Total net position	\$	2,160,831 \$	1,423,091

CITY OF KENT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Pension & Other OPEB Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 36,000 \$	-
State insurance fees	306,965	-
Federal grant	-	104,740
Seizure funds	-	527,849
Other governments	-	72,621
Investment earnings:		
Interest	22,605	12,581
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in fair value of investments	 (38,172)	(30,552)
Net investment income	(15,567)	(17,971)
Miscellaneous		
Rental Income	 -	11,000
TOTAL ADDITIONS	327,398	698,239
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits	200,000	-
Administrative Expense	194,824	355,843
Payments to other governments	-	110,930
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 394,824	466,773
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(67,426)	231,466
NET POSITION RESTRICTED, January 1	2,228,257	1,191,625
NET POSITION RESTRICTED, December 31	\$ 2,160,831 \$	1,423,091



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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Kent, King County, Washington, was incorporated on May 28, 1890 and operates under a Mayor/Council form of government under the laws of the State of Washington applicable to an optional code city (RCW 35A). The City of Kent is served by a full-time Mayor and seven part-time council members, all elected at large to four-year terms. The City of Kent provides the full range of municipal services including a water utility, sewer and drainage utility, a municipal golf complex, and municipal court.

The financial statements of the City of Kent have been prepared in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Effective for fiscal year 2021, the City implemented the following new accounting and reporting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

GASB Statement No. 95 – *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*-The primary objective of this statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic.

GASB Statement No. 98 – *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This statement replaces the title of the annual report with the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

The following provides a summary of the City's more significant accounting policies. They are presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report.

a. **REPORTING ENTITY**

Based on the criteria of Statement No. 14, as amended by Statement No. 61, of the Government Accounting Standards Board, "The Financial Reporting Entity", the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the financial position and results of operations of all funds, agencies and boards for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either the ability to impose the Primary Government's will, or the component unit provides a financial benefit to or imposes a financial burden on the primary government. The Special Events Center Public Facilities District (PFD) meets these criteria. In this case, the City appoints a voting majority of the board, and the organization presents a potential financial benefit or burden to the City. The PFD is discretely presented in the financial statements in a separate column on the government-wide financial statements. For further details on the Component Unit and how to obtain copies of the completed financial statements of the component unit, please see Note 16 – COMPONENT UNIT.

See Note 15 - JOINT VENTURE for discussion of the Valley Communications Center which is a joint public safety dispatching authority for five member cities. The City reports its equity interest in the joint venture.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS – On April 27, 2010, the passage of Proposition No. 1 authorized the merger of the Kent Fire Department and King County Fire District 37 into one organization, the Puget Sound Regional Fire Authority (RFA), that provides full service fire and rescue services to the citizens of Kent, Covington, SeaTac, Maple Valley and portions of unincorporated King County. The RFA is not financially accountable to the City of Kent. The City of Kent does not have an ongoing financial interest in the RFA and the RFA is not financially dependent upon the City of Kent. The RFA imposes its own property tax levy and fire benefit charge. The City imposes a fire impact fee (City Code 12.15) under RCW 36.70A on development activities. The fees are passed

through to the RFA. The RFA's board is comprised of six voting members and three non-voting members. Three of the voting members are from the current Kent City Council: Bill Boyce, Les Thomas and Toni Troutner. In addition, the board has three members from Fire District 37 and one non-voting member from the City of Covington, one non-voting Advisory Board member from the City of SeaTac and one non-voting member from the King County Fire District #43 Board of Commissioners. Through an interlocal agreement, the RFA provides emergency management, fire prevention and fire inspection services for the City and the City provides some staff services for the RFA. Provided services are billed to the other agency.

b. **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report on all non-fiduciary activities of the City and its component unit. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The primary government is reported separately from its component unit. All activities, both governmental and business-type, are reported in the government-wide financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which includes long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations. The government-wide financial statements focus more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the changes in the aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Net interfund activity between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are shown in the government-wide financial statements. The "doubling up" effect of internal service fund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements with the expenses shown in the various functions and segments on the Statement of Activities. Interfund services provided and used, like the sale of utility services from the Enterprise Funds to the other functions of the City are not eliminated for the financial statements. Elimination of those charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

The government-wide Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the government (excluding fiduciary funds). It is displayed in a format of assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows equals net position, with the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows shown in order of relative liquidity. Net position is required to be displayed in three components: 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position is reflective of constraints placed on its use by either; 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All net position not otherwise classified as restricted, is shown as unrestricted. Generally, the City would first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the various functions, programs and segments of the City are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, program or segment. Interest on governmental activities long-term debt is not allocated to the various functions or programs. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or users (user charges) who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a particular function, program or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, program or segment. Taxes, investment income and other

revenues that are not directly identifiable with a function, program or segment are included as general revenues. Certain state shared revenues or grants that are not restricted for use in any function are included as general revenues. The general revenues support the net costs of the functions, programs or segments not covered by program revenues.

Also, part of the basic financial statements are fund financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Although GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds, it also gives governments the option of displaying other funds as major funds. The City has opted to display some funds as major funds because of community focus. Major governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements, while non-major governmental funds are combined into a single column on the fund financial statements and are detailed in combining statements included as supplementary information after the basic financial statements. Since there is only one non-major proprietary fund, it is labeled as non-major but displayed on the proprietary fund statements.

The internal service funds, which provide services to the other funds of the government, are presented in a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements and are detailed in combining statements included as supplementary information after the basic financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal service funds are the City's governmental activities, the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The costs of the internal service funds are spread to the appropriate function or segment on the government-wide Statement of Activities and the revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to avoid any doubling up effect of these revenues and expenses.

c. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar revenue are recognized when the eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund types are presented, in the fund financial statements, using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets, and unassigned fund balance is a measure of available spendable resources. The *modified accrual basis* of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under modified accrual, revenues and other financial resources are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., when the related funds become both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues available under modified accrual if they are earned by December 31 (all eligibility requirements have been met) and the revenue, except for property taxes, is expected to be collected within 90 days after year-end. For property taxes, the City uses a 60-day collection period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded when payment is due. Inventories of materials are reported as expenditures when purchased. Since governmental funds do not include capital assets and the

recognition of depreciation does not reduce net financial resources, depreciation is not considered an expenditure in governmental funds.

When applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions*, receivables and revenues are recognized when applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as deferred inflows.

Property, sales, use, real estate excise, utility, business and occupation, admissions, and gambling taxes, as well as special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Intergovernmental revenues that reimburse expenditures are accrued. Investment earnings are accrued when earned. Changes in fair value of investments are recognized in investment income at year end. Charges for services, fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues are recorded upon receipt and are not susceptible to accrual.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The City's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds according to the purpose for which they are spent and how they are controlled.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS: Governmental funds are used to account for the City's general government activities. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City and accounts for the financial resources of the City which are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are comprised of property taxes, sales and use taxes, utility taxes, licenses and permits, state shared revenues, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and interest income. Primary expenditures are for general city government, police protection, fire inspections, prevention and emergency management, park and street maintenance, cultural and recreational services, and health and human services.

Capital Resource Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for a portion of the City's sales tax as well as real estate excise tax, internal utility tax, and business & occupation tax (collected in the General Fund and transferred to the Capital Resources Fund) that is restricted or committed to be utilized to provide funding for governmental non-street related capital and operating projects, and debt service on those projects. Funding for debt service is transferred from this fund to the General Obligation Debt Service Fund.

Special Assessments Fund – This debt service fund records payments from property owners for special assessments related to those properties, and the payment of debt service of local improvement districts' bond issues. A portion of the City's infrastructure capital improvements have been paid through the issuance of local improvement district bonds.

Street Capital Projects Fund – This capital projects fund accounts for the resources and payments for transportation and related improvements to the City's infrastructure. The fund's resources include grants and contracts, street related excise taxes, and utility taxes.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS: Proprietary funds account for the activities of the City similar to those found in the private sector, where cost recovery and the determination of net income is useful for sound fiscal management. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the general public for a fee. Enterprise funds are

required for any activity whose principal revenue sources meet any of the following criteria: 1) any activity that has issued debt backed solely by the fees and charges of the activity, 2) if the cost of providing services for an activity, including capital costs such as depreciation or debt service, must legally be recovered through fees and charges, or 3) it is the policy of the City to establish activity fees or charges to recover the cost of providing services, including capital costs.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses derive from providing goods and services in connection with the fund's principle ongoing operation, i.e. charges to customers or users who purchase or use the goods or services of that activity. Non-operating revenues and expenses are items like interest income and interest expenses that are not a result of the direct operations of the activity.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

Water Utility Fund – This enterprise fund accounts for the water distribution system of the City. The utility recovers its costs through user charges.

Sewerage Utility Fund – This enterprise fund accounts for the sewer system of the City. The utility recovers its costs through user charges.

Drainage Utility Fund - This enterprise fund accounts for the storm drainage system of the City. The utility recovers its costs through user charges.

Golf Complex Fund – This enterprise fund accounts for the golf complex of the City that includes an 18-hole par 72 golf course, a driving range, a mini putt facility and a merchandise center. The fund recovers its costs through user fees.

Solid Waste Utility Fund - This non-major enterprise fund accounts for the solid waste programs of the City. The solid waste residential and commercial pickup services are contracted out by the City to a private hauler. The City runs recycling and cleanup programs. The utility recovers its costs through charges to the solid waste contractor and grants.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of specific services performed by designated organizations within the City for other organizations within the City. The internal service funds are presented as one column on the proprietary fund financial statements. Combining financial statements are also presented as supplemental information for the internal service funds but are not part of the basic financial statements. The City's internal service funds are comprised of the Equipment Rental, Central Service, Facilities, and Insurance funds. Financial statements are also provided in the other supplementary information section of this document for the five programs within the Insurance Fund.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and employs accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The Fiduciary Funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements since they are not assets of the City available to support City programs.

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other post- employment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans. The trust funds are presented in one column on the fiduciary financial statements, but combining statements are provided as supplemental information, but are not part of the basic financial statements. The Firemen's Relief

& Pension Fund, accounts for pension benefits for eligible former City firefighters. The VEBA Trust accounts for post-employment benefits for certain police retirees.

The City's custodial funds function primarily as a clearing mechanism for cash resources which are collected by the City of Kent, held for a period of time and then disbursed to authorized recipients or funds. Custodial funds are presented in one column on the fiduciary fund financial statements. The City currently operates one custodial fund, the Valley Narcotics Enforcement Team (VNET).

d. **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budget Process

Budgets serve as control mechanisms in the operations of governmental units. Legal budgetary (expenditure) control in the City of Kent is at the fund level, but budget and actual information is maintained by project, organization, program and object. Supplemental appropriations that amend total expenditures, or in the case of Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds amend working capital, require a City Council ordinance.

Appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting on a biennial basis. Budgets for project/grant related capital project funds are adopted at the level of the individual project and for fiscal periods that correspond to the lives of projects. Since these funds are not budgeted on an annual basis, budgetary comparisons are not presented.

Legal budgetary control is established at the fund level, i.e., expenditures for a fund may not exceed the total appropriation amount. Any unexpended appropriation balances for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year. Appropriations for other special purpose funds that are non-operating in nature are adopted on a "project-length" basis and, therefore, are carried forward from year to year without re-appropriation until authorized amounts are fully expended or the designated purpose of the fund has been accomplished.

The individual funds within each fund type which are included in the City's annual operating budget and for which budgetary comparison statements or schedules are prepared are listed below.

General Fund, Special Revenue Funds: Street Fund, Lodging Tax Fund, Youth/Teen Programs Fund, Criminal Justice Fund, and Housing & Community Development Fund. Budgetary information is also provided, as supplementary information, for the Public Safety Retiree Fund, Operating Grants and Project Fund, Events Center Operating Fund, and Impact Fee Fund although these funds are combined into the General Fund for financial statement reporting.

The City adopts a biennial budget by December of the fiscal year proceeding the biennium, after almost a full year of analysis by staff and Council. The first step in analysis involves the development of service issues and goals and their prioritization by Council as well as establishing revenue forecasts to be approved by Council. The second step involves the establishment of the baseline budget required to carry existing programs into the next year. The emphasis is placed on the General and Special Revenue Funds since the operation of other funds are tied to ordinances, contractual agreements or separately established rate structures. Once the baseline operations have been reviewed and adjusted based on administrative policy, additional services are included to the level of projected available resources after the establishment of sufficient fund balances.

The steps in the budget process are as follows:

(1) The Chief Administrative Officer and Mayor submit a proposed biennial budget to the City Council.

This budget is based on priorities established by the Council, cost estimates provided by the City departments and balanced with revenue estimates.

- (2) The City Council conducts public hearings on the proposed budget in September and October.
- (3) The Council makes its adjustments to the proposed budget and adopts by ordinance a final balanced biennial budget no later than December 31.
- (4) The final operating budget as adopted is published and distributed within the first three months of the following year. The adopted budget is made available to the public on the city's website.

The biennial budget statute requires a mid-biennium review and modification of the second year of the adopted budget. The review steps are largely the same as the original budget process, although on a smaller scale. The Council adopts by ordinance the adjustments to the second year of the final balanced biennial budget no later than December 31.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted at the fund level, on a biennial cycle. Transfers or revisions within budgets are allowed if approved by the Chief Administrative Officer. Only City Council has the authority to increase a given fund's annual budget. A budget ordinance summarizing Council approved increases or adjustments is adopted by Council on a quarterly basis. The budget amounts in the financial statements are the final amounts as revised during the year. Budget to Actual comparisons are only prepared for annually budgeted governmental funds.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds be presented in the annual financial statements, either within the basic financial statements or as required supplementary information. These statements must display original budgets, amended final budgets and actual results. The City presents the required budgetary statements within the basic financial statements, immediately following the governmental fund statements. Budgetary comparison schedules for the non-major special revenue funds are presented as supplemental information but are not part of the basic financial statements.

The table below shows the appropriation budgets as adopted, amendments and final budgets, not including transfers. The General Fund in the table below is the reporting General Fund and, as noted above, includes funds that have separate adopted budgets and budgetary schedules.

Fund		Original Budget	Supplemental Appropriations		Final Budget
General Fund	\$	92,829,440	\$ 25,329,110	9	118,158,550
Special Revenue Funds:					
Capital Resources		701,640	410,610		1,112,250
Street		12,853,770	7,099,180		19,952,950
Lodging Tax		229,190	(50,000)		179,190
Youth/Teen Programs		49,800	-		49,800
Criminal Justice		8,628,960	525,401		9,154,361
Housing & Community Development		1,534,750	3,734,184		5,268,934
Total	\$1	16,827,550	\$ 33,362,525	\$	150,190,075

Reconciliation of Budgetary Information to GAAP

For budgetary and managerial purposes, the City of Kent treats the General Fund, Public Safety Retiree, Other Operating Grants and Projects, and Kent Events Center funds separately. However, the latter three funds do not meet the criteria of a special revenue fund as set forth in GASB Statement No. 54 and for reporting purposes are presented in combination with the General Fund in order to comply with GAAP. Also, the School and Fire Impact Fee funds do not meet the criteria for custodial

funds under GASB Statement No. 84 and have also been combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes. However, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual on page 34 compares only the General Fund as adopted in the budget along with the related revenues and expenditures. It does not include the budget or actual data for the Public Safety Retiree, Other Operating Grants and Projects, Kent Events Center, or the Impact Fee Funds. Separate budgetary schedules are also presented for the Public Safety Retiree, Other Operating Grants and Projects, Kent Events Center, and Impact Fee funds on pages 162-165. The table below shows the combining of these funds with the General Fund for reporting purposes on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

	General	Public Safety	Grants &	Kent Events Center	Impact Fees	Elimin - 4! - v -	Revised General
Revenues:	Fund	Retiree	Projects	Fund	Fund	Eliminations	Fund
Taxes	\$ 94,818,816	_	_	_	_	_	\$ 94,818,816
Licenses & permits	7,171,129	_	_	_	_	_	7,171,129
Grants/shared revenues	3,297,871	_	_	1,633,435	_	_	4,931,306
Charges for service	5,328,184	_	_		3,951,519	-	9,279,703
Fines & forfeitures	809,293	_	_	_	-	-	809.293
Interest income	(314,780)	(13,573)	_	1,153	6,198	_	(321,002)
Unrealized net gain/(loss)	(0::,:00)	(10,010)		.,	0,.00		(02:,002)
in fair value of investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rent/lease income	735,918	_	_	_	_	_	735,918
Contributions & donations	15,552	963,537	13,600	1,633,434	_	_	2,626,123
Other miscellaneous revenue	726.685	-	-	4.458	_	_	731,143
Total Revenues	112,588,668	949.964	13,600	3,272,480	3.957.717	_	120,782,429
	112,000,000	0 10,00 1	10,000	0,272,100	0,007,777		120,102,120
Expenditures:							
Current:			<i>4</i> =				
General government	9,295,699	-	(94)	-	-	-	9,295,605
Judicial	3,386,007	-	-	-	-	-	3,386,007
Public safety	49,015,974	1,510,760	-	-	2,463,853	-	52,990,587
Community development	7,469,721	-	-	-	-	-	7,469,721
Leisure services	12,307,040	-	52,925	3,662,701	-	-	16,022,666
Health & human services	5,171,352	-	47,014		1,493,864	-	6,712,230
Capital outlay	81,737	-	52,020	65,997	-	-	199,754
Total expenditures	86,727,530	1,510,760	151,865	3,728,698	3,957,717	-	96,076,570
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues over (under)							
Expenditures	25,861,138	(560,796)	(138,265)	(456,218)	-	-	24,705,859
Other Financing Sources (Uses	s)						
Issuance of installment note	-	-	-	500,000	_	-	500,000
Transfers in* (see below)	1,442,364	250,000	248,175	945,268	_	-	2,885,807
Transfers out (see below)	(21,612,877)	, -	(125,000)	, <u>-</u>	-	-	(21,737,877)
Total other financing Sources	· /- /-		, -,,				· · · · · · ·
(Uses)	(20,170,513)	250,000	123,175	1,445,268	-	-	(18,352,070)
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,690,625	(310,796)	(15,090)	989,050	-	-	6,353,789
Fund Balance, January 1	41,969,901	1,582,264	722,730	2,990,845	-	-	47,265,740
Fund Balance, December 31	47,660,526	1,271,468	707,640	3,979,085	-	-	53,619,529

^{*} The following internal transfers between funds combined into the reporting General Fund are eliminated:

Less interfund transfers to:	Public Safety Retiree	\$	(250,000)
	Operating Grants & Pro	jects	(248,175)
	Events Center		(645,268)
	General Fund		(125,000)
	Total eliminations		(1,268,443)

e. ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION

(1) Deposits and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City of Kent has defined cash and cash equivalents as cash on hand, demand deposits, and all short-term investments, including restricted assets, with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase. Included in this category are all funds invested in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Investments (refer to Note 4)

The City generally reports investments at fair value and recognizes the corresponding change in fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The primary objectives, in priority order, of the city's investment activities are safety, liquidity, and return on investment. It is generally the City's policy to hold investments to maturity.

Investment Income

Except for certain specific investments, generally those held in trust for a specific purpose, the City maintains pooled cash and investments. Income from pooled cash and investments is allocated to the individual funds based on the fund's month end cash balance in relation to the total pooled investments. Interest earned on a specific fund's investments, if any, is credited to the fund holding the investment.

(2) **Receivables** (refer to Note 5)

Taxes receivable consists of property taxes (refer to Note 12), sales taxes, and City assessed business and occupation, utility, lodging, real-estate excise taxes and gambling taxes and related interest and penalties. Accrued interest receivable consists of amounts earned on investments, notes, and contracts at the end of the year.

Customer accounts consist of amounts owed from private individuals or organizations for goods or services including amounts owed for which billings have not been prepared. Notes and contracts receivable consist of amounts owed on open account from private individuals or organizations for goods and services rendered.

Special assessments are recorded when levied. Special assessments receivable consists of current and delinquent assessments and related interest and penalties. Unavailable revenue reported on the fund financial statements consist of unbilled special assessments that are liens against the property benefited.

All receivables are shown on the financial statements net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, if applicable.

(3) Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of bonds, required reserves for outstanding bonds, or unspent bond proceeds, if any, are classified as restricted on the balance sheet or statement of net position because their use is restricted by applicable bond covenants.

(4) Inventory and prepaid items

Inventories carried in Proprietary Funds are valued at cost under the first-in first-out method. A physical count is taken at year-end. Governmental Funds use the purchase method whereby inventory items are considered expenditures when purchased. The inventory recorded in governmental activities arises from the inclusion of the Internal Service Funds into governmental activities.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The City uses the consumption method to account for prepaid items.

(5) Deferred outflows

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position (expenditure/expense) that applies to a future period and thus is shown on the Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position until the period that it becomes an expenditure/expense.

(6) Deferred inflows

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position (revenue) that applies to a future period and thus is shown on the Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position until the period that it becomes revenue.

(7) **Compensated Absences** (also refer to Note 9 *Long-term Obligations* and Note 13 *Personnel Benefits*)

Annual leave, based on a graduated scale of years of employment, is credited to each employee as it accrues. The maximum annual leave accrual for permanent employees is 240 hours. At the end of 2021, the city allowed employees to carry an additional 40 hours for a total of 280 maximum into 2022. Upon employment termination, payment is made to the employee for the unused leave.

Employees are granted one sick leave day per month. The maximum an employee may accumulate and whether there is any payment of unused sick leave at termination varies according to union contract.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are accrued only when due. For the government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary fund financial statements, all the outstanding vacation, compensatory time and benefits are recorded as a liability at year end. Compensated absences are liquidated when mature by the various operating funds accruing the liability.

(8) Refunded (Defeased) Bonds

The government may, from time to time, choose to refinance (defease) outstanding debt to take advantage of lower interest rates. In a *current refunding*, the proceeds of the refunding debt are applied immediately to pay off (redeem) the refunded debt. In other cases, the government may be prevented from redeeming debt prior to maturity or a contractually agreed upon call date. In an *advance refunding*, the proceeds of the refunding debt are placed in an irrevocable trust to make the future debt payments on the refunded debt. With a current or advanced refunding, the refunded debt is removed from the government's books and the refunding debt is added.

Refer to Note 9 for further disclosures related to any current year debt refunding transactions, or any advance refunding where funds are still being held in a trust account for future payment of defeased bonds.

f. **ENCUMBRANCES**

The City of Kent does not formally use the encumbrance mode of accounting. The City's purchasing system records encumbrances for the budget status reports, but since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, encumbrances are not reported in either the fund financial statements or the government-wide financial statements. For operating funds, amounts not expended within the budget year lapse. For project funds, budgets remain available until completion of the project.

g. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSFERS (also refer to Note 6)

Because governmental units operate with a number of funds, each performing its specific functions, there are instances where funds are required to do business with each other. This business can be categorized as either an interfund transaction or an interfund transfer.

(1) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are divided into two categories: interfund services provided and used and reimbursements.

Interfund services provided and used transactions are those transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures or expenses if they involved parties external to the City. These types of transactions are accounted for as ordinary revenues, expenditures or expenses of the funds involved. An example of this type of transaction is when the Parks Department buys water from the Water Department. This transaction is treated as an expenditure to the Parks Department and as a revenue to the Water Department.

Reimbursement transactions occur when expenditures are initially made from one fund but are more appropriately applicable to another fund. These items are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures or expenses in the fund initially charged. An example of this type of transaction occurs when the Public Works and Finance Departments allocate a certain amount of their time to provide services for the Utility Divisions administratively overseen by those departments (i.e. the Water and Sewer Utilities are administratively under the Public Works Department and Customer Service and Meter Reading are administratively under the Finance Department). The expense is charged to the Utility Divisions with a corresponding reduction of expenses in the Public Works and Finance Departments. These reductions are accounted for in separate organizational units so both gross and net expenditures may be tracked.

(2) Interfund Transfers

Transfers are required where revenue is generated in one fund and expenditures are paid for in other funds. The majority of transfers occur with respect to capital projects where certain General and Special Revenue Fund revenues are transferred to finance various capital projects. Other operating transfers of a recurring nature are required to fund debt service. A summary of transfers by fund type is shown in Note 6. More detail on transfers may also be found on the Schedule of Interfund Transfers on pages 176-178 in the Other Supplementary Section of this document.

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either *interfund loans receivable/payable* (loans with an original length of greater than one year) or *due to/from other funds* (loans less than one year). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements *as internal balances*. A separate schedule of interfund loans receivable and payable is furnished in Note 6, *Interfund Balances and Transfers*.

h. CAPITAL ASSETS

All capital assets, whether owned by governmental activities or business-type activities, are recorded and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. The City has chosen not to apply the modified approach to any networks or subsystems of infrastructure assets. No long-term assets or depreciation are shown in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets and depreciation are recorded in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Capital assets, including public domain infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the City), and property, plant, and equipment are defined by

the City as assets to be used in operations with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of three or more years.

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset group as shown in the table below:

Depreciation Schedule					
Buildings	10-50 Years				
Site Improvements	10-50 Years				
Infrastructure	15-50 Years				
Equipment	3-25 Years				

Property, Plant and Equipment for governmental activities is stated at cost or acquisition value at the date of donation in the case of donated assets. Purchase and construction of such assets are recorded as expenditures in the appropriate Governmental Fund and capitalized for government-wide reporting. Property, Plant and Equipment in the Proprietary Funds is stated at cost, or in the case of donated assets, at acquisition value at the date of donation. Depreciation is recorded in the proprietary fund statements.

Incomplete capital projects, including infrastructure, are capitalized as construction in progress at year end. Assets are transferred from construction in progress to the appropriate property, plant and equipment asset category when the asset is substantially complete and available for its intended use. Street related right of way purchases are recorded as land purchases.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the useful life of the asset are not capitalized. Major improvements that materially add to the capacity or serviceability or extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Capital assets transferred between funds are transferred at their net book value (cost less accumulated depreciation) or net realizable value, if lower, as of the date of the transfer.

i. **PENSIONS** (refer to Note 13)

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of all state sponsored pension plans and additions to/deductions from those plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Pension liabilities are liquidated when mature by the various operating funds accruing the liability.

The net pension assets, deferred outflows, net pension liabilities and deferred inflows of the various pension plans are allocated on the proprietary fund statements and government-wide statements based on the number of City employees by fund participating in the plans. Since PERS 1 and LEOFF 1 are closed plans, PERS 1 is allocated using the PERS 2/3 allocation percentages. LEOFF 1 is 100 percent police.

Related restricted net position of the net pension asset is calculated using the GASB preferred method which is equal to the net pension asset balance, excluding deferred inflows and deferred outflows.

j. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (refer to Note 13)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the City Retiree Benefits Plan, and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the City KPOA VEBA Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting while the government-wide financial statements are prepared on a long-term economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Reconciliations briefly explaining the adjustments necessary to transform the fund financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements immediately follow each fund financial statement. Additional reconciliations are provided below.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities:

		Total Governmental	Long-term Assets /	Internal Service	Eliminations/	Statement of
		Funds	Liabilities (1)	Funds (2)	Reclass (3)	Net Position
Assets:						
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	48,867,178	-	11,194,016	-	60,061,194
Investments at fair value		103,134,216	-	23,711,606	-	126,845,822
Receivables, net		25,690,929	-	370,960	-	26,061,889
Internal balances		-	-	-	(2,372,019)	(2,372,019)
Due from other governments		924,099	-	-	-	924,099
Inventory, at cost		-	-	442,808	-	442,808
Prepaid items		47,047	-	468,039	-	515,086
Interfund loan receivable		-	-	51,099	(51,099)	-
Investment in joint venture		-	10,901,977	-	-	10,901,977
Restricted cash & cash equivalents						
Cash with fiscal agent		1,813,356	-	44,562	-	1,857,918
Cash and cash equivalents		5,500,170	-	-	-	5,500,170
Investments		11,528,220	-	-	-	11,528,220
Note receivable from component unit		-	85,983,420	-	-	85,983,420
Less: Allowance for uncollectible		-	(85,983,420)	-	-	(85,983,420)
Net pension asset		-	61,114,861	4,754,754	-	65,869,615
Capital assets, net		-	770,186,045	17,299,037	-	787,485,082
Total Assets	\$	197,505,215	842,202,883	58,336,881	(2,423,118)	1,095,621,861
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Deferred loss on bond refunding		-	37,303,337	-	-	37,303,337
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		-	119,980	-	-	119,980
Deferred outflows related to pensions		-	6,413,832	627,214	-	7,041,046
Total deferred outflows		-	43,837,149	627,214	-	44,464,363
Total assets & deferred outflows	\$_	197,505,215	886,040,032	58,964,095	(2,423,118)	1,140,086,224
Liabilities:						
Vouchers payable	\$	4,707,881	-	1,045,484	-	5,753,365
Accounts/payroll payable		5,743,350	(140,258)	413,747	-	6,016,839
		Total	Long-term	Internal		
		Governmental	Assets /	Service	Eliminations/	Statement of

	Funds	Liabilities (1)	Funds (2)	Reclass (3)	Net Position
Incurred but not reported claims payable	36,500	-	6,547,200	-	6,583,700
Due to other governments	35,114	-	-	-	35,114
Accrued interest payable	-	243,208	-	-	243,208
Unearned revenue	18,569,220	-	-	-	18,569,220
Interfund loan payable – current	552,116	-	-	(552,116)	-
Compensated absences – current	-	2,670,126	336,137	-	3,006,263
Contracts, leases, notes – current	-	873,570	-	-	873,570
General obligation bonds – current	-	4,885,000	-	-	4,885,000
Interfund loan payable – long-term	1,871,002	-	-	(1,871,002)	-
Compensated absences – long-term	-	2,828,903	262,408	-	3,091,311
Contracts, leases, notes – long-term	-	3,463,862	-	-	3,463,862
General obligation bonds – long-term	-	67,214,314	-	-	67,214,314
Net pension liability	-	3,433,971	478,512	-	3,912,483
Total OPEB liability – long-term	-	24,532,979	-	-	24,532,979
Total Liabilities	\$ 31,515,183	110,005,675	9,083,488	(2,423,118)	148,181,228
Deferred Inflows:					
Unavailable revenue	3,624,566	(1,113,422)	-	-	2,511,144
Deferred inflows related to pensions	-	45,750,644	4,984,353	-	50,734,997
Total deferred inflows	3,624,566	44,637,222	4,984,353	-	53,246,141
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows	\$ 35,139,749	154,642,897	14,067,841	(2,423,118)	201,427,369
Fund Balance/Net Position:					
Total fund balance/net position	\$ 162,365,466	731,397,135	44,896,254	-	938,658,855
Total liabilities, deferred inflows & fund	 ·	·	_	·	
Balance/net position	\$ 197,505,215	886,040,032	58,964,095	(2,423,118)	1,140,086,224

(1) When capital assets (infrastructure, land, buildings, equipment, etc.) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, and thus a reduction in fund balance. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City.

Cost of capital assets	\$1,242,212,264
Accumulated Depreciation	(472,026,219)
	770,186,045

The investment in joint venture is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds but is included in the statement of net position.

\$ 10,901,977

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid, but is accrued and reported on the statement of net position.

\$ (243,208)

Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.

Compensated absences – current	\$ (2,529,868)
Contracts, leases, notes – current	(873,570)
General obligation bonds – current	(4,885,000)
Compensated absences – long-term	(2,828,903)
Contracts, leases, notes – long-term	(3,463,862)
General obligation bonds (net) – long-term	(67,214,314)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(45,750,644)
Net pension liability	(3,433,971)
Total OPEB liability – long-term	(24,532,979)
	\$ (155,513,111)

Long-term assets applicable to governmental activities are not current financial resources available to pay current liabilities and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds but are included in the government-wide statements.

Deferred outflows related to OPEB	\$ 119,980
Deferred outflows related to pensions	6,413,832
Net pension asset	61,114,861
·	\$ 67,648,673

Loss on refunding bonds does not create or use current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds, but is a deferred outflow amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of net position.

37,303,337

Unavailable revenue for the long-term special assessment receivables shown on the governmental funds

statements is not included on the statement of net position. Also, property tax revenues deferred under modified accrual for the governmental fund statements is recognized as revenue in the year earned under accrual accounting for the government-wide statements.

accidal accounting for the government-wide statements.			
Unavailable special assessment revenue	\$	678,079	
Deferred property tax revenue		405,237	
Deferred other revenue		30,106	
	\$	1,113,422	
management, central services, facilities management, and self-insurance, to the individual operating f	funds.		
Internal Service Funds net position	\$	44,896,254	
	Unavailable special assessment revenue Deferred property tax revenue Deferred other revenue Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as management, central services, facilities management, and self-insurance, to the individual operating for the assets and liabilities of the internal services funds are included in the governmental activities is statement of net position but are not included on the governmental funds balance sheet.	Unavailable special assessment revenue Deferred property tax revenue Deferred other revenue Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet management, central services, facilities management, and self-insurance, to the individual operating funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal services funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position but are not included on the governmental funds balance sheet.	Unavailable special assessment revenue \$ 678,079 Deferred property tax revenue 405,237 Deferred other revenue 30,106 \$ 1,113,422 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet management, central services, facilities management, and self-insurance, to the individual operating funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal services funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position but are not included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

statement of net position but are not included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Internal Service Funds net position

(3) Certain interfund transactions between governmental activities are eliminated in the consolidation of those activities for the statement of net position.

Interfund receivables

 Interfund receivables
 \$ 2,423,118

 Interfund payables
 (2,423,118)

 \$

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the government-wide Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities:

	Total Governmental		Capital Asset Transactions	Debt Transactions	Internal Service I	Eliminations/	Statement of
	Funds	Expenses (1)	(2)	(3)	Funds (4)	Reclass (5)	Activities
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 32,052,967	(118,244)	-	-	-	-	31,934,723
Sales & use taxes	39,198,901	-	-	-	-	-	39,198,901
Utility taxes	32,515,784	-	-	-	-	-	32,515,784
Business & occupancy taxes	17,060,649	-	-	-	-	-	17,060,649
Real estate excise taxes	10,694,081	-	-	-	-	-	10,694,081
Lodging taxes	222,759	-	-	-	-	-	222,759
Other taxes	613,502	-	-	-	-	-	613,502
Licenses & permits:							
Building permits	3,612,485	-	-	-	-	-	3,612,485
Other licenses & permits	4,124,589	-	-	-	-	-	4,124,589
Intergovernmental revenues	25,219,734	-	-	650,588	-	-	25,870,322
Charges for service:							
Park & recreation fees	303,940	-	-	-	-	-	303,940
Other fees & charges	11,595,403	-	-	-	49,474	-	11,644,877
Fines & forfeitures	5,379,869	-	-	-	-	-	5,379,869
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Special assessments	779,313	(178,045)	-		-	_	601,268
Interest income	1,763,188	(92,040)	-	-	302,152	-	1,973,300
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in		, ,					
FMV of investments	(2,300,225)	-	-	-	(531,341)	-	(2,831,566)
Gain(loss) on disposal of capital	, , ,				,		, , ,
assets	-	-	1,057,305	-	(1,023,913)	-	33,392
Rent/lease income	783,522	-	-	-	70,446	-	853,968
Contributions & donations	2,686,942	-	-	-	97,751	-	2,784,693
Other miscellaneous revenue	1,297,655	(4,458)	-	-	2,029,988	_	3,323,185
Total Revenue	\$187,605,058	(392,787)	1,057,305	650,588	994,557	-	189,914,721
Expenditures/Expenses:	, , ,	, ,		,	,		
Current:							
General government	13,853,461	-	1,020,774	(1,730,830)	63,103	_	13,206,508
Judicial	3,386,007	_	49,576	(499,698)	42,404	_	2,978,289
Public safety	59,540,990	_	235,301	(6,867,539)	1,154,597	_	54,063,349
Community development	7,641,488	_	· -	(1,088,788)	136,623	_	6,689,323
Public works	15,881,550	_	13,956,512	(3,168,607)	(53,245)	_	26,616,210
Leisure services	17,893,462	_	6,679,205	(1,935,023)		_	22,863,438
Health & human services	8,944,190	_	6,181	(1,114,148)	129,438	_	7,965,661
Debt service:	-,- ,		-,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-,		,,
Principal	5,287,190	_	_	(5,287,190)	_	_	_
Interest	3,109,646	(17,841)	-	3,352,705	_	_	6,444,510
Capital outlay	18,591,861	-	(18,591,861)				

	Total expenditures/expenses	\$154,129,845	(17,841)	3,355,688	(18,339,118)	1,698,714			140,827,288
	er sources/(uses):	500,000			(500,000)				
	ance of installment note nge in investment in joint ventu	500,000 re -	-	1,337,422	(500,000)	-		-	1,337,422
	tributed capital	-	-	1,781,852	-	-		-	1,781,852
Trar	nsfers in	42,124,659	-	-	-	6,833,592	(48,928,	420)	29,831
Trar	rsfers out	(48,269,702)	-	(1,346)	(500,000)	(657,372)	48,928,	420	- 0 1 10 105
	Total other sources/(uses)	\$ (5,645,043)	-	3,117,928	(500,000)	6,176,220		-	3,149,105
Net	change in fund balance/ net position	\$ 27,830,170	(374,946)	819,545	18,489,706	5,472,063			52,236,538
(1) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Accrual of compensated absences Interest expense accrual Total OPEB obligation									1,141) 7,841 <u>5,555</u> 2,255
Other revenue(4									8,244) <u>4,458)</u> 2,702)
	Special assessment principal statements because they pro activities.							(27	0,085)
(2) When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of the financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of the depreciation expense charged for the year. Capital outlay Depreciation expense							in as es ar. \$		1,861 <u>7,549)</u> 5,688)
The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as revenue in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital asset is removed from the capital asset account in the statement of net position and offset against the sales proceeds resulting in a gain or loss on disposal of capital assets in the statement of activities.									
			Net cos	st of capital as	sets disposed of	of	\$	1,057	7,305
	Donations of capital assets are as revenue on the statement of		governmenta	al fund financia	al statements b	ut are report	ed		
			Develo	per donated a	ssets		\$	1,78	1,852
	The change in the value of the investment in joint venture does not create or use current financial resources and therefore is not reported on the governmental fund financial statements but is reported on the statement of activities.							1,33	7,422
	The transfer of capital assets be fund statements but is a transf				not shown in the	e governmen	tal		
			Transfe	ers in				(1,346)

(3) Payment of long-term debt is reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and thus has the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. For the government-wide statements, principal payments on debt reduce the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and

	do not result in an expense in the statement of activities.			
	Principal payme	ents	\$	5,287,190
	The issuance of long-term debt provides financial resources in the government-wide statements. Issuance of not	· ·	\$	(500,000)
		they provide or use current financial are recognized (amortized) over the premium/discount	\$	722,601
	Amortization of	loss on refunding	_	(4,075,306)
			\$	(3,352,705)
	Certain transactions related to pensions do not create current finance reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the governmental State on-behalf Change in pensions.	wide financial statements. payments	\$	650,588 15,780,219 16,430,807
(4)	Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs management, central services, facilities management, and self-insurance. The net revenue or expense of the internal service funds is reported statement of activities.	ce, to the individual operating funds.	\$	5,472,063
(5)	Interfund transfers between governmental activities are eliminated in the the statement of activities. The elimination is reflected as a reduction eliminate the doubling up effect of these transactions within the governmental transfers in Transfers out	of transfers in and transfers out to	\$	(48,928,420) 48,928,420 -

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The City has complied with all material finance-related legal or contractual provisions. For fiscal year 2021, expenditures are within legal budget appropriations for all City funds.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposits and investment practices of the City of Kent are accounted for with a modified pooled cash arrangement. All investment activity of the City must be in compliance with Chapters 35.39 and 39.59 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) and any other statutes or regulatory requirements which may apply. The City's investment policy presented in the Kent City Code Chapter 3.02, allows investments consisting of the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, U.S. Treasury Obligations, Government Sponsored Enterprises Agency Securities (including, but not limited to, Federal Home Loan Bank notes and bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Federal Farm credit Bank bonds), Repurchase Agreements, Bankers' Acceptances, Commercial Paper, Certificates of Deposit, Bonds of the State of Washington and local governments within the State of Washington, General Obligation Bonds of other state and local governments outside Washington, Corporate Notes, and Supranational Bonds.

Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, deposits, and investments to Statement of Net Position:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
From Statement of Net Position:	
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 89,290,464
Investments, at fair value	188,718,252
Restricted cash with fiscal agent/trustee	1,939,500
Restricted cash & cash equivalents	5,574,296
Restricted investments	11,685,788
Total from Statement of Net Position	\$ 297,208,300
Summary by Type:	
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 15,847,386
State Pool (cash equivalents)	79,017,374
Deposits with fiscal agent/trustee	1,939,500
Investments	200,404,040
Total by Type	\$ 297,208,300
	_
COMPONENT UNIT	
Special Events Center PFD:	
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 11,270
Investments	21,228
Total Cash & Investments	\$ 32,498

a. **DEPOSITS**

Custodial credit risk is the risk associated with the failure of a depository financial institution. In the event of a depository financial institution's failure, it is the risk that the City would not be able to recover its deposits or collateralized securities that are in the possession of the outside parties.

The City's deposits are entirely covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). The PDPC is a statutory authority established under Chapter 39.58 of the Revised Code of Washington.

b. **INVESTMENTS**

(1) Investments Measured at Amortized Costs:

Investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), a qualified external investment pool, are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The LGIP is an unrated external investment pool. The LGIP portfolio is invested in a manner that meets the maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity requirements set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board in Statement No. 79 for external investment pools that elect to measure, for financial reporting purposes, investments at amortized costs. The LGIP does not have any legally binding guarantees of share values. The LGIP does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals. Participants in the LGIP are offered 100 percent liquidity on a daily basis, provided notification is made within specified times. Each month, earnings from the LGIP are deposited to the City's bank account.

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Government Investment Pool, an external investment pool operated by the Washington State Treasurer. The pool is not rated and not registered with the SEC. Rather, oversight is provided by the State Finance Committee in accordance with RCW 43.250. Investments in the LGIP are reported at amortized cost, which is the same as the value of the pool per share. The LGIP does not impose any restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The State Investment Pool was authorized by State statute Chapter 294, Laws of 1986, and is managed and operated by the State Treasurer. The State Finance Committee is the administrator of the statute that created

the pool and adopts rules. The State Treasurer is responsible for establishing the investment policy for the pool and reviews the policy annually and proposed changes are reviewed by the LGIP advisory Committee.

The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a stand-alone LGIP financial report. A copy of the report is available from the Office of the State Treasurer, PO Box 40200, Olympia, Washington 98504-0200, online at http://www.tre.wa.gov.

- (2) It is the City's practice to invest temporary cash surpluses. The interest on these investments is prorated to the various funds.
- (3) Investments Measured at Fair Value:

The City measures and reports investments other than the LGIP at fair value.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt instruments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy: (1) sets maximum maturities for the various allowable investment types (generally none exceed five years); (2) directs structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements, when known, for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity; and (3) requires investing liquidity funds primarily in short-term instruments (i.e. investments maturing in less than one year). As of December 31, 2021, the weighted average maturity for the portfolio was 931 days. Participants' balances in the LGIP are not subject to interest rate risk, as the weighted average maturity of the portfolio will not exceed 90 days. As of December 31, 2021, the LGIP had a weighted average maturity of 34 days.

As of December 31, 2021, the City held the following investments:

		Fair Value Investment Maturities									
Investment Type	Book Value	Fair Market Value	<1 Year	1-2 Years	3-5 Years	% of Portfolio					
U.S. Treasury	\$122,987,427	\$122,396,045	\$17,059,794	\$42,275,940	\$63,060,311	60.32%					
Federal Agency	28,238,860	27,990,419	-	10,523,715	17,466,704	13.79%					
Corporate Notes Supranationals	35,909,456 12,212,722	35,996,958 12,068,884	790,876 -	6,743,465 4,792,225	28,462,617 7,276,659	17.74% 5.95%					
Municipal Obligations	4,399,819	4,457,497	-	-	4,457,497	2.20%					
Total Investments	203,748,284	202,909,803	17,850,670	64,335,345	120,723,788	100.0%					
Less restricted investments Less: investments held by		157,568									
Fiduciary Funds	,	2,484,535									
Component unit		21,228									
Statement of net position	n	\$200,246,472									

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment may not fulfill its obligations. State statute, as well as City policy, set requirements for the minimum credit ratings from a nationally recognized rating agency for the various types of investments. City policy further set guidelines for the maximum portfolio allocation by investment type and issuer. The credit risk of the LGIP is limited as most investments are either obligations of the US government, government sponsored enterprises, or insured demand accounts and certificates of deposit. The credit ratings of the City's investments are as follows:

Nestment Type		Ratir	ngs				
United States Treasury	Investment Type				% of Investments		
United States Treasury				Total	60.32%		
Fannie Mae		Aaa	AA+		60.32%		
Fannie Mae	Federal Agency			Total	13.79%		
Freddie Mac Aaa AA+ 4.62% Corporate Note Total 17.74% Abbott Laboratories A1 AA- 0.54% Adobe Inc A2 A+ 0.06% American Honda Finance A3 A- 0.92% Apple Inc Aaa AA+ 0.53% Bank of America CO A2 A- 0.85% Bank of Montreal A2 A- 0.86% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.86% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.46% Novartis AG A1 <td><u> </u></td> <td>Aaa</td> <td>AA+</td> <td></td> <td>7.89%</td>	<u> </u>	Aaa	AA+		7.89%		
Freddie Mac Aaa AA+ 4.62% Corporate Note Total 17.74% Abbott Laboratories A1 AA- 0.54% Adobe Inc A2 A+ 0.06% American Honda Finance A3 A- 0.92% Apple Inc Aaa AA+ 0.53% Bank of America CO A2 A- 0.85% Bank of Montreal A2 A- 0.86% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.86% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.46% Novartis AG A1 <td>Federal Home Loan Banks</td> <td>Aaa</td> <td>AA+</td> <td></td> <td>1.28%</td>	Federal Home Loan Banks	Aaa	AA+		1.28%		
Abbott Laboratories A1 AA- 0.54% Adobe Inc A2 A+ 0.06% American Honda Finance A3 A- 0.92% Apple Inc Aaa AA+ 0.53% Bank of America CO A2 A- 0.85% Bank of Montreal A2 A- 0.86% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 A- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chasse & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA	Freddie Mac	Aaa	AA+				
Abbott Laboratories A1 AA- 0.54% Adobe Inc A2 A+ 0.06% American Honda Finance A3 A- 0.92% Apple Inc Aaa AA+ 0.53% Bank of Mentreal A2 A- 0.56% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.64% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.65% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.64% Commonwealth Bank of Australia A3 AA- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chase & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA A3 AA- 0.46% Novartis AG	Corporate Note			Total	17.74%		
Adobe Inc A2 A+ 0.06% American Honda Finance A3 A- 0.92% Apple Inc Aaa AA+ 0.53% Bank of America CO A2 A- 0.85% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chase & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA Aa3 AA- 0.48% Novartis AG A1 A 0.62% PNC Financial Services Group <td>•</td> <td>A1</td> <td>AA-</td> <td></td> <td>0.54%</td>	•	A1	AA-		0.54%		
Apple Inc Aaa AA+ 0.53% Bank of America CO A2 A- 0.85% Bank of Montreal A2 A- 0.56% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chase & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA Aa3 AA- 0.46% Novartis AG A1 AA- 0.62% Novariis AG A1 AA- 0.48% Royal Bank of Canada	Adobe Inc	A2	A+		0.06%		
Bank of America CO A2 A- 0.85% Bank of Montreal A2 A- 0.56% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chase & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA Aa3 AA- 0.46% Novartis AG A1 A 0.46% PNC Financial Services Group A3 A- 0.48% Royal Dutch Shell PLC Aa2 A+ 0.70% Sumitomo Mitsu Trust Holdings Inc A1 A 0.76%	American Honda Finance	A3	A-		0.92%		
Bank of America CO A2 A- 0.85% Bank of Montreal A2 A- 0.56% Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chase & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA Aa3 AA- 0.46% Novartis AG A1 A 0.46% PNC Financial Services Group A3 A- 0.48% Royal Dutch Shell PLC Aa2 A+ 0.70% Sumitomo Mitsu Trust Holdings Inc A1 A 0.76%	Apple Inc	Aaa	AA+		0.53%		
Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chase & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA Aa3 AA- 0.46% Novartis AG A1 AA- 0.62% PNC Financial Services Group A3 A- 0.46% Royal Bank of Canada A1 A 0.62% Royal Dutch Shell PLC Aa2 A+ 0.70% Sumitomo Mitsu Trust Holdings Inc A1 A 0.85% The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation A1 A 0.64%			A-				
Bank of Nova Scotia A2 A- 0.86% BMW Financial Services NA LLC A2 A 0.55% Caterpillar Inc A2 A 0.64% Charles Schwab A2 A 0.20% Commonwealth Bank of Australia Aa3 AA- 0.72% Deere & Company A2 A 0.64% IBM Corp A3 A- 1.05% Intel Corporation A1 A+ 0.39% JP Morgan Chase & CO A2 A- 1.01% Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc A1 A 0.48% Nestle SA Aa3 AA- 0.46% Novartis AG A1 AA- 0.62% Novartis AG A1 AA- 0.62% PNC Financial Services Group A3 A- 0.48% Royal Bank of Canada A1 A 0.62% Royal Dutch Shell PLC Aa2 A+ 0.70% Sumitomo Mitsu Trust Holdings Inc A1 A 0.85%	Bank of Montreal	A2	A-		0.56%		
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State of Maryland Aaa AAA 0.49%							
	State of Wisconsin	Aa1	AA+		0.19%		

¹ U.S. Treasury issues are explicitly guaranteed by the United States government and are not subject to credit risk

Concentration of Credit Risk: According to the City's investment policy, with the exception of U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and the LGIP, no more than 25% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in securities offered by a single issuer. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, the City will report any

investment in any one issuer that is 5% or more of the total City portfolio. As of December 31, 2021, the City did not have any investments meeting that criterion.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that all security transactions entered into by the City are conducted on delivery-versus-payment (DVP) and that securities are to be held in safekeeping at the trust department of the City's primary bank. The custodian provides the City with monthly market values along with safekeeping receipts. Per GASB Statement No. 40 guidelines, the LGIP balances are not subject to custodial credit risk.

(4) Fair value hierarchy:

The City measures and records it investments within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

The guidelines in GASB Statement 72 recognize a three-tied fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the government can access at the measurement date. Observable markets include exchange markets, dealer markets, brokered markets and principal-to-principal markets.
- Level 2: These are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for
 the asset or liability (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, credit spreads). Inputs
 are derived from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation including
 quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or inactive markets.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. Only should be used when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable.

Fair	Value Measure	ements	Using			
	Amount	In A Mark Identica	d Prices active ets for al Assets vel 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	-
Investments by fair value level	Amount	(20		(2010: 2)	(2010.0)	
Debt Securities:						
U.S. Treasury	\$122,396,04	5 \$	122,396,045	\$ -	\$	-
Federal Agency	27,990,41	9	-	27,990,419		-
Corporate Notes	35,996,95	8	-	35,996,958		-
Supranationals	12,068,88	4	-	12,068,884	i e	-
Municipal Obligations	4,457,49	7	-	4,457,497		-
Sub-totals	\$202,909,80	3 \$	122,396,045	\$80,513,758	\$	
Investments measured at amortized cost State LGIP (cash equivalents)	\$ 80,006,16	5 \$	80,006,165	-		-
Total investments (incl LGIP)	\$282,915,96	8 \$	202,402,210	\$80,513,758	\$	<u> </u>

5. RECEIVABLES

The following table lists the receivables and accrued revenue by fund type and by source:

	Taxe	s		Accounts		lowances for ncollectable	As	ssessments & Notes	Accrued Interest	Total
Governmental Activities:										
General Fund	\$12,583,	965	\$	639,172	\$	(13,807)	\$	-	\$581,773 \$	13,791,103
Capital Resources Fund	2,003,	096	·	429	Ċ	- '	•	-	·	2,003,525
Special Assessments Fund		-		-		-		3,222,890	-	3,222,890
Street Capital Projects Fund		-		1,242,854		(38)		-	-	1,242,816
Other Governmental Funds	3,401,	127		2,033,586		(4,118)		-	-	5,430,595
Internal Service Funds		-		372,040		(1,080)		-	-	370,960
Subtotal	\$17,988,	188	\$	4,288,081	\$	(19,043)	\$	3,222,890	\$581,773 \$	26,061,889
Business-Type Activities:										
Water Fund	\$	-	\$	2,443,184	\$	(4,748)	\$	-	\$ - \$	2,438,436
Sewerage Fund		-		4,167,986		(1,463)		-	-	4,166,523
Drainage Fund		-		3,552,090		(18,745)		-	-	3,533,345
Solid Waste Fund		-		82,415		(69)		-	-	82,346
Golf Complex Fund		-		4,641				-	-	4,641
Subtotal	\$	-	\$	10,250,316	\$	(25,025)	\$	-	\$ - \$	10,225,291
Total Primary Government	\$17,988,	188	\$	14,538,397	\$	(44,068)	\$	3,222,890	\$581,773 \$	36,287,180
Component Unit:										
Special Events Center PFD			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$	236,205
Total Component Unit	\$ 236,	205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$	236,205

The City of Kent uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for its Governmental Funds and the full accrual basis of accounting for its Proprietary and Pension Trust Funds as described in Note 1.c. In adopting this basis of accounting, the City recognizes revenue by recording various receivables and accrued revenue in its financial statements. The revenue recognition criterion by source is as follows:

a. TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable consists of property taxes, sales taxes, and City assessed business and occupation, utility, lodging, real-estate excise taxes, and gambling taxes.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 of each year. The taxes receivable at year end reflect only delinquent taxes. Revenue is recognized to the extent of collections within sixty days of year end. Taxes to be received beyond this period are recorded as deferred inflows. See Note 12 for additional details on property taxes.

Sales tax and lodging tax are collected by the state and remitted to the City on the last day of each month. Sales tax revenue is accrued at year end per GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions."

City assessed utility taxes are primarily due monthly and business and occupation taxes, gambling taxes and admissions taxes are generally due quarterly. The payment is generally due on the last day of the following month. Revenue is recognized to the extent of collections within sixty days of year end.

b. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

In the General Fund, accounts receivable represent billing for miscellaneous licenses, permits, fines, and damages. In the Special Revenue and Capital Project Funds, accounts receivable generally

represent billings for reimbursement for grants for which the services have been provided. Enterprise Funds accounts receivable are primarily for utility amounts billed but uncollected at year end plus accruals for revenues earned but unbilled at year end. Accounts receivable are shown at net. See table above for allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts by fund type.

c. ASSESSMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Special Assessments Fund accounts for assessments receivable used for redeeming special assessment bonds. The City has assessments and miscellaneous notes receivable in its Proprietary Funds for development charges and notes in lieu of assessments.

Under the Contingent Loan Agreement (see Note 17 - Contingencies) between the City and the Kent Public Facilities District, a discretely presented component unit of the City, the City has to date made \$36,682,236 in debt payments on behalf of the District. On December 31, 2021 the City recorded a note receivable of \$38,983,420 (including interest) from the District on the governmental activities of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Additionally, in 2016, the City refunded the 2008 PFD Sales Tax Bonds with City General Obligation Bonds while creating an interlocal note receivable from the PFD for the debt service on the new bonds (see Note 16 for additional information). At December 31, 2021, this note is \$47,000,000. Since the City believes the likelihood of the District being able to repay these notes is remote, the City has also recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts for the entire balance of these notes.

6. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

INTERFUND BALANCES

The following interfund balances are shown in the fund statements as of December 31, 2021:

	 erfund Loan eceivable	Interfund Loan Payable		
Governmental Activities:				
Governmental Funds:				
Street Capital Projects Fund	\$ -	\$	2,423,118	
Internal Service Funds:				
Insurance Fund	51,099		-	
Business-type Activities:				
Proprietary Funds:				
Enterprise Funds:				
Drainage Utility Fund	2,372,019		-	
Totals	\$ 2,423,118	\$	2,423,118	

The net internal balances shown on the Statement of Net Position is due from governmental activities to business-type activities.

During fiscal year 2015, the City established interfund loans to the Street Capital Project Fund totaling \$1,800,000 (\$1,000,000 from the Drainage Utility Fund and \$800,000 from the Insurance Fund) to fund a street lighting conversion project. These loans are to be paid back over a period not to exceed nine years beginning in fiscal year 2016 and currently accrue 1.2% interest. At December 31, 2021, the outstanding loans balances are \$63,872 to Drainage and \$51,099 to Insurance for a total of \$114,971.

During fiscal year 2016, the City established an interfund loan to the Street Capital Projects Fund for

\$1,000,000 from the Drainage Utility Fund to fund a street improvement project. This loan is to be repaid over a period not to exceed nine years, beginning in 2016 and currently accrues 1.25% interest. At December 31, 2021, \$347,198 remains outstanding on this loan.

During fiscal year 2018, the City established an interfund loan to the Street Capital Projects Fund for \$3,200,000 from the Drainage Utility Fund to fund a LID 363 street improvement project. This loan is to be repaid over a period not to exceed ten years, beginning in 2018 and currently accrues 1.68% interest. At December 31, 2021, \$1,960,949 remains outstanding on this loan.

TRANSFERS

A summary of transfers by fund type is as follows:

	Transfers In	T	ransfers Out
Governmental Funds:			
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 1,617,364	\$	20,469,434
Capital Resources Fund	2,828,163		17,563,089
Special Assessment Fund	-		852,363
Street Capital Projects Fund	11,802,519		<u> </u>
Subtotal	\$ 16,248,046	\$	38,884,886
Non-major Funds:			_
Street	\$ 6,957,542	\$	8,015,779
Youth/Teen Programs	-		814,254
Criminal Justice	705,000		403,110
Housing & Community Development	· -		100,000
Non-voted Debt	6,515,271		-
Parks Capital Projects	6,245,090		50,000
Other Capital Projects	· · ·		1,673
Technology Capital Projects	4,756,750		, -
Facilities Capital Projects	696,960		-
Subtotal	\$ 25,876,613	\$	9,384,816
Total Governmental	\$ 42,124,659	\$	48,269,702
Proprietary Funds:			
Major Funds:			
Water Utility	\$ 220,966	\$	218,832
Sewerage Utility	-		254,707
Drainage Utility	77,813		312,954
Golf Complex	456,537		-
Subtotal	\$ 755,316	\$	786,493
Internal Service Funds:			
Equipment Rental	\$ 216,185	\$	84,941
Central Services	1,692,409		351,271
Facilities Fund	524,998		221,160
Insurance	4,400,000		-
Subtotal	\$ 6,833,592	\$	657,372
Total Proprietary	\$ 7,588,908	\$	1,443,865
Total Transfers	\$ 49,713,567	\$	49,713,567

The interfund transfers generally fall into one of the following categories: 1) debt service payments from a debt service fund but funded from an operating fund; 2) budgeted subsidy transfers; 3) capital projects constructed in a capital projects fund but receiving funding from an operating fund; 4) payment of interfund loans; or 5) capital assets purchased or constructed in one fund but capitalized in another. During fiscal year 2021 a transfer from the General Fund of \$4,400,000 was made to subsidize the

Insurance Fund as we have seen the cost of insurance rise along with increases in our liability due to industry and organizational experience. For further detail on interfund transfers, refer to the Schedule of Interfund Transfers on pages 176-178.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

a. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS

Below is a summary of 2021 changes in governmental capital assets:

	Balance		Transfers &	Balance
	January 1	Additions	Retirements	December 31
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$230,915,656	\$ 927,488	\$ -	\$ 231,843,144
Construction in Progress	75,341,653	17,676,382	(86,088,766)	6,929,269
Total non-depreciable assets	306,257,309	18,603,870	(86,088,766)	238,772,413
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	132,166,577	1,075,918	-	133,242,495
Site Improvements	77,783,034	3,895,351	-	81,678,385
Equipment	76,263,912	3,306,064	(907,888)	78,662,088
Infrastructure	666,561,909	80,833,784	-	747,395,693
Total depreciable assets, gross	952,775,432	89,111,117	(907,888)	1,040,978,661
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(48,618,964)	(3,262,950)	-	(51,881,914)
Site Improvements	(35,567,132)	(3,049,874)	-	(38,617,006)
Equipment	(56,139,539)	(3,392,380)	721,396	(58,810,523)
Infrastructure	(329,623,608)	(13,332,941)	-	(342,956,549)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(469,949,243)	(23,038,145)	721,396	(492,265,992)
Total depreciable assets, net	482,826,189	66,072,972	(186,492)	548,712,669
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, net	\$789,083,498	\$ 84,676,842	\$(86,275,258)	\$787,485,082

b. **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of Business-type Property, Plant, and Equipment at December 31, 2021 follows:

		Balance		Transfers &	Balance
		January 1	Additions	Retirements	December 31
Business-type Activities:					
Capital Assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2	22,440,485	\$ 20,455 \$	-	\$ 22,460,940
Construction in Progress	3	39,638,691	15,915,891	(32,364,918)	23,189,664
Total non-depreciable assets	6	52,079,176	15,936,346	(32,364,918)	45,650,604

	Balance January 1	Additions	Transfers & Retirements	Balance December 31
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	5.373.491	5.942.959	-	11.316.450

Site Improvements	466,045,691	27,011,783	-	493,057,474
Equipment	8,171,710	1,536,100	(443,777)	9,264,033
Total depreciable assets, gross	479,590,892	34,490,842	(443,777)	513,637,957
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(1,203,826)	(127,244)	-	(1,331,070)
Site Improvements	(160,549,483)	(11,034,390)	-	(171,583,873)
Equipment	(4,912,099)	(450,409)	443,777	(4,918,731)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(166,665,408)	(11,612,043)	443,777	(177,833,674)
Total depreciable assets, net	312,925,484	22,878,799	-	335,804,283
Business-type Activities Capital				
Assets, net	\$375,004,660	\$ 38,815,145	\$ (32,364,918) \$	381,454,887

c. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 1,235,563
Judicial	49,576
Public Safety	1,180,204
Community Development	16,436
Public Works	13,651,619
Leisure Services	6,872,330
Health and Human Services	32,417
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ 23,038,145
Business-type Activities:	_
Water	\$ 4,401,927
Sewerage	2,455,445
Drainage	4,600,923
Golf Complex	153,748
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-type Activities	\$ 11,612,043

8. LEASES

The City leases storage space and equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations (long-term debt), and therefore the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's Statement of Net Position.

Operating Leases

The City leases space from Shirley Perkins for storage space on Smith Street. The current lease commenced on September 1, 2019 and continues for a period of five years and may be extended an additional five years. The City pays \$5,250 per month for the first two years and \$5,408 per month for the remaining three years of the lease. Additionally, the City reimburses Shirley Perkins for all property taxes applicable to the property during the lease term. The City paid \$75,438 in 2021 for this lease.

The City negotiated a new four-year lease with Pacific Golf and Turf in April 2021. Under the new agreement, the City will be leasing 76 golf carts with payments of \$8,000 per month beginning in April 2021. The City paid \$72,000 under this lease in 2021.

In January 2018, the City signed a lease with MailFinance, Inc to provide a postage meter machine. The lease will continue for a period of five years. Lease payments are made quarterly in the amount of \$2,320 (includes

tax). The City paid \$9,280 under this lease in 2021.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the operating leases:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2022	170,162
2023	160,890
2024	139,260
2025	24,000

Capital Finance Agreements

In September 2018, the City entered into a lease agreement with TCF Equipment Financing for financing the acquisition of multiple pieces of grounds keeping equipment valued at \$639,447 for the golf course. In 2021, TCF was acquired by Huntington National Bank. The equipment has a 10 year estimated useful live and began depreciation in 2019. The lease provides for 48 monthly payments with an interest rate of 5.05%.

In December 2018, the City entered into a lease agreement with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation for financing the acquisition of a Caterpillar Hydraulic Excavator valued at \$172,808 for the Public Works Department. The equipment has a 10 year estimated useful live and began depreciation in 2019. The lease provides for 60 monthly payments with an interest rate of 4.70%

These lease agreements qualify as capital leases and have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Capital lease payments for the year ended December 31, 2021 were \$217,040. The capital lease debt outstanding at December 31, 2021 is \$186,060 (Note 9). The future minimum lease obligations under the capital leases as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Year-Ending December 31	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
2022	\$ 42,133	\$ 117,423
2023	38,208	-
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 80,341	\$ 117,423
Less: Interest Less: Insurance	\$ 3,359 \$ 6,154	\$ 2,191 -
Present Value of Minimum Lease payments	\$ 70,827	\$ 115,232

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The City of Kent has the following types of long-term obligations: (a) bonded debt (net of unamortized premiums/discounts), (b) non-bonded debt consisting of installment loans and contracts and capital leases, and (c) other non-current liabilities including compensated absences, OPEB liability and net pension liability. Long-term liabilities other than debt are expected to be liquidated by the operating funds that incur the liability as they come due.

a. **BONDED DEBT**

Bonded debt has three types: General Obligation Bonds, Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental Commitment, and Revenue Bonds. Each type is discussed below.

(1) General Obligation Bonds

The City issues General Obligation Bonds to provide funds for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, or for refunding of bonds previously issued for those purposes. General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit is pledged. Although they are primarily issued for governmental activities, they have also been issued for business-type activities. Debt service for governmental activities bonds is paid from the General Obligation Debt Service voted or non-voted funds while debt service for business-type activities bonds is paid from the appropriate proprietary fund.

Debt service for governmental activities Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) Councilmanic (non-voted) bond issues is funded by transfers from operating funds into the Non-Voted General Obligation Debt Service Fund. Debt service for Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds (UTGO) (voted) bond issues is funded with special property tax levies. Currently, the City does not have any outstanding voted UTGO debt.

Total additional general obligation capacity for all purposes at December 31, 2021 is \$1,769,258,417. For further detail on debt margin, refer to Schedule 17 in the Statistical Section of this report. The general obligation bonds have various interest rates between 2.0 percent and 5.5 percent with maturity dates to 2037. The City's general obligation bonds carry a Moody's "Aa3" rating as of November 22, 2019 and Standard and Poor's "AA+" rating as of April 21, 2016.

(2) Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental Commitment

Special Assessment Bonds are issued to finance construction of local improvement district (LID) projects. The bonds are paid through the collection of assessments levied against the benefited properties located within the boundaries of the LID. Special Assessment Bonds are not a general obligation of the City and neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing authority of the City is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Although the bonds are secured by liens against assessed properties, the City is required under state law to establish a guaranty fund to provide a means of paying LID bond debt services in the event there are insufficient resources in the LID debt service fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 6, special assessment debt is reported in the government's financial statements because the government is contingently liable for the debt. The City is responsible for collection of the assessments levied and for disbursement of these amounts for the retirement of the respective bonds. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other foreclosure proceeds are received. The reserve account is funded as a cost of establishing a LID, as well as interest income earned on assessment prepayments.

(3) Revenue Bonds

Revenue Bonds, payable from pledged revenues generated by the respective Proprietary Funds, are issued for the construction, acquisition, and equipping of water and sewer facilities and related systems and infrastructure. Refer to Schedule 18 in the Statistical Section of this document for further information about pledged revenue coverage. The Water and Sewerage Funds' outstanding Combined Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 Refunding Bonds at December 31, 2021, totaled \$12,610,060 including unamortized premium, split equally between each fund. The interest rates of the revenue bonds range from 5.0 percent to 6.12 percent with maturity dates to 2029. The bonds have been assigned a rating of AA by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services as of December 6, 2017.

b. **NON-BONDED DEBT**

Other long-term debt includes contracts, capital leases (see Note 8) and notes payable.

(1) Installment Loans and Contracts

The City has various installment loans issued by the State of Washington Department of Commerce Public Works Trust Fund to finance designated capital construction projects. These loans are direct obligations of the City for which the full faith and credit of the City is pledged. They are being repaid by the streets fund or proprietary funds depending on the projects funded with the proceeds. The loans are for twenty years and have an interest rate of 0.5 percent.

Through interlocal agreement, the City is responsible for a percentage of certain revenue bonds issued by the City of Tacoma to fund the construction of certain regional water supply projects of which the City is a participant and user of the system. The City is responsible for approximately 24 percent of the 2010 bonds and approximately 23 percent of the 2013 bonds (refunding of 2002 bonds). Interest rates on the bonds range from 2.0 to 5.62 percent.

c. OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Includes items like compensated absences (Note 13a), claims and judgments (Note 14), contingent loan guarantee obligation (Note 17), and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) obligation and net pension liability (Note 13), if applicable. These liabilities are typically liquidated by the general fund or other operating funds giving rise to the liability.

d. ARBITRAGE

Under U.S. Treasury Department regulations, all tax-exempt debt issued after August 31, 1986 is subject to arbitrage rebate requirements. In general, the requirements stipulate that the earnings from investments of tax-exempt bond proceeds that exceed interest expenditures on the related debt, must be remitted to the Federal government on every fifth anniversary of each bond issue. At the fund level, the City recognizes this liability only when it is due and payable. The City has evaluated each general obligation bond and revenue bond issue subject to the arbitrage rebate requirement and, as of December 31, 2021, has no outstanding arbitrage liability.

e. ADVANCE AND CURRENT REFUNDINGS

As of December 31, 2021, all bonds previously defeased in advanced refundings by placing funds with an escrow agent in an irrevocable trust, have been called.

f. **DEBT SCHEDULES**

The following tables are a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended December 31, 2021:

LONG-TERM DEBT - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Issuance	Maturity	Interest	Original	Redemption	Outstanding	Due Within
Date	Date	Rate	Amount	to Date	12/31/21	One Year

BONDED DEBT:

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

LTGO Councilmanic Bonds:								
Refund various purposes	2012	2022	2.0-4.5%	\$	9,330,000	\$ 8,510,000	\$ 820,000	\$ 820,000
Plus: Unamortized premium					540,320	491,196	49,124	-
Refund 2004 various purposes	2014	2021	2.0-4.0%		8,671,070	8,671,070	-	-
Plus: Unamortized premium					547,704	547,704	-	-
Refund 2006 land-taxable	2015	2021	0.6-2.85%		4,380,000	4,380,000	-	-
Refund 2006 park improve	2015	2024	3.0%		4,240,000	825,000	3,415,000	1,160,000
Plus: Unamortized premium					261,619	178,375	83,244	-
Refund 2008 various purposes	2016	2025	2.0/5.5%		15,470,000	3,890,000	11,580,000	2,670,000
Plus: Unamortized premium					2,950,117	757,619	2,192,498	-
Refund 2008 PFD sales tax	2016	2037	2.0/5.5%		49,105,000	2,105,000	47,000,000	235,000
Plus: Unamortized premium					9,364,284	2,404,836	6,959,448	-
LTGO Councilmanic Bonds - d	lirect borrow	<u>ring:</u>						
Refund various purposes	2005	2020	4.05%		2,252,000	2,252,000	-	
Total General Obligation – LTG	O (Net)			1	07,112,114	35,012,800	72,099,314	4,885,000
OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT:								
Direct borrowings:								
Public Works Trust Fund Loans	3:							
Street improvements	2003	2023	0.5%		1,000,000	893,275	106,725	53,363
Street improvements	2004	2024	0.5%		8,500,000	7,136,765	1,363,235	454,412
Street improvements	2008	2028	0.5%		5,000,000	3,123,355	1,876,645	268,092
Capital lease	2018	2023	4.7%		172,808	101,981	70,827	36,370
SMG capital loan	2021	2024	0.0%		920,000	-	920,000	61,333
Total other governmental debt					15,592,808	11,255,376	4,337,432	873,570
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL AC	TIVITIES (N	et)		\$ 1	22,704,922	\$ 46,268,176	\$ 76,436,746	\$ 5,758,570

LONG-TERM DEBT - BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES

	Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Redemption to Date	Outstanding 12/31/21	Due Within One Year
BONDED DEBT:							
GENERAL OBLIGATION B	ONDS:						
LTGO Councilmanic Bonds:							
Sewerage Fund:							
Drainage – 04 Refunding	2014	2021	2.0-4.0%	\$ 3,558,930	\$ 3,558,930	\$ -	\$ -
Plus: Unamortized Premium	um			224,798	224,798	-	=
Total General Obligation LT	GO (Net)			3,783,728	3,783,728	-	-
REVENUE BONDS:							
Water Fund:							
Revenue Refunding Bonds	2017	2029	5.0%	6,590,000	1,085,000	5,505,000	582,500
Plus: Unamortized Premi	um			1,205,019	404,989	800,030	-
Subtotal (Net)				7,795,019	1,489,989	6,305,030	582,500
<u>Drainage Fund:</u>							
Revenue Refunding Bonds	2017	2029	5.0%	6,590,000	1,085,000	5,505,000	582,500
Plus: Unamortized Premi	um			1,205,019	404,989	800,030	-
Subtotal (Net)				7,795,019	1,489,989	6,305,030	582,500
Total Revenue Bonds (Net)				15,590,038	2,979,978	12,610,060	1,165,000
Total Bonded Debt				19,373,766	6,763,706	12,610,060	1,165,000_
OTHER LONG-TERM DEB	Τ:						
Water Fund:							
Contract-Tacoma Pipeline	2010	2040	2.0-5.62%	11,400,000	2,565,000	8,835,000	330,000
Contract-Regional Water	2013	2032	4.0-5.0%	14,790,000	2,075,000	12,715,000	400,000
Public Works Trust Fund Lo		orrowings:					
Water system improveme	nts 2001	2021	0.5%	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	-
Water system improveme	nts 2002	2022	0.5%	10,000,000	9,468,750	531,250	531,250
Subtotal – Water Fund				46,190,000	24,108,750	22,081,250	1,261,250
Drainage Fund:							
Public Works Trust Fund Lo	ans-direct bo	rrowings:75,0	00				
Drainage improvements	2004	2024	0.5%	1,500,000	1,275,000	225,000	75,000
Subtotal - Sewerage Fund				1,500,000	1,275,000	225,000	75,000

Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Redemption to Date	Outstanding 12/31/21	Due Within One Year
Golf Complex Fund: Capital lease-direct borrowings 2018	2022	5.05%	639.447	524.215	115.232	115.232
Capital lease-ullect bollowings 2016	2022	5.05%	039,447	324,213	113,232	113,232

Subtotal – Golf Complex Fund	639,447	524,215	115,232	115,232
Total other business type debt	48,329,447	25,907,965	22,421,482	1,451,482
TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES (Net)	\$ 67,703,213	\$ 32,671,671	\$ 35,031,542	\$ 2,616,482

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Business-type Activities				Totals						
Year	Principal	Interest	-	Direct bo Principal	terest	F	Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 2,847,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 2,847,000
2023	4,805,000	2,630,050		-	-		-		-	4,805,000	2,630,050
2024	4,665,000	2,416,600		-	-		-		-	4,665,000	2,416,600
2025	5,225,000	2,201,650		-	-		-		-	5,225,000	2,201,650
2026	2,985,000	1,940,400		-	-		-		-	2,985,000	1,940,400
2027-2031	19,425,000	7,289,750		-	-		-		-	19,425,000	7,289,750
2032-2036	17,220,000	2,654,000		-	-		-		-	17,220,000	2,654,000
2037-2041	3,605,000	108,150		-	-		-		-	3,605,000	108,150
Totals	\$62.815.000	\$22.087.600	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$62.815.000	\$22.087.600

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Water Reve	nue Bonds	Drainage Re	venue Bonds	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 582,500	275,250	582,500	275,250	1,715,500
2023	610,000	246,125	610,000	246,125	1,712,250
2024	640,000	215,625	640,000	215,625	1,711,250
2025	665,000	183,625	665,000	183,625	1,697,250
2026	697,500	150,375	697,500	150,375	1,695,750
2027-2030	2,310,000	234,750	2,310,000	234,750	5,089,500
Total	\$ 5,505,000	\$ 1,305,750	\$ 5,505,000	\$ 1,305,750	\$ 13,621,500

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for non-bonded debt are as follows:

	Go	overnmenta	al A	ctivities		Business-type Activities						To	ota	ls	
		Direct bor	row	/ings		Direct borrowings									
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2022	\$	873,570	\$	19,752	\$	730,000	\$	913,469	\$	721,482	\$	6,039	\$ 2,325,052	\$	939,260
2023		871,657		13,883		765,000		880,269		75,000		794	1,711,657		894,946
2024		783,837		8,952		1,445,000		845,469		75,000		397	2,303,837		854,818
2025		329,425		5,362		1,520,000		776,769		-		-	1,849,425		782,131
2026		329,425		4,021		1,585,000		706,351		-		-	1,914,425		710,372
2027-2031		842,850		4,021		9,110,000		2,371,367		-		-	9,952,850		2,375,388
2032-2036		306,665		=		4,010,000		779,318		-		-	4,316,665		779,318
2037-2041		-		-		2,385,000		221,777		-		-	2,385,000		221,777
Totals	\$	4.337.432	\$	55.991	\$2	21.550.000	\$	7.494.789	\$	871.482	\$	7.230	\$ 26.758.911	\$	7.558.010

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SPECIAL EVENTS CENTER PFD:

The following is a summary of non-bonded debt issuance and redemption information as of December 31, 2021:

	Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Redemption to Date	Outstanding 12/31/21	Due Within One Year
OTHER NON-BONDED DE	BT:						
Note payable	2008	2020	0.19-1.2%	38,983,420	-	38,983,420	-
Note payable	2016	2037		49,105,000	2,105,000	47,000,000	235,000
Total non-bonded debt				88,088,420	2,105,000	85,983,420	235,000

The following is a summary of changes in non-current liabilities reported in the government-wide financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balances	Amount Due Within One Year	Amount Due In More Than One Year
SOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 67,291,620 \$	- 9	4,476,620 \$	62.815.000	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 57,930,000
Premiums	10,006,915	_	722,601	9,284,314	-	9,284,314
Total bonds payable (net)	77,298,535	-	5,199,221	72,099,314	4,885,000	67,214,314
Non-bonded long-term liabilities:	,,,		-,,	,,	,,,,,,,,,,	,,
Installment loans & contracts-direct bor	rowings 4,648,003	-	310,571	4,337,432	873,570	3,463,862
Net Pension Liability	14,248,326	3,912,483	14,248,326	3,912,483	-	3,912,483
Total OPEB Liability	25,108,554	24,532,979	25,108,554	24,532,979	-	24,532,979
Compensated Absences:	• • • •	, , ,	• •	, , ,		, ,
General government	5,326,139	7,874,753	7,701,864	5,499,028	2,670,126	2,828,902
Internal service funds	643,554	1,125,231	1,170,239	598,546	336,137	262,409
Total compensated absences	5,969,693	8,999,984	8,872,103	6,097,574	3,006,263	3,091,311
Total non-bonded long-term liabilities	49,974,576	37,445,446	48,539,554	38,880,468	3,879,833	35,000,635
otal	\$127,273,111 \$	37.445.446	5 53.738.775 \$	110.979.782	\$ 8.764.833	\$102,214,949
General obligation bonds	\$ 343,380 \$	- \$	/ +	-	\$ -	\$ -
Premiums	26,878	-	26,878	-	-	-
Net general obligation bonds Revenue bonds	370,258	-	370,258	11,010,000	1 165 000	0.045.000
	12,120,000		1,110,000	, ,	1,165,000	9,845,000
Premiums Not revenue bands	1,802,002 13,922,002	<u>-</u>	201,942 1,311,942	1,600,060 12,610,060	1,165,000	1,600,060 11,445,060
Net revenue bonds Total bonds payable (net)	13,922,002	-	1,682,200	12,610,060	1,165,000	11,445,060
Non-bonded long-term liabilities:	14,292,200	-	1,002,200	12,010,000	1,105,000	11,445,000
Installment loans & contracts	22,245,000	_	695,000	21,550,000	730,000	20,820,000
Installment loans & contracts-direct bor	, ,	_	1,299,781	871,482	721,482	150,000
Net Pension Liability	3,450,699	822,230	3,450,699	822,230	721,702	822,230
Compensated absences	846,653	1,916,660	1,853,579	909.734	556,939	352,795
Total non-bonded long-term liabilities	28,713,615	2,738,890	7,299,059	24,153,446	2,008,421	22,145,025
otal	\$ 43,005,875 \$				\$ 3.173.421	\$ 33.590.085
SPECIAL EVENTS CENTER PFD:	¥ 13,335,513 ¥	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	00,100,000	<u> </u>	
Non-bonded long-term liabilities:	47.450.000		450.000	47 000 000	005.000	40 705 000
Interlocal financing agreement	47,150,000		150,000	47,000,000	235,000	46,765,000
Installment loans & contracts	38,132,021			38,983,420	Φ 005.000	38,983,420
Total Total	\$85.282.021	\$ 851.399	າສ 150.000	\$85.983.420	\$ 235.000	\$ 85,748,420

10. FUND BALANCE

Fund balances presented in the governmental fund financial statements represent the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows reported within the governmental fund. Fund balance is classified into the following categories:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in a spendable form (e.g. inventories, prepaid amounts or long-term portion of loans and notes receivable) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted – amounts constrained for specific purposes imposed by (a) external parties or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The restriction must be able to be legally enforced by a party external to the government.

Committed – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These commitments are generally created, or modified or rescinded, through the budget process and are adopted by Council through ordinance.

Assigned – includes a) all remaining amounts, except negative balances, that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose as determined by City Council, generally through the budget process. Some managerial funds that do not meet the requirements to be classified as other governmental fund types and are therefore combined into the general fund for financial reporting purposes have been created to segregate, within the general fund, those balances assigned, by Council through the budget process, for those specific purposes. Council has not designated the authority to another party to assign funds but does not specifically commit these funds through formal ordinance.

Unassigned – any remaining fund balance in the general fund not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. Negative fund balances, if any, in other governmental funds would also be displayed as unassigned. The City's financial policies require a target amount of 10 percent fund balance to remain in the general fund for cash flow purposes.

The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. When expenditures of unrestricted fund balance are incurred, the City considers committed amounts spent first, then assigned amounts and lastly, unassigned amounts.

11. INFORMATION ON ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City has five Enterprise Funds. Certain information pertaining to the Enterprise Funds is presented below:

a. WATER UTILITY

The Water Utility Fund collects all revenues for the City's water utility, pays the expenses of the utility, pays amounts as required by bond covenants for debt service and expends certain monies to fund improvements to the system. The water service fees include a flat monthly meter access fee and a water usage fee based on a customer's water consumption. For more detail on current rates, see Schedule 13 in the Statistical Section of this document.

b. **SEWER UTILITY**

The Sewer Utility Fund collects all revenues for the utility, pays the expenses of the utility, and expends certain monies to fund sewer system improvements.

The sewer operation is a collection system which pumps waste to METRO, a regional treatment agency under King County. All collection districts in King County contract with METRO for sewage treatment. For more detail on current rates, see Schedule 13 in the Statistical Section of this document.

c. DRAINAGE UTILITY

The drainage operation started in May 1985 and collects revenue to fund operating charges. The drainage fee for single family residences is a flat monthly fee while the rate for multi-family and commercial establishments varies based on the property size, percentage of impervious surface, and the basin or basins in which the property is located. For more detail on current rates, see Schedule 13 in the Statistical Section of this document.

d. **GOLF COMPLEX**

The golf complex includes an 18-hole par 72 golf course, a driving range, a mini putt facility and a merchandise center. The fund recovers its costs through user fees.

e. **SOLID WASTE UTILITY**

The solid waste residential and commercial pickup services are contracted out by the City to a private hauler. The City runs recycling and cleanup programs. The utility recovers its costs through charges to the solid waste contractor and grants.

12. PROPERTY TAXES

The County Treasurer acts as an agent in collecting property taxes for all taxing authorities in the County. Taxes are levied annually on January 1, on property value listed as of the prior July 31. They become a lien on the first day of the levy year. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor at 100 percent of fair market value. A reevaluation of all property is required every year and a physical inspection required at least once every six years.

Tax bills are mailed in February and are due on April 30. They may be paid in two equal installments on April 30 and October 31. If not remitted by April 30, the whole amount becomes delinquent with penalties and delinquent interest assessed on that amount. The County Treasurer remits collections to the individual taxing districts daily by electronic funds transfer as amounts are received and allocated to taxing districts. The General Fund and Capital Resources Fund receivables at December 31, 2021 include \$488,977 for delinquent property taxes. No estimate of uncollectible taxes is made since state law allows for sale of property for failure to pay taxes.

The City is permitted by law to levy up to \$3.60 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general government services. This amount is reduced for the following reasons:

- a. The Washington State Constitution limits the total statutory property tax levy to \$10.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. This 1 percent value limit is subject to additional reduction of 10 percent on all regular taxing rates except for Port and Utility Districts, Conservation Futures, Emergency Medical Services and State levies. The effective levy limit is \$5.55 per \$1,000 assessed valuation as follows: \$1.80 for the County, \$3.60 for the City and \$.15 is a floating limitation where applicable. In addition, the City has given \$.50 to the County to fund the library and \$1.00 to the Puget Sound Regional Fire Authority.
- b. Washington State law in RCW 84.55.010 limits the growth of regular property tax revenue. If total city assessed valuation increases by more than the allowable rate, the levy rate is proportionally decreased.
- c. Referendum 47 passed in November 1997 limited the growth of the property tax levy to the lesser of 6% or inflation.
- d. Initiative 747 passed in November 2001 further limits property tax levy growth by the lesser of 1% or inflation. As a result of Initiative 747, Washington State law in RCW 84.55.0101 limits the growth of regular property tax revenue to 1%.
- e. The City may voluntarily levy taxes below the legal limit.

Special property tax levies approved by the voters are not subject to the above limitations.

For 2021, the City's regular tax levy was \$1.32347 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation based on the 2020

assessed valuation of \$24,427,648,579 for a total regular levy of \$32,173,205.

13. PERSONNEL BENEFITS

a. SICK, VACATION AND COMPENSATORY LEAVE

Eligible employees earn twelve days of sick leave and twelve to twenty-two days of vacation leave per year depending on the employee's length of service and union agreement. Law enforcement officers and firefighters hired on or before September 30, 1977 receive unlimited sick leave. Maximum sick leave accruable for other employees is 130 days. Compensatory leave is time off in lieu of pay but is due and owing to employees upon termination. Employees leaving the City of Kent are entitled to be paid for all unused vacation and compensatory leave. Upon termination, police officers hired prior to January 1, 2008, who retire or separate in good standing, will be compensated for the hours, up to 1,040 hours, remaining in their sick leave bank based on their tenure as commissioned officers with the Kent Police Department. The compensation is calculated, based on their tenure, at a percentage (between 20 and 80 percent) of the employee's hourly rate.

There are some sick leave benefits which are not paid to the employees upon termination, but instead are due in January following the year earned. Police officers hired before January 1, 2008 are eligible to receive compensation for accrued sick leave exceeding 1,040 hours at December 31. Police officers hired after January 1, 2008 are entitled to a sick leave incentive of up to 50 hours based on certain levels of sick leave accruals being maintained throughout the year. The City also pays all other eligible employees a sick leave incentive amount based on them maintaining certain levels of sick leave accruals throughout the year. The amount paid equates from 8 to 32 hours at base pay.

For the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position, the current portion of compensated absences plus estimated benefits, including internal services, is estimated to be \$3,006,263 and the estimated long-term portion, including internal services, is \$3,091,311. The liabilities are typically liquidated by the general fund or streets fund, with exception to those related to internal services. In the Proprietary Funds, the current portion is that amount which is anticipated to be paid within the next fiscal period. The Proprietary Funds fully accrue compensated absences plus estimated benefits thereon, and separate current and long-term portions for balance sheet purposes only. For the Business-type Activities on the Statement of Net Position, as well as the Enterprise Funds on the Proprietary Fund statements, the estimated current amount is \$556,939 and the estimated long-term portion is \$352,795.

b. LIFE and AD&D INSURANCE

Life insurance and AD&D insurance were provided for full time employees through Cigna Corporation until July of 2021. Since July, they have been provided by New York Life Insurance. Full-time employees are covered immediately. All employees have paid life and AD&D insurance equal to their annual salary up to a maximum of \$150,000. Spouses and children are also covered by \$5,000 and \$2,000 respectively of life insurance. The City paid \$411,421 during 2021 for this coverage.

c. **DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

In 1984 the City established a deferred compensation program for its employees in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all revenue attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid

or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) deposited to a trust. The City has no claim to these assets and does not record the fair value of the assets of the deferred compensation program on its books. The City makes no contributions to the plan but allows its employees to contribute to the International City Managers Association (ICMA) plan.

d. **RETIREMENT**

The City's contributions to retirement programs in 2021 were:

To Federal Social Security System	\$ 5,172,561
To State administered employee retirement systems	<u>7,162,865</u>
Total	\$ 12,335,426

Retirement payments to City employees from all City funds in 2021 were:

From Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund \$ 375,148

The following table represents the aggregate pension amounts for all plans administered by the Washington Department of Retirement Systems that the City participates in that are subject to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68- <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions</u> for the year 2021, as well as the City's Firemen's Pension Fund.

Aggregate Pension Amounts - All Plans				
Pension assets	\$	74,039,757		
Deferred outflows of resources		8,118,794		
Pension liabilities		(4,734,713)		
Deferred inflows of resources		(59,299,662)		
Pension expense/expenditures		(13,847,687)		

Substantially, all City full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), under cost sharing multiple employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. The state Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The City of Kent contributes semi-monthly to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), the Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters Retirement System (LEOFF), and the Public Safety Employees' Retirement System (PSERS).

The Department of Retirement Systems DRS, a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS report may be obtained from their website www.drs.wa.gov or contact them at:

Department of Retirement Systems Communications Unit P. O. Box 48380 Olympia, WA 98504-8380

(1) Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) Plans 1, 2 and 3

Membership in the system includes: elected officials; state employees; employees of the Supreme, Appeals, and Superior courts; employees of the Legislature; employees of district and

municipal courts; employees of local governments; and higher education employees not participating in higher education retirement programs. PERS is comprised of three separate pension plans for membership purposes. PERS plans 1 & 2 are defined benefit plans, and PERS plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service. Members retiring from active status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. Retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

Contributions

The PERS Plan 1 member contribution rate is established by State statute at 6 percent. The employer contribution rate is developed by the Office of the State Actuary and includes an administrative expense component that is currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 1 employer contribution rates. The PERS Plan 1 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2021 were as follows:

PERS Plan 1			
Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer	Employee*	
January through June 2021			
PERS Plan 1	7.92%	6.00%	
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.87%		
Administrative fee	0.18%		
Total	12.97%	6.00%	
July through December 2021			
PERS Plan 1	6.36%	6.00%	
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	3.71%		
Administrative fee	0.18%		
Total	10.25%	6.00%	

^{*} For employees participating in JBM, the contribution rate was 12.26%

PERS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and 1 percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a benefit that is reduced by a factor that varies according to age for each year before age 65. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions:

With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or

 With a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

PERS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service credit. PERS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other PERS Plan 2/3 benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PERS 2 members are vested after completing five years of eligible service. Plan 3 members are vested in the defined benefit portion of their plan after ten years of service; or after five years of service if 12 months of that service are earned after age 44.

PERS Plan 3 defined contribution benefits are totally dependent on employee contributions and investment earnings on those contributions. PERS Plan 3 members choose their contribution rate upon joining membership and have a chance to change rates upon changing employers. As established by statute, Plan 3 required defined contribution rates are set at a minimum of 5 percent and escalate to 15 percent with a choice of six options. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution benefits. PERS Plan 3 members are immediately vested in the defined contribution portion of their plan.

Contributions

The PERS Plan 2/3 employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2 and the defined benefit portion of Plan 3. The Plan 2/3 employer rates include a component to address the PERS Plan 1 UAAL and an administrative expense that is currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates and Plan 3 contribution rates. The PERS Plan 2/3 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2021 were as follows:

PERS Plan 2/3		
Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer 2/3	Employee 2*
January through June 2021		
PERS Plan 2/3	7.92%	7.90%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.87%	
Administrative fee	0.18%	
Employee PERS Plan 3		Varies
Total	12.97%	7.90%
July through December 2021		
PERS Plan 2/3	6.36%	6.36%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	3.71%	
Administrative fee	0.18%	
PERS Plan 2/3		
Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer 2/3	Employee 2*
July Through December 2021		
Employee PERS Plan 3		Varies
Total	10.25%	6.36%

^{*} For employees participating in JBM, the contribution rate was 15.90%

The city's actual PERS Plan contributions were \$2,163,697 to PERS Plan 1 and \$3,419,586 to

PERS Plan 2/3 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

(2) Public Safety Employees' Retirement System (PSERS)

PSERS Plan 2 was created by the 2004 Legislature and became effective July 1, 2006. To be eligible for membership, an employee must work on a full-time basis and:

- Have completed a certified criminal justice training course with authority to arrest, conduct criminal investigations, enforce the criminal laws of Washington, and carry a firearm as part of the job; or
- Have primary responsibility to ensure the custody and security of incarcerated or probationary individuals; or
- Function as a limited authority Washington peace officer, as defined in RCW 10.93.020; or
- Have primary responsibility to supervise eligible members who meet the above criteria.

PSERS membership includes:

- PERS 2 or 3 employees hired by a covered employer before July 1, 2006, who met at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria and elected membership during the period of July 1, 2006 to September 30, 2006; and
- Employees hired on or after July 1, 2006 by a covered employer, that meet at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria.

PSERS covered employers include:

- Certain State of Washington agencies (Department of Corrections, Department of Natural Resources, Gambling commission, Liquor Cannabis Board, Parks and Recreation Commission, and Washington State Patrol).
- Washington State Counties,
- Washington State Cities (except for Seattle, Spokane, and Tacoma),
- Correctional entities formed by PSERS employers under the Interlocal Cooperation Act.

PSERS Plan 2 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) for each year of service. The AFC is based on the member's 60 consecutive highest creditable months of service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for each year that the member's age is less than 60 (with ten or more service credit years in PSERS), or less than 65 (with fewer than ten service credit years). There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement at the age of 65 with five years of service; or at the age of 60 with at least ten years of PSERS service credit; or at age 53 with 20 years of service. Retirement before age 60 is considered an early retirement. PSERS members who retire prior to the age of 60 receive reduced benefits. If retirement is at age 53 or older with at least 20 years of service, a three percent per year reduction for each year between the age at retirement and age 60 applies. PSERS Plan 2 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PSERS Plan 2 members are vested after completing five years of eligible service.

Contributions

The PSERS Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2. The Plan 2 employer rates include components to address the

PERS Plan 1 unfunded actuarial accrued liability and administrative expense currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates.

The PSERS Plan 2 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of current-year covered payroll) for 2021 were as follows:

PSERS Plan 2		
Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer	Employee
January through June 2021		
PSERS Plan 2	7.20%	7.20%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.87%	
Administrative fee	0.18%	
Total	12.25%	7.20%
July through December 2021		
PSERS Plan 2	6.50%	6.50%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	3.71%	
Administrative fee	0.18%	
Total	10.39%	6.50%

The city's actual plan contributions were \$174,888 to PSERS Plan 2 and \$109,262 to PERS Plan 1 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

(3) Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) Plans 1 and 2

LEOFF membership includes all full-time, fully compensated, local law enforcement commissioned officers, firefighters, and as of July 24, 2005, emergency medical technicians. LEOFF is comprised of two separate defined benefit plans.

LEOFF Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined per year of service calculated as a percent of final average salary (FAS) as follows:

- 20+ years of service 2.0% of FAS
- 10-19 years of service 1.5% of FAS
- 5-9 years of service 1% of FAS

The FAS is the basic monthly salary received at the time of retirement, provided a member has held the same position or rank for 12 months preceding the date of retirement. Otherwise, it is the average of the highest consecutive 24 months' salary within the last ten years of service. Members are eligible for retirement with five years of service at the age of 50. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

Contributions

Starting on July 1, 2000, LEOFF Plan 1 employers and employees contribute zero percent, as long as the plan remains fully funded. The LEOFF Plan I had no required employer or employee contributions for fiscal year 2021. Employers paid only the administrative expense of 0.18 percent of covered payroll.

LEOFF Plan 2 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are

determined as two percent of the final average salary (FAS) per year of service (the FAS is based on the highest consecutive 60 months). Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 53 with at least five years of service credit. Members who retire prior to the age of 53 receive reduced benefits. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is three percent for each year prior to age 53. Otherwise, the benefits are actuarially reduced for each year prior to age 53. LEOFF 2 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service.

Contributions

The **LEOFF Plan 2** employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2. The employer rate included an administrative expense component set at 0.18 percent. Plan 2 employers and employees are required to pay at the level adopted by the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board.

Effective July 1, 2017, when a LEOFF employer charges a fee or recovers costs for services rendered by a LEOFF 2 member to a non-LEOFF employer, the LEOFF employer must cover both the employer and the state contributions on the LEOFF 2 basic salary earned for those services. The state contribution rate (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) was 3.41% in 2021.

The LEOFF Plan 2 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2021 were as follows:

LEOFF Plan 2		
Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer	Employee
January through June 2021		
State and local governments	5.15%	8.59%
Administrative fee	0.18%	
Total	5.33%	8.59%
July through December 2021		
State and local governments	5.12%	8.53%
Administrative fee	0.18%	
Total	5.30%	8.53%

The city's actual contributions to the plan were \$1,038,765 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriates money from the state General Fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and could be changed by statute. For the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the state contributed \$78,170,320 to LEOFF Plan 2. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of this amount is \$650,588.

(4) Information for all DRS plans

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) for each of the plans was determined using the most recent actuarial valuation completed in 2021 with a valuation date of June 30, 2020. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are summarized in the Actuarial Section of DRS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report located on the DRS website. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the 2013-2018 Demographic Experience Study Report and the 2019 Economic Experience Study.

Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2020 actuarial valuation report. The TPL was calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. Plan liabilities were rolled forward from June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2021, reflecting each plan's normal cost (using the entry age cost method), assumed interest and actual benefit payments.

- **Inflation:** 2.75% total economic inflation; 3.50% salary inflation
- **Salary increases**: In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, salaries are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
- Investment rate of return: 7.4%

Mortality rates were developed using the Society of Actuaries' Pub.H-2010 mortality rates, which vary by member status (e.g., active, retiree, or survivor), as our base table. OSA applied age offsets for each system, as appropriate, to better tailor the mortality rates to the demographics of each plan. OSA applied the long-term MP-2017 generational improvement scale, also developed by the Society of Actuaries, to project mortality rates for every year after the 2010 base table. Under "generational" mortality, a member is assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime.

There were changes in methods and assumptions since the last valuation.

- For purposes of the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation Report (AVR), a non-contribution rate setting valuation under current funding policy, the Office of the State Actuary (OSA) introduced temporary method changes to produce asset and liability measures as of the valuation date. A high-level summary of those changes is outlined in the following paragraph. OSA will revert back to the methods outlined in their 2019 AVR when preparing the 2021 AVR, a contribution ratesetting valuation, which will serve as the basis for 2022 ACFR results.
- To produce measures at June 30, 2020, unless otherwise noted in the 2020 AVR OSA relied on the same data, assets, methods, and assumptions as the June 30, 2019, AVR. OSA projected the data forward one year reflecting assumed new hires and current members exiting the plan as expected. OSA estimated June 30, 2020, assets by relying on the Fiscal Year (FY)-end 2019 assets, reflecting actual investment performance over FY 2020, and reflecting assumed contribution amounts and benefit payments during FY 2020. OSA reviewed the actual June 30, 2020, participant and financial data to determine if any material changes to our projection assumptions were necessary. OSA also considered any material impacts to the plans from 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for all DRS plans was 7.4 percent.

To determine that rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether each pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments for current

plan members. Based on OSA's assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.4 percent was used to determine the total liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the DRS pension plan investments of 7.4 percent was determined using a building-block-method. In selecting this assumption, the Office of the State Actuary (OSA) reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered Capital Market Assumptions (CMA's) and simulated expected investment returns provided by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). The WSIB uses the CMA's and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns at various future times.

Estimated Rates of Return by Asset Class

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the table below. The inflation component used to create the table is 2.2 percent and represents the WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic
Fixed Income	20%	2.20%
Tangible Assets	7%	5.10%
Real Estate	18%	5.80%
Global Equity	32%	6.30%
Private Equity	23%	9.30%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The table below presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
Pension Trust		(6.40%)		(6.40%) Rate (7.40%)		(8.40%)
PERS 1	\$	6,682,106	\$	3,922,445	\$	1,515,736
PERS 2/3		(11,103,389)		(38,975,592)		(61,928,363)
PSERS 2		(130,202)		(830,465)		(1,384,689)
LEOFF 1		(4,365,060)		(4,848,643)		(5,267,025)
LEOFF 2		(18,530,238)		(29,385,057)		(38,272,988)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the State's pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS financial report.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the city reported a total pension liability of \$3,922,445 (plus \$812,268 for the Firemen's Pension for a total pension liability of \$4,734,713) and a total pension asset of \$74,039,757 for its proportionate share of the DRS net pension liabilities (assets) as follows:

<u>Plan</u>	Liability (Asset)			
PERS 1	\$ 3,922,445			
PERS 2/3	(38,975,592)			
PSERS 2	(830,465)			
LEOFF 1	(4,848,643)			
LEOFF 2	(29,385,057)			

The amount of the liability (asset) reported above for LEOFF Plans 1 and 2 reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the city. The amount recognized by the city as its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset), the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability (asset) that was associated with the city were as follows:

	LEOFF 1 Asset	LEOFF 2 Asset
Employer's proportionate share	\$ (4,848,643)	\$ (29,385,057)
State's proportionate share of the	,	,
net pension liability (asset)		
associated with the employer	(32,796,101)	(18,956,569)
TOTAL	\$ (37,644,744)	\$ (48,341,626)

At June 30, the city's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities was as follows:

	Proportionate Share	Proportionate Share	Change in
<u>Plan</u>	6/30/21	6/30/20	Proportion
PERS 1	0.321187%	0.337844%	-0.016657%
PERS 2/3	0.391258%	0.414094%	-0.022836%
PSERS 2	0.361482%	0.382659%	-0.021177%
LEOFF 1	0.141543%	0.138231%	0.003312%
LEOFF 2	0.505905%	0.543160%	-0.037255%

Employer contribution transmittals received and processed by the DRS for the fiscal year ended June 30 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported by the DRS in the *Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations* for all plans except LEOFF 1.

LEOFF Plan 1 allocation percentages are based on the total historical employer contributions to LEOFF 1 from 1971 through 2000 and the retirement benefit payments in fiscal year 2020. Historical data was obtained from a 2011 study by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA). In fiscal year 2021, the state of Washington contributed 87.12 percent of LEOFF 1 employer contributions, and all other employers contributed the remaining 12.88 percent of employer contributions. LEOFF 1 is fully funded and no further employer contributions have been required since June 2000. If the plan becomes underfunded, funding of the remaining liability will require new legislation. The allocation method the plan chose reflects the projected long-term contribution effort based on historical data.

In fiscal year 2021, the state of Washington contributed 39 percent of LEOFF 2 employer contributions pursuant to RCW 41.26.725 and all other employers contributed the remaining 61 percent of employer contributions.

The collective net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the actuarial valuation date on which the total pension liability (asset) is based was as of June 30, 2020, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Pension Expense

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the city recognized pension expense as follows for the DRS plans:

Plan	Pension Expense				
PERS 1	\$	(1,322,484)			
PERS 2/3		(8,824,924)			
PSERS 2		(34,330)			
LEOFF 1		(783,885)			
LEOFF 2		(3,605,385)			
	\$	(14,571,008)			

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2021, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Schedules of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

PERS 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan				
investments		-		4,352,601
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between contributions and proportionate sha	are			
of contributions		-		-
Contributions subsequent to the measureme	ent			
date		941,037		
TOTAL	\$	941,037	\$	4,352,601

PERS 2/3	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan	\$	1,892,988	\$	477,803
investments Changes of assumptions		- 56,956		32,574,453 2,767,912

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
PERS 2/3	of Resources	of Resources

Changes in proportion and differences

between contributions and proportionate sh	are		
of contributions		721,080	684,897
Contributions subsequent to the measurement	ent		
date		1,529,324	-
TOTAL	\$	4 200 348	\$ 36 505 065

PSERS 2		red Outflows Resources	 red Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	85,216	\$ 3,282
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan			
investments		-	594,864
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate sha	are	129	84,918
of contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement	nt	1,247	18,147
date		85,642	-
TOTAL	\$	172,234	\$ 701,211

LEOFF 1		ed Outflows esources	erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual			_
experience	\$	-	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan			
investments		-	1,481,559
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between contributions and proportionate sha	are		
of contributions		-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measureme	nt		
date		-	-
TOTAL	\$	-	\$ 1.481.559

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
LEOFF 2	of	Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual				
experience	\$	1,332,794	\$	155,298
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings on pension plan				
investments		-		14,011,006
Changes of assumptions		12,702		1,397,555
Changes in proportion and differences		•		
between contributions and proportionate sh	are			
of contributions		878,892		695,367
Contributions subsequent to the measureme	nt	,		,
date		536,118		-
TOTAL	\$	2,760,506	\$	16,259,226

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Total - All Plans	of Resources	of Resources

Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,310,998	\$ 636,383
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan			F2 04 4 402
investments		-	53,014,483
Changes of assumptions		69,787	4,250,385
Changes in proportion and differences			
between contributions and proportionate shar	е		
of contributions		1,601,219	1,398,411
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		1,001,210	1,000,111
·			
date		3,092,121	-
TOTAL	\$	8,074,125	\$ 59,299,662

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the city's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended					
December 31:	PERS 1	PERS 2/3	PSERS 2	LEOFF 1	LEOFF 2
2022	\$(1,153,005)	\$ (8,900,490)	\$ (157,871)	\$ (393,555)	\$ (3,728,010)
2023	(1,056,572)	(8,315,234)	(149,260)	(359,978)	(3,473,168)
2024	(999,031)	(7,907,894)	(141,716)	(339,673)	(3,280,623)
2025	(1,143,993)	(8,601,650)	(157,054)	(388, 353)	(3,695,265)
2026	-	(97,594)	(2,565)	-	(41,515)
Thereafter	-	(11,179)	(6,153)	-	183,743
Totals	\$(4,352,601)	\$(33,834,041)	\$ (614,619)	\$(1,481,559)	\$ (14,034,838)

(5) Firemen's Relief and Pension System

Plan Description

The Firemen's Relief and Pension system is a single employer defined benefit pension plan authorized under RCW 41.18. Membership is limited to firefighters employed prior to March 1, 1970. The plan is closed to new entrants. Annual funding for the plan comes from an allocation of the state fire insurance premium tax. The City would be responsible for any additional contributions needed to maintain the Plan.

When the State Legislature established the Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) in 1970 (RCW 41.26), LEOFF replaced the City's retirement system for fire fighters, but plan members in the system at that time were guaranteed that their benefits would not decrease with the switch to LEOFF. The LEOFF Act had the following impact on the City's pension plan:

- Benefits for firefighters leaving service prior to March 1, 1970 continue to be paid entirely by the City's Firefighters' Relief and Pension System under RCW 41.18.
- Firefighters in service on March 1, 1970 are entitled to receive the greater of the benefits provided under the prior pension law, or the LEOFF 1 Act (RCW 41.26.040).
- Firefighters hired after March 1, 1970 are covered only under the LEOFF Act.

The system is a trust fund in the financial reports of the City and is administered by the Firemen's Relief and Pension Board made up of two members of the system, the Mayor, and a Councilmember. The plan is governed by State statute and does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The accrual basis of accounting is used to prepare the Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund statements. Plan member contributions, if any, are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions, including insurance fees collected by the State, are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

As of December 31, 2021, the plan covers the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	11
Retirees not receiving City-paid monthly benefits	2
Total	13

Although medical and long-term care benefits may be paid from the Fund, the Plan does not administer a postemployment healthcare plan.

Investments

The Plan operates under the City's investment policy and state statutes and participates in the pooled cash and investments of the City (see Note 4). Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. At December 31, 2021, the Plan held \$ 1,449,789 in pooled investments.

Net Pension Liability

Firefighters' Pension Fund GASB Statement No. 67 Net Pension Liability						
	<u>Decei</u>	mber 31, 2020	Decer	mber 31, 2021		
Total pension liability	\$	2,692,205	\$	2,978,414		
Fiduciary net position *		2,216,924		2,166,146		
Net pension liability		475,281		812,268		
Fiduciary net position as a % of						
total pension liability		82.35%		72.73%		
Covered payroll		0		0		
Net pension liability as a % of cov	ered/					
Payroll		N/A		N/A		

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and then was projected forward to the measurement date. Any significant changes during this period have been reflected as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 67.

Other key actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date January 1, 2020

January 1, 2022

Measurement Date Inflation Salary increases	December 31, 2020 2.25 %	December 31, 2021 2.50%
Including inflation Mortality	3.25% RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined healthy) with generational projection using 100% of Projection Scale BB, with ages set back one year for males and forward one year for females (set forward two years for disabled members)	3.50% Pub-2010 Safety Mortality Table (headcount- weighted) with ages set back one year for males is used for healthy annuitants. Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Mortality Table is used for disabled annuitants. A blend of rates from Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for contingent annuitants and retirees is used for surviving spouses. Mortality rates are projected forward generationally using the ultimate rates in Projection Scale MP-2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal

Money-Weighted Rate of Return

The money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts actually invested during a period and weights the amount of pension plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. External cash flows are determined on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month. External cash inflows are netted with external cash outflows, resulting in a net external cash flow in each month. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated net of investment expenses.

Fiscal Year	Net
Ending	Money-Weighted
December 31	Rate of Return
2015	1.40%
2016	1.72%
2017	1.00%
2018	5.20%
2019	0.28%
2020	2.58%
2021	1.02%

Discount Rate

<u>December 31, 2020</u> <u>December 31, 2021</u> Discount rate 2.00% <u>2.00%</u>

Long-term expected rate of return,		
Net of investment expense	2.00%	2.00%
Municipal bond rate	2.00%	2.00%

GASB Statement No. 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability was calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected rate of return may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20 year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods when Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefits and administrative expenses.

The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year municipal bond index for bonds that mature in 20 years is 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. Rounding this to the nearest ¼% results in a discount rate of 2.00% as of the December 31, 2021 measurement date. This will need to be re-evaluated as of later valuation dates.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 2.00%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.00%) or one percentage point higher (3.00%) than the current rate.

	 1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	 1.00%	2.00%	3.00%	
Total pension liability	\$ 3,257,005	\$ 2,978,414	\$ 2,736,431	
Fiduciary net position	 2,166,146	2,166,146	2,166,146	
Net pension liability	\$ 1,090,859	\$ 812,268	\$ 570,285	

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by combining expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are per Milliman's investment consulting practice as of December 31, 2021.

Asset Class	Index	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	BAML 90 Day T-Bills	-0.71%
Short-term Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays 1-3 Yl	R Gvt/Credit -0.08%
US Mortgages	Bloomberg Barclays MBS	0.66%
Assumed Inflation - N	Mean	2.50%
Long-Term Expected	d Rate of Return	2.00%

Firefighters' Pension Fund Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	To		Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	t Pension Liability
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Liability (a)	(b)		(a) – (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$	2,692,205	\$ 2,216,924	\$	475,281
Changes for the year:					
Service costs		-			-
Interest on total pension liability		52,101			52,101
Effect of plan changes		-			-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains	s)				
or losses		252,098			252,098
Effects of assumptions changes or inp	uts	157,158			157,158
Benefit payments		(175,148)	(175,148)		-
Medical payments from fund			(200,000)		200,000
Employer contributions			-		-
Contributions from state fire insurance					
premium tax			306,966		(306,966)
Net investment income			22,555		(22,555)
Administrative expenses			(5,151)		5,151
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	2,978,414	\$ 2,166,146	\$	812,268

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$723,321. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Schedule of Deferred Inflows a	nd Outfl	ows of Resou	rces	
		ed Outflows lesources		ed Inflows sources
Difference between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings on pension plan				
investments		44,669		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between contributions and proportionate sh	are			
of contributions		-		-
Contributions subsequent to the measureme	nt			
date		-		-
TOTAL	\$	44,669	\$	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31:	Amount
2022	\$ 13,847
2023	21,799
2024	4,813
2025	4,210

e. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLANS

The following table represents the aggregate OPEB amounts for all plans subject to the requirements

of GASB Statement No. 75 for the year 2021:

Aggregate OPEB Amounts – All Plans			
OPEB Liabilities	\$	24,532,979	
OPEB Assets		-	
Deferred outflows of resources		119,980	
Deferred inflows of resources		-	
OPEB expenses/expenditures		709,879	

(1) Retirement Healthcare Benefits-LEOFF I Retirement System

Plan Description:

The City of Kent's LEOFF Plan 1 (the Plan) is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The Plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental, Medicare Part B premiums, long-term care, and vision expenses for LEOFF 1 retirees. The Plan does not cover dependent spouses and children. The Plan does not issue a separate standalone financial report.

Benefits Provided:

As mandated by RCW 41.26, RCW 41.18, and RCW 41.20, the City reimburses 100% of allowable healthcare costs for LEOFF 1 retirees. All firefighters and law enforcement officers employed between 3/1/1970 and 10/31/1977 are members of a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan and are provided lifetime insurance coverage for medical, hospital and nursing care costs. These benefits are accounted for in Police and Fire Pension and Relief Funds and are considered, in substance, a postemployment healthcare plan administered by, but not part of, the Police and Fire Pension Plans. Extraordinary health and dental expenses, as determined by the Pension Board, require prior approval. Insurance policies for this benefit are underwritten as part of the City's overall insurance program. The LEOFF 1 OPEB plans are closed to new entrants.

The City pays a monthly insurance premium to the Employee Health Care Fund for each retiree. The premium is less for Medicare age retirees, and the City reimburses retirees for the Medicare premiums. Medicare is the primary payer for retirees age 65 and older, and Cigna Administrators pays claims for retirees under age 65. The members' necessary hospital, medical, and nursing care expenses not payable by worker's compensation, Medicare, or insurance provided by another employer, are covered.

The authority to establish and amend benefits is determined by the LOEFF board.

The City's retirees' health plans are not open to active employees and are priced based on the retiree's experience. Thus, there is no subsidy of the retiree rates by active employees, and no implicit subsidy.

Employees covered by benefit terms;

At December 31, 2021 (the census date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Category	Count
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	59
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	0
Total	59

Contributions:

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulated in a qualifying trust.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was valued as of December 31, 2021 and was used to calculate the total liability as of December 31, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	Measurement Date:	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021
Discount r	ate	2.00%	1.84%
Inflation		2.50%	2.50%
Healthcare	e cost rate	5.40% trending down to	5.40% trending down to
		4.04% over 53 years	4.04% over 53 years
Mortality ra	ates	Based on tables from th	ne Society of Actuaries

- Projections of the sharing of benefit-related costs are based on established pattern of practice.
- Experience studies come from the State of Washington.
- Inactive employees (retirees) pay 0% of the cost of benefits.
- There are no ad hoc postemployment benefit changes (including ad hoc COLAs) to the plan.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 1.84%. The City's OPEB Plan is an unfunded plan, therefore the discount rate was set to the rate of tax-exempt, high quality 20 municipal bonds, as of the valuation date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	•	rease/Decrease) Total OPEB Liability
Balance as of 12/31/20	\$	22,953,560
Changes for the year:		
Service Costs		-
Interest		444,211
Changes in benefit terms		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(48,531)
Changes in assumptions		314,199
Benefit payments		(1,486,012)
Net changes		(776,133)
Balance as of 12/31/21	\$	22,177,427

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect changes in census, changes in the discount rate, changes in premiums and claims, changes in mortality rates, changes in trends and other changes in assumptions.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (0.84%) or one percentage point higher (2.84%) than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase

	0.84%	1.84%	2.84%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 24,320,583	\$ 22,177,427	\$ 20,328,211

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.40%) or one percentage point higher (6.40%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	4.40%	5.40%	6.40%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 20,265,845	\$ 22,177,427	\$ 24,346,657

OPEB Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$709,879. Since there are no active employees in the plan, no plan assets, and the measurement date is the same as the reporting date, there are no deferred inflows or outflows of resources as of December 31, 2021. Differences between actual and expected experience and changes in assumptions for the year ended December 31, 2021 are included in the 2021 OPEB expense.

(2) Kent Police Officer's Association VEBA Plan

Plan Description:

The City administers a single-employer defined-benefit post-employment healthcare plan (the Plan). No spouses or dependents are eligible to enroll.

Benefits Provided:

Eligibility for retiree health benefits requires retirement from the City on or after age 53 with at least 15 years of service as a Kent Police Officer. Eligible employees are ranked by their total age plus years of service and only the top three will be permitted to retire and enroll in the plan each year. Additional retirements will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Approved retiree will receive a medical stipend of \$800 per month from the month of their retirement until the month they attain 65 years of age.

Employees covered by benefit terms;

At December 31, 2020 (the census date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Category	Count
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	143
Total	151

Contributions:

The City pays benefits as they come due.

Contribution rate: Benefits due Reporting period contributions: \$36,000

Financial Report:

The City does not issue a stand-alone report that is available to the public.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was valued as of December 31, 2021 and was used to calculate the total liability as of December 31, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Measurement Date:	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021
Discount rate	2.00%	1.84%
Inflation	2.00%	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rate	N/A	N/A
Salary increases	3.00%	3.25%
Mortality rates	Based on tables from	the Society of Actuaries

- Projections of the sharing of benefit-related costs are based on established pattern of practice.
- Experience studies come from the State of Washington.
- Inactive employees (retirees) pay 0% of the cost of benefits.
- There are no ad hoc postemployment benefit changes (including ad hoc COLAs) to the plan.

Discount Rate.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 1.84%. The City's OPEB Plan is an unfunded plan, therefore the discount rate was set to the rate of tax-exempt, high quality 20-year municipal bonds, as of the valuation date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

,	Increase/(Decrease) Total OPEB Liability					
Balance as of 12/31/20	\$	2,154,994				
Service costs		163,351				
Interest		46,007				
Changes in benefit terms		-				
Difference between expected and actual experience		23,219				
Changes in assumptions		3,981				
Benefit payments		(36,000)				
Net changes		200,558				
Balance as of 12/31/21	\$	2,355,552				

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (0.84%) or one percentage point higher (2.84%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	0.84%	1.84%	2.84%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,494,353	\$ 2,355,552	\$ 2,219,938

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate: Healthcare cost trend rates do not apply to this plan because the benefit is a fixed-dollar amount. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$218,867. The

City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources						
		ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual	01 1	<u>kesources</u>	OI Nes	Sources		
experience	\$	22,369	\$	-		
Changes of assumptions		97,611		-		
Contributions subsequent to the measurer	ment					
date		-				
TOTAL	\$	119,980	\$	_		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended							
December 31:	Amount						
2022	\$	9,509					
2023		9,509					
2024		9,509					
2025		9,509					
2026		9,509					
Remaining		72,435					

Expected Average Remaining Service Lives (EARSL)

The effects on the total OBEP liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided benefits through the OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees), beginning in the current period. The expected average remaining service lives for the current period is 13.7 years.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains consolidated insurance operations in one Insurance Internal Service Fund to account for and finance uninsured risks of loss. The Unemployment, Worker's Compensation, a portion of the Liability and Property, and Medical and Dental Insurance Programs are self-insured. The insurance fund is made up of separate sub-funds for Unemployment Compensation, Worker's Compensation, Liability and Property, and Medical and Dental Insurance. Premiums are paid to the insurance fund by the other operating funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, administrative costs of the program. As with any risk retention program, the City is contingently liable with respect to claims beyond those actuarially projected. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage and no claims exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

The claims liability includes an estimated amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. Non-incremental claims adjustment expenses are not included in the calculation. Following is a table of changes in estimated claims liabilities for 2021 and 2020 as carried in the City's Internal Service Funds and the General Fund:

	Worker's Compensation		Medical	and Dental	Lia	bility	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Claims liabilities, 1/1	\$ 1,652,000	\$ 869,702	\$ 879,400	\$ 890,600	\$ 3,167,000	\$ 256,770	\$ 5,698,400	\$ 2,017,072	
Less: Claims paid	(1,218,726)	(795,157)	(13,498,585)	(11,924,568)	(9,668,962)	(1,190,999)	(24,386,273)	(13,910,724)	
Plus: claims and									
Changes in estimates	1,303,726	1,577,455	13,497,385	11,913,368	10,433,962	4,101,229	25,235,073	17,592,052	
Claims Liabilities 12/31	\$ 1,737,000	1,652,000	\$ 878,200	\$ 879,400	3,932,000	\$ 3,167,000	\$ 6,547,200	\$ 5,698,400	

a. **UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION**

The City self-insures its unemployment compensation program through the Washington State Employment Security Department. Reserves are set each year based on estimates of employment activity. The City paid \$131,370 in unemployment compensation claims in fiscal year 2021. At December 31, 2021, fund equity was \$1,337,956.

b. WORKER'S COMPENSATION

The City became self-insured for worker's compensation in 1981. Contributions are made from the operating funds based upon actuarially determined costs. The funding and allocations for the worker's compensation program are reviewed by an actuary on an annual basis. At December 31, 2021, incurred but not reported and claims payable were estimated at \$1,737,000. At December 31, 2021 fund equity was \$1,430,144. The City carries excess workers' compensation insurance coverage with a private carrier for losses exceeding \$600,000 per occurrence to a maximum indemnity in accordance with statutory limits.

c. **LIABILITY**

Liability coverage consists of a self-insurance layer of \$500,000 combined with two layers of reinsurance, a \$5 million primary layer and a \$20 million secondary layer for a total of \$25 million. The reinsurance layers are through the Washington Public Entity Group (WAPEG), a risk purchase group organized through the City's broker, Alliant Insurance Services, Inc. Coverage is occurrence based and includes general, automobile, police, public officials' errors and omissions, employment practices, stop gap, and employee benefits liability. Loss reserves are maintained by the City on the basis of annual actuarial studies.

The City purchases additional insurance coverage for smaller risks not covered by the programs listed above. Those coverages include crime/fidelity, Neighborhood Association liability, and international liability, as well public official bonds.

At December 31, 2021, the City booked a liability for open and incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims to equal estimated outstanding claims liability of \$3,932,000. In 2021, the City expensed \$4,746,500 for its liability claims, insurance coverage and costs of administering the risk management program.

At December 31, 2021, fund equity was \$2,480,646. Liability insurance continues to skyrocket due to continued market deterioration, verdict and settlement values continuing to rise, and negative loss developments. To provide the fund with sufficient equity the City transferred \$4.4 million from the General Fund to the Liability Fund in April 2021.

d. **PROPERTY**

Property coverage is provided by Lexington for all risks including earthquake and flood for buildings, contents, business income, extra expense, mobile equipment, fine arts and vehicles. Deductibles are \$100,000 per occurrence.

At December 31, 2021 fund equity was \$647,386. In 2021, the City expensed \$677,950 for its property claims, insurance coverage and administration.

e. **MEDICAL AND DENTAL**

The City is self-insured for three medical plans administered by Premera Blue Cross, one dental plan administered by Washington Dental Service (WDS), and a vision plan administered by Vision Service Plan (VSP). Medical claims exceeding \$200,000 per occurrence are covered by a stop loss policy. Kaiser Permanente is offered as a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) additional plan. The \$15 Copay Preferred Provider plan and the 80/20 Preferred Provider Plan provide comprehensive benefits with co-pays and coinsurance, and the Consumer's Choice Plan is a High Deductible Plan linked with a Health Savings Account (HSA). The dental plan is a Preferred Provider Plan. In 2021, Premera Blue Cross covered approximately 95 percent of the employees for a cost of \$12,424,504. The City's benefits broker, Alliant, prepares an actuarial study every year to determine the fund's actuarial soundness and the impact on future rates. The City's incurred but not reported claims liabilities decreased from \$924,600 as of December 31, 2020 to \$914,700 as of December 31, 2021. These amounts include the estimated IBNR for LEOFF1 Retirees, reported in the General Fund, of \$45,200 as of December 31, 2020 and \$36,500 as of December 31, 2021.

Kaiser Permanente provided health care to approximately five percent of the employees for 2021 premiums of \$530,265.

The fund's net position increased by \$1,121,012 to \$8,737,421 at December 31, 2021. In 2021, the City's contribution rate was sufficient to provide reserves as recommended by the actuary.

f. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Combining financial statements for the insurance funds are provided as other supplementary information on pages 156-159 of this report.

15. **JOINT VENTURE**

The "Valley Communications Center" (Valley Com) was established August 20, 1976, by an Interlocal Agreement between the cities of Kent, Renton, Auburn, and Tukwila. The agreement is sanctioned by the provisions and terms of the Interlocal Corporation Act pursuant to R.C.W. 39.34. The initial duration of the agreement was five years, and thereafter is automatically extended for consecutive two year periods, unless terminated by one or more of the participating cities. Any such termination must be in writing and served upon the other cities on or before July 1 in any one year, to become effective on the last day of that year.

On August 4, 1999, the Administration Board of Valley Communications Center voted to include the City of Federal Way as a full participating Member City as of January 1, 2000. A new Interlocal Agreement pursuant to State RCW 39.34, et seq., was entered into by the five participating municipal corporations that include the cities of Auburn, Federal Way, Kent, Renton, and Tukwila on April 17, 2000. The duration of the agreement is five years and will be automatically extended for additional five (5) year periods unless terminated as provided. However, the agreement shall not be terminated if there are any outstanding bonds issued by Valley Communications Center Development Authority. All bonded debt was paid off in 2015.

The purpose of the joint operation is to provide improved consolidated emergency communications (dispatch) services for police, fire, and medical aid, to the five participating cities and to the several subscribing agencies, which include King County Fire Districts #2, #20, #43, #44, #47; Puget Sound Regional Fire Authority, Valley Regional Fire Authority, City of Pacific Police Department; City of Algona Police Department; City of Des Moines Police Department, City of Black Diamond Police Department, North Highline Fire Department, South King Fire and Rescue, Vashon Island Fire and Rescue, and King County EMS Units. Separate agreements

between Valley Com and the subscribing agencies have been executed, which set forth conditions of services and rates charged.

Valley Com is governed by an Administration Board composed of the Mayors or designated representatives from the five participating cities. The Administration Board is responsible for appointment and discharge of the Director and for review and approval of budgets, contracts, and major policy issues including personnel policies.

Reporting to the Administrative Board is an Operating Board which consists of two members of each participating city's Public Safety Departments including the Directors of said departments or designees. The Operating Board oversees the operation of Valley Com and advises and makes recommendations to the Administration Board. In addition, they make recommendations on Director selection, present proposed policies and budgets to the Administrative Board and approve disbursement of funds by the Director.

The Director presents a proposed budget to the Operating Board on or before August 15 of each year. Said budget is then presented to the Administration Board by September 1 of each year. The Administration Board can make changes to the proposed budget, but final approval falls to the legislative body of each participating city in accordance with the provisions of the Interlocal Agreement.

The Interlocal Agreement calls for allocation of prorated financial participation among the five participating cities based on the percentage of estimated dispatched calls attributed to each jurisdiction compared to the total estimated dispatched calls for the current year ended December 31. Percentages are applied to the current approved budget, less revenue from all other sources.

In 2021 the cost distribution for the five participating cities was as follows:

City	Dispatchable Calls	Percent of Total
Kent	101,249	26.509%
Renton	80,798	21.155%
Auburn	83,626	21.895%
Tukwila	35,007	9.166%
Federal Way	81,257	21.275%
Totals	381,937	100.00%

In August 1993, Valley Com entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement, Pursuant to Chapter 39.34 RCW, with the sub regions of King County, Seattle and Eastside Public Safety Communications Agencies (EPSCA). This agreement governs the development, acquisition and installation of the 800 MHz emergency radio communications system (System) funded by the \$57 million King County levy approved in November 1992.

This agreement provides that upon voluntary termination of any sub region's participation in the System, it surrenders its radio frequencies, relinquishes its equipment and transfers any unexpended levy proceeds and associated equipment replacement reserves to another sub region or consortium of sub regions.

Thus, in accordance with this Agreement, the principals of Valley Com have no equity interest in Valley Com's 800 MHz communications system.

The share of equity belonging to the five participating cities is as follows:

Kent	Renton	Auburn	Tukwila	Federal Way	Total

Percent of Equity	28.45%	21.15%	21.76%	10.12%	18.52%	100.00%
Equity 12/31/20	\$ 9,564,555	\$ 7,037,728	\$ 7,234,069	\$ 3,416,212	\$ 6,022,545	\$ 33,275,109
Current Year Increase	1,337,422	1,067,291	1,104,634	462,424	1,073,341	5,045,112
Equity 12/31/21	\$ 10.901.977	\$ 8.105.019	\$ 8.338.703	\$ 3.878.636	\$ 7.095.886	\$ 38.320.221

Liabilities are the responsibility of the five participating cities in direct proportion to their equity position.

A copy of Valley Communication Center's audited financial statements is available at their offices located at 27519-108th Avenue SE, Kent, WA 98030.

16. COMPONENT UNITS

City of Kent Special Events Center Public Facilities District

The City of Kent established the Kent Special Events Center Public Facilities District (PFD) in August 2007. The corporation was established pursuant to State legislation and codified under RCW 35.57, with the powers and authority set forth by law. The District is established for the sole purpose of pursuing the design, construction, ownership, operation and/or financing of a regional center comprised of a Special Events Center, individually or in cooperation with any other governmental and/or private entities as allowed by law.

On February 29, 2008, the PFD issued bonds in the amount of \$63,280,000. In 2016, the City refunded the 2008 Sales Tax Bonds of the PFD with City general obligation bonds. At the same time, a new interlocal agreement was signed between the PFD and the City making the PFD responsible, to the extent PFD revenues are available, to the City for the debt service on the general obligation debt issued by the City.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the PFD generated \$1,360,108 in revenue and had net position of \$(85,714,717).

Per GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, the City includes this entity in the City's financial statements utilizing the discrete presentation method. A copy of the City of Kent's Special Events Center Public Facilities District's financial statements is available at the City of Kent located at 220 – 4th Avenue South, Kent, WA 98032.

17. CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATIONS

In the normal course of its various operations, the City is involved in lawsuits and is the recipient of claims for damages alleging that the City is responsible for damages incurred by third parties. The City believes the ultimate liability, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position, changes in financial position, or liquidity. Please refer to Note 14 - Risk Management.

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted programs. These programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor or their representatives. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

On February 20, 2008, The City entered into a Contingent Loan and Support Agreement with the Kent Public Facilities District, a discretely presented component unit of the City. The agreement was authorized by City Council under Ordinance No. 3863. Under the agreement, in the event that the District is unable to provide for the payment of principal or interest on any bonds issued by the District for the construction of the Kent Special Events Center, the City shall loan to the District the amount necessary to make such timely payment. The District issued \$10,130,000 in Revenue Bonds and \$53,150,000 in Sales Tax Bonds in 2008 (see Note 9 – Long-Term Indebtedness). The Contingent Loan and Support Agreement remains in effect for the life of

bonds. In 2016, the City refinanced the 2008 Sales Tax Bonds with General Obligation Bonds (LTGO Series 2016B). Concurrently, the City and the PFD entered into an interlocal agreement that all sales tax collected by the PFD is to be paid to the City to be used for the debt payments on the 2016B GO Bonds. The 2008 Revenue Bonds mature annually on December 1 until 2020 with semiannual interest payments. As of December 31, 2021, the City has loaned the District \$36,682,236 and accrued interest of \$2,301,184 for a total of \$38,983,420. As discussed in Note 5 – *Receivables*, although the City has booked a receivable from the District for the cumulative amounts loaned under the agreement, the City believes that the District will be unable to repay the City and therefore has offset 100 percent of the receivable with an allowance for uncollectibles. Although the District issued bonds have been paid, the City anticipates that District revenues will continue to fall short of the debt service requirements and the District will not be able to meet its obligations towards the City's 2016B GO bonds.

In compliance with GASB Statement No. 70 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees, the City previously recorded a liability on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the present value of estimated future payments under the guarantee agreement.

18. **COMMITMENTS**

As of December 31, 2021, the City had the following budgeted commitments for uncompleted projects:

Street Capital Projects	\$ 17,565,421
Parks Capital Projects	20,553,866
Miscellaneous Projects	1,173,750
Technology Capital Projects	8,167,259
Facilities Fund Capital Projects	3,888,152
Equipment Rental Fund	77,516
Facilities Fund	1,648,725
Water Capital Projects	26,246,246
Sewerage Capital Projects	12,643,371
Drainage Capital Projects	25,314,347
Golf Capital Projects	712,222
Total	\$117,990,875

19. TAX ABATEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements and requires certain disclosures about any tax abatement agreements. For financial reporting purposes, a tax abatement is defined as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual entity in which (a) one or more governments promises to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The City has the following tax abatement agreement(s) in place as of December 31, 2021:

Ad valorem property tax abatements:

Names: Dwell at Kent Station (Apartments)

Marquee on Meeker Phase I (Apartments)

a. Taxes abated

Ad valorem property taxes for eight years

b. **Authority**

Chapter 84.14 RCW and Kent City Code (KCC) 3.25

Chapter 84.14 RCW provides limited eight year exemptions from ad valorem property taxation for multifamily housing in designated urban centers to:

- (1) Encourage increased residential opportunities within urban centers designated by the city council as residential targeted areas, and
- (2) Stimulate new construction on vacant and underutilized sites for multifamily housing in residential targeted areas to increase and improve housing opportunities, and
- (3) Assist in directing future population growth in designated urban centers, thereby reducing development pressure on single-family residential neighborhoods, and
- (4) Achieve development densities which are more conducive to transit use in designated urban centers.

c. Criteria

A proposed project must meet the following requirements for consideration for a property tax exemption:

- (1) Location The project must be located within a designated residential targeted area as defined in KCC 3.25.020. If a part of any legal lot is within the residential targeted area, then the entire lot shall be deemed to lie within the residential targeted area.
- (2) Tenant displacement Prior to approval of an application under KCC 3.25.060, the applicant shall provide the city administrator with documentation satisfactory to the administrator of the following:
 - i. All tenants of residential rental structures on the project site have been notified per state statute of the termination of their tenancy
 - ii. The applicant's efforts to refer tenants to similar, alternative housing resources, and
 - iii. Any other actions the applicant has taken to minimize the hardship on tenants whose tenancies will be terminated.
- (3) Size The project must include at least 30 units of new multifamily housing within a multi-story development. At least 50 percent of the space within the proposed project shall be intended for permanent residential occupancy.
- (4) **Proposed completion date** New construction of multifamily housing must be completed within three years from the date of approval of the application.
- (5) Compliance with guidelines and standards the project must be designed to comply with the city's comprehensive plan, building, fire, housing, and zoning codes, downtown design review, multifamily design review, mixed use design review as applicable, and any other applicable regulations. The project must be LEED certifiable as confirmed by a LEED certified independent

- third-party reviewer or must be Built GREEN certified and must also comply with any other standards and guidelines adopted by the city council for the residential targeted area.
- (6) Parking For projects located in the downtown residential targeted are, all required residential parking shall be located within structured parking garages, under buildings, or underground. Projects located in the Riverbend Gateway residential targeted are shall provide structured parking garages under buildings or underground, though parking may also be allowed in surface lots.
- (7) Class A pedestrian street For buildings adjacent to a class A pedestrian street, the first floor of the building facing the street shall consist of residential units, commercial uses, and/or residential amenity uses.
- (8) **Mixed use development** The project shall be a mixed-use project, unless the mixed-use component is waived by the city administrator.
 - i. The purpose of the mixed-use requirement is to implement the intent of the land use district, maximize the efficient use of land, support transit use, and encourage the development of well-balanced, attractive, convenient, and vibrant urban residential neighborhoods. The additional use excludes any accessory functions related to the residential use. Unless otherwise modified or waived in writing by the administrator, the nonresidential mixed use shall occupy at a minimum the ground floor along the street frontage with a depth of at least 30 feet for any building in the project. The administrator may not modify or waive the mixed-use requirement, as provided in subsection (H)(2) of this section, in the DC zoning district, which is governed by KCC 15.04.030(4) and (5).
 - ii. The administrator may waive the mixed-use requirement for the purposes of this chapter, if the applicant can demonstrate that mixed use development is impractical or infeasible due to the following factors:
 - a. Size or other physical characteristic of the project's lot(s);
 - b. Project site is not conducive to commercial use;
 - c. Classification of street(s) abutting the project; or
 - d. Other similar type of circumstance that makes mixed use impractical for the project.

d. Mechanism

The value of improvements qualifying under this chapter is exempt from ad valorem property taxation for eight successive years beginning January 1st of the year immediately following the calendar year after issuance of the final certificate of tax exemption. The exemption does not apply to the value of land or to the value of improvements not qualifying under this chapter, nor does the exemption apply to increases in assessed valuation of land and non-qualifying improvements. This chapter does not apply to increases in assessed valuation made by the assessor on non-qualifying portions of buildings and value of land nor to increases made by lawful order of a county board of equalization, the Department of Revenue, or a county, to a class of property throughout the county or specific area of the county to achieve the uniformity of assessment or appraisal required by law. At the conclusion of the exemption period, the new housing cost shall be considered as new construction for the purposes of Chapter 84.55 RCW.

At the conclusion of the exemption period, the new housing costs shall be considered as new construction for the purposes of Chapter 84.55 RCW.

Within 30 calendar days after the first anniversary of the date the city issued the final certificate of tax exemption and each year thereafter for the duration of the tax exemption period, the property owner shall file a notarized declaration and annual report with the administrator indicating the following:

- (1) A statement of occupancy and vacancy of the multifamily units during the previous 12 months;
- (2) A certification that the property has not changed use and continues to be in compliance with the contract with the city and this chapter;
- (3) A description of any subsequent improvements or changes to the property made after the city issued the final certificate of tax exemption:
 - The total monthly rent of each multifamily housing unit rented, or the total sale amount of each multifamily housing unit sold to an initial purchaser during the 12 months ending with the anniversary date;
- (4) A breakdown of the number, type, and specific multifamily housing units rented or sold during the 12 months ending with the anniversary date; and
- (5) Any additional information requested by the city pursuant to meeting any reporting requirements under Chapter 84.14 RCW.
- (6) City staff may also conduct onsite verification of the declaration and reporting. Failure to submit the annual declaration and report shall result in a review of the exemption per RCW 84.14.110.
- (7) The amount of taxes abated for 2021 under this program was \$36,690.

The City has not issued any new conditional certificates of tax exemption for multi-family housing projects for the year 2021. The Marquee on Meeker Phase II and Madison Plaza projects received conditional certificates in prior years, but the projects are still under construction at December 31, 2021. No certificates of occupancy or final tax exemption certificates have been issued for these projects as of December 31, 2021.

The State of Washington has the following tax abatements that impact tax revenues of the City:

- a. High-Technology Sales and Use Tax Deferral Chapter 82.63 RCW provides a deferral and ultimate waiver of sales and use tax to encourage the creation of high-wage, high-skilled jobs in Washington. The deferral applies to sales and use tax arising from the construction or expansion of a qualified research and development facility or a pilot scale manufacturing facility used in the fields of advanced computing, advanced materials, biotechnology, electronic device technology, or environmental technology.
- b. Aerospace Incentives The purchase and use of computer hardware, software, or peripherals, including installation charges is exempt from sales and use tax per RCWs 82.08.975 and 82.12.975 if the buyer uses the purchased items primarily in developing, designing, and engineering aerospace products.
- c. Multi-unit urban housing exemption Chapter 84.14.020 RCW provides for an ad valorem tax exemption for qualifying new housing construction, conversion, and rehabilitation improvements.

The following table shows the impact to the City of Kent for taxes abated by the State of Washington during the calendar year ended June 30, 2021 (the latest information available):

Tax Abatement Program		Abated			
High-technology sales & use tax deferral	\$	*			
Aerospace incentives – computer hardware, software, & peripherals					
Sales & use tax exemption		*			
Multi-unit urban housing exemption – sales & use tax exemption		105,102			
* State law (RCW 82.32.330) forbids the disclosure of sales & use tax information for less than three taxpayers					

Source: Washington Department of Revenue

20. COVID-19 PANDEMIC

In February 2020, the Governor of the State of Washington declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures were ordered to help slow the spread of the virus. These measures include closing schools, colleges and universities, cancelling public events, prohibiting public and private gatherings, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function.

Most city facilities were closed to the public until July, 2021. The City has implemented safety measures and operations have continued with most staff working remotely. Management continues to monitor the situation for any operational or financial effects. While some activities have been limited, the City continues to operate all major functions. The City has remained economically stable and continues to adapt to the changing conditions.

On April 3, 2020, because of the fiscal threat posed by the coronavirus (COVID-19), the Governor vetoed Engrossed House Bill (EHB) 1948, including the funding appropriation. EHB 1948 replaced the Streamlined Sales Tax (SST) Mitigation Program with the Warehouse and Manufacturing Jobs Center Assistance Program. The SST Mitigation Program aided communities that lost revenue when the state switched to destination-based sales tax sourcing in 2007. For the City of Kent, this veto will reduce revenue to the City by approximately \$3.6 million annually. The last SST Mitigation payment was received by the City on June 30, 2020. However, as part of the 2021 legislative session, the SST Mitigation was restored and in July 2021, the City received a retro payment of \$3.6 million in SST Mitigation for the period of July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The City will begin receiving quarterly distributions of just over \$900,000 for the State's fiscal year which runs from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

In 2021, the City was awarded \$28.2 million in funds from the American Rescue Plan Act to support immediate economic stabilization, replace lost revenue to strengthen support for vital public services and help retain jobs. The City received approximately \$14 million of these funds in June 2021 and the remaining amount in June 2022.

The City was also awarded a \$3 million Shuttered Venue Operators Grant administered by the US Small Business Administration. These funds will be used to offset revenue losses and expenses of accesso ShoWare Center to provide relief in response to financial challenges from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Retirement Healthcare Benefits - LEOFF 1 For the Year Ended December 31 Last Four Fiscal Years *

Total OPEB liability - beginning	•	2018 23,285,620	\$	2019 29,794,456	\$	2020 28,812,676	\$	2021 22,953,560
Total Of EB hability - beginning	Ψ	23,203,020	Ψ	23,734,430	Ψ	20,012,070	Ψ	22,333,300
Changes for the year:								
Service costs		-		-		-		-
Interest		1,100,973		1,092,910		771,656		444,211
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,156,067)		(261,502)		(5,982,147)		(48,531)
Changes in assumptions		7,895,527		(512,771)		856,338		314,199
Benefit payments		(1,331,597)		(1,300,417)		(1,504,963)		(1,486,012)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		=		=		-		-
Other changes		-		-		-		-
Net changes		6,508,836		(981,780)		(5,859,116)		(776,133)
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	29,794,456	\$	28,812,676	\$	22,953,560	\$	22,177,427
Covered payroll **		-		-		-		-
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the requirements of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Notes:

* The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information is not available for prior years. This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

^{**} There are no active employees covered by the plan and therefor no covered employee payroll.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Kent Police Officer's Association VEBA Plan For the Year Ended December 31 Last Three Fiscal Years *

	2019			2020	2021
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	-	\$	1,863,853	\$ 2,154,994
Changes for the year:					
Service costs		136,698		140,799	163,351
Interest		5,096		54,930	46,007
Changes in benefit terms		1,723,659		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		981	23,219
Changes in assumptions		-		-	3,981
Benefit payments		(1,600)		(14,400)	(36,000)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		-		· -	-
Other changes (Discount rate)		-		108,831	-
Net changes		1,863,853		291,141	200,558
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,863,853	\$	2,154,994	\$ 2,355,552
Covered employee payroll		13,667,496		14,077,521	15,525,972
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	13.64%		15.31%		15.17%

Notes:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the requirements of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

^{*} The City began this plan in fiscal year 2019. This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.



Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31					
		2012	2013	2014		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	(59,033) \$	(41,988) \$	(47,101)		
Actual employer contribution *		(59,033)	(41,988)	(47,101)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	-	-		

^{*} Employer contributions for pensions are total contributions to the Fund net of disbursements from the Fund for medical expenses under RCW 41.26.150. It includes revenue from fire insurance premium taxes. Prior to 2014, administrative expenses were also subtracted from employer

Firefighters' retiree medical and long-term care benefits may be paid from the Firefighters' Pension Fund. As noted above, payments for retiree medical and long-term care benefits are subtracted from other contributions, leaving a negative total contribution for years prior to 2016. The City has been budgeting a portion of the excess plan assets to pay these benefits based on an actuarially determined amount. The City limits the amount of retiree medical and long-term care benefits paid from the Fund to the budgeted amounts, and thus the actual employer contributions are equal to the actuarially determined contributions prior to 2016 in the table above. Starting with the actuarial study of December 31, 2017, the actuaries no longer assume a continuation of the state fire insurance premium and therefore no longer provide an actuarial determined amount available for medical payments from the plan. The City has, however, continued to receive the insurance premium and make medical payments from the fund.

Note: Since this is a closed plan covering retirees, there is no covered payroll, therefore covered payroll and contributions as a percent of covered payroll are not applicable and are not shown in this table. [GASB Statement No. 67 Implementation Guide, question 57]

Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return Last Eight Fiscal Years *

	Net Money-Weighted Rate of
Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Return
2014	1.96%
2015	1.40%
2016	1.72%
2017	1.00%
2018	5.20%
2019	-0.72%
2020	2.58%
2021	1.02%

^{*} The Plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014. Information is not available for prior years. This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

^{**} The plan operates on a pay-as-you-go basis. Beginning in 2017, the actuaries are no longer calculating an actuarially determined contribution and therefore, no contribution deficiency (excess) is calculated. This table is shown for historical purposes.

Fiscal Year Ended December 31											
	2015	2016		2017		2018 **		2019 **		2020 **	 2021 **
\$	(6,968) \$	33,825	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _
	(6,968)	1,666		22,782		30,881		105,467		98,650	106,965
	-	(32,159)		22,782		30,881		105,467		98,650	106,965

Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Eight Fiscal Years *

	Fiscal Year Ending Decemb 2014 2015			ber 31 2016	
Total Pension Liability	 -				
Service cost	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Interest on total pension liability	77,086		75,005		94,952
Effect of plan changes	-		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains (losses)	-		357,176		-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	67,119		295,781		(62,384)
Benefit payments	 (143,326)		(157,121)		(158,944)
Net change in total pension liability	879		570,841		(126,376)
Total pension liability - beginning	 2,220,000		2,220,879		2,791,720
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,220,879	\$	2,791,720	\$	2,665,344
Fiduciary Net Position					
Prior Period Adjustment	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution for state fire insurance premium tax	178,899		219,032		227,666
Investment income net of investment expenses	54,853		37,358		43,881
Benefit payments	(143,326)		(157,121)		(158,944)
Medical payments from fund	(226,000)		(226,000)		(226,000)
Administrative expenses	 (8,325)		(3,000)		(11,825)
Net change in fiduciary net position	(143,899)		(129,731)		(125,222)
Fiduciary net position - beginning	2,880,593		2,736,694		2,606,963
Fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,736,694	\$	2,606,963	\$	2,481,741
Net pension liability (asset) - ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (515,815)	\$	184,757	\$	183,603
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	123.23%		93.38%		93.11%

^{*} The Plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014. Information is not available for prior years. This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

Note: Since this is a closed plan covering retirees, there is no covered payroll, therefore covered payroll and contributions as a percentage of covered payroll are not applicable and are not shown in this table. [GASB Statement No. 67 Implementation Guide, question 57]

Fiscal Year Ending Decem	ber	31
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2017	2018	2019		2020	2021
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
96,923	95,357	101,188		69,992	52,101
-	-	-		-	-
149,761	-	(69,406)		-	252,098
61,812	(112,645)	164,553		167,845	157,158
(162,942)	(174,299)	(180,967)		(180,311)	(175,148)
145,554	(191,587)	15,368		57,526	286,209
2,665,344	2,810,898	2,619,311	2	2,634,679	2,692,205
\$ 2,810,898	\$ 2,619,311	\$ 2,634,679	\$2	2,692,205	\$ 2,978,414
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(599)	\$ -
222,783	230,881	305,467		298,650	306,966
24,202	119,751	6,615		57,688	22,555
(162,942)	(174,299)	(180,967)		(180,311)	(175,148)
(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)		(200,000)	(200,000)
(3,000)	(11,825)	(3,300)		(13,611)	(5,151)
(118,957)	(35,492)	(72,185)		(38,183)	(50,778)
2,481,741	2,362,784	2,327,292	2	2,255,107	2,216,924
\$ 2,362,784	\$ 2,327,292	\$ 2,255,107	\$2	2,216,924	\$ 2,166,146
\$ 448,114	\$ 292,019	\$ 379,572	\$	475,281	\$ 812,268
84.06%	88.85%	85.59%		82.35%	72.73%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS As of December 31 Last Seven Years *

243. 23.3.1.1.34.3	2015		2016		2017	
PERS 1		2015	 2016		2017	
Statutorily or contractually required contributions	\$	1,638,189	\$ 1,870,232	\$	2,088,586	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions		1,638,189	1,870,232		2,088,586	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	 -		-	
Covered payroll		37,181,456	38,923,470		42,065,397	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4.41%	4.80%		4.97%	
PERS 2/3						
Statutorily or contractually required contributions	\$	1,945,990	\$ 2,282,752	\$	2,722,404	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions		1,945,990	2,282,752		2,722,404	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	 -		-	
Covered payroll		34,908,875	36,752,683	39,599,277		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.57%	6.21%		6.87%	
PSERS 2						
Statutorily or contractually required contributions	\$	121,367	\$ 122,102	\$	139,395	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions		121,367	122,102		139,395	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	 -		-	
Covered payroll		1,882,765	1,860,488		2,091,657	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.45%	6.56%		6.66%	
LEOFF 2						
Statutorily or contractually required contributions Washington state contributions on behalf of City	\$	749,213 505,299	\$ 804,269 504,126	\$	860,463 533,503	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions		1,254,512	1,308,395		1,393,966	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	 -		-	
Covered payroll		14,854,927	15,966,559		16,608,310	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.45%	8.19%		8.39%	

^{*} This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

2018	 2019		2020	2021
\$ 2,351,328	\$ 2,378,910	(2,368,339	\$2,163,697
2,351,328	2,378,910		2,368,339	2,163,697
	-		-	
46,207,660	47,859,344		49,203,103	50,476,376
5.09%	4.97%		4.81%	4.29%
\$ 3,283,933	\$ 3,502,030	,	3,704,122	\$3,419,586
 3,283,933	3,502,030		3,704,122	3,419,586
-	-		-	
43,777,402	45,359,059		46,769,176	47,907,111
7.50%	7.72%		7.92%	7.14%
\$ 155,310	\$ 166,854	(167,530	\$ 174,888
155,310	166,854		167,530	174,888
-	-		-	
2,266,941	2,338,909		2,326,805	2,556,809
6.85%	7.13%		7.20%	6.84%
\$ 911,355	\$ 1,017,230	5	\$ 1,003,511	\$1,038,765
581,650	601,365		679,407	650,588
1,493,005	1,618,595		1,682,918	1,689,353
-	-	_		
17,172,460	19,434,574		19,420,281	20,126,338
8.69%	8.33%		8.67%	8.39%

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY As of June 30 (Measurement Date) Last Seven Fiscal Years *

	2015	2016	2017	2018
PERS 1				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.322525%	0.331119%	0.320321%	0.335336%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	16,871,057	17,782,650	15,199,481	14,976,220
City's covered payroll	36,351,206	39,440,428	39,988,417	44,217,988
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	46.41%	45.09%	38.01%	33.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.10%	57.03%	57.03%	63.22%
PERS 2/3				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.381911%	0.395840%	0.384543%	0.402499%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	13,645,898	19,930,231	13,161,031	6,872,312
City's covered payroll	33,923,217	37,251,975	37,700,604	41,742,402
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	40.23%	53.50%	34.91%	16.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.20%	85.82%	85.82%	95.77%
PSERS 2				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.651624%	0.573616%	0.558376%	0.553617%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	118,934	243,775	109,403	6,859
City's covered payroll	1,907,865	1,859,634	1,976,972	2,171,586
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	6.23%	13.11%	5.53%	0.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.08%	90.41%	90.41%	99.79%

2019	2020	2021		
0.323785%	0.337844%	0.321187%		
12,450,683	11,927,718	3,922,445		
45,216,917	50,866,502	49,288,083		
27.54%	23.45%	7.96%		
67.12%	68.64%	88.74%		
0.393990%	0.414094%	0.391258%		
0.39399076	0.41409476	0.391236%		
3,826,982	5,296,026	(38,975,592)		
42,827,869	48,357,046	46,796,042		
8.94%	10.95%	-83.29%		
97.77%	97.22%	120.29%		
0.484319%	0.382659%	0.361482%		
0.10101070	0.00200070	0.00110270		
(62,981)	(52,654)	(830,465)		
2,230,396	2,350,995	2,450,380		
-2.82%	-2.24%	-33.89%		
101.85%	101.68%	123.67%		

Continued

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY As of June 30 (Measurement Date) Last Seven Fiscal Years *

	2015	2016	2017	2018
LEOFF 1				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.132902%	0.133759%	0.135565%	0.135862%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	(1,601,763)	(1,378,100)	(2,056,819)	(2,466,577)
City's covered payroll **	-	-	-	-
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	127.36%	123.74%	123.74%	144.42%
LEOFF 2				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.521396%	0.505464%	0.520622%	0.518038%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	(5,358,908)	(2,939,930)	(7,224,547)	(10,517,301)
City's covered payroll	15,132,938	15,312,604	16,286,027	16,977,973
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	35.41%	19.20%	44.36%	61.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	111.67%	106.04%	106.04%	118.50%

Note: Covered payroll on this schedule is based on the plans' fiscal year - July 1-June 30 to match the measurement date for the pension liability (asset).

^{*} The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information is not available for prior years. This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

^{**} The LEOFF 1 plan is closed and has no further covered payroll.

2021	2020	2019
0.141543%	0.138231%	0.131670%
(4,848,643)	(2,610,505)	(2,691,492)
-	-	-
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
187.45%	146.88%	148.78%
0.505905%	0.543160%	0.498071%
(29,385,057)	(11,079,671)	(11,538,776)
19,488,960	20,467,412	17,337,346
150.78%	54.13%	66.55%
142.00%	115.83%	119.43%



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS are used to account for proceeds of specific taxes or other earmarked revenues. This revenue is segregated into individual Special Revenue Funds to insure expenditures for a specific purpose. The Street Fund uses 1.0% of 6.0% local utility taxes to fund transfers for street debt service and construction projects. The Lodging Tax Fund uses a 1% tax on the rental of any hotel, motel, rooming house, tourist court or trailer camp to be utilized for the acquisition of, or operation of, tourism-related facilities. The Youth/Teen Programs Fund uses .3% of 6.0% local utility taxes to fund youth/teen programs. The Criminal Justice Fund uses state grants and a King County voter approved sales tax levy of .1% to fund criminal justice activity. The Housing and Community Development Fund uses federal grant monies to fund designated programs.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS are used to account for and report financial resources, that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest payments on debt. This includes financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years. Principal payments are due annually. Interest payments are due semiannually. The Non-voted Debt Service Fund records the principal and interest payments on non-voted Councilmanic General Obligation Bonds as well as other general governmental debt. Funding is transfers from other funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS are used to account for the financial resources segregated for the construction of capital facilities other than those financed by Proprietary Funds. Capital project activity is financed by the issuance of debt both general obligation and special assessment, by grants, and by transfers from such other funds as may be approved by ordinance. The City's non-major capital projects funds are for: parkland acquisition and improvements, miscellaneous general government projects and related improvements, information technology projects including computer software and hardware, and facilities related projects including major remodels, building renovations, and major maintenance.

CITY OF KENT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 	3,727,511 7,900,354 1,580,149 1,419,315	\$	37,757 79,968	\$	Youth/Teen Programs 84,131
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	\$	7,900,354 1,580,149	\$		\$	
Investments, at fair value Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	\$ 	7,900,354 1,580,149	\$		\$	
Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	<u>-</u>	1,580,149		79,900		170 024
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	_ 					178,834
Due from other governments	 	1,419,315 -		30,897		131,846
•	_ =	-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	=			-		-
		14,627,329	_	148,622	=	394,811
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Vouchers payable	\$	562,640	\$	19,412	\$	-
Accounts/payroll payable Due to other governments		1,709,166 3,233		-		-
Deposits and advances		-		-		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	2,275,039	_	19,412	-	-
FUND BALANCE Nonspendale: Restricted:						
Impact Fees		2,660,280		.		-
Lodging tax purposes Criminal justice programs		-		129,210		-
Low income housing purposes		-		- -		- -
Parks capital projects		-		-		-
Bond retirement		-		-		-
Committed:		0.000.040				
Street operations Youth/Teen programs		9,692,010		-		- 394.811
Criminal justice programs		-		- -		-
Economic & community development		-		-		-
Parks capital projects		-		-		-
Assigned:						
Criminal justice programs Economic & community development		-		-		-
Environmental Mitigation Operating		-		-		-
Waste Reduction Recycling		-		-		-
Streets Capital Projects		-		-		-
Parks capital projects		-		-		-
Technology systems		-		-		-
Facilty capital projects Unassigned		-		-		-
Total Fund Balance	_	12,352,290	<u> </u>	129,210	_	394,811
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS, & FUND BALANCE	\$	14,627,329	\$	148,622	\$	394,811

		S	pecial Revenue			Debt Service	
	Criminal		Housing & Community		Total Non-Major Special Revenue		Total Non-Major Debt Service
	Justice		Development		Funds	Non-voted	Funds
\$	3,480,639	\$	913,552	\$	8,243,590 \$	646,430 \$	646,430
	7,326,508		1,941,904		17,427,568	1,374,093	1,374,093
	977,010		679,625		3,399,527	-	-
	48,763 404,098		561,154 -		2,029,232 404,098	-	-
		_	4 000 005				
_	12,237,018	=	4,096,235	:	31,504,015 \$	2,020,523 \$	2,020,523
\$	287,881	\$	362,450	\$	1,232,383 \$	- \$	-
	123,595		51,981		1,884,742	-	-
	23,554 72,608		-		26,787 72,608	- -	- -
	507,638	_	414,431		3,216,520		
	-		-		2,660,280	-	-
	6,638,213		- -		129,210 6,638,213	-	-
	-		3,681,804		3,681,804	-	-
	-		-		-	-	- 2.020.522
	-		-		-	2,020,523	2,020,523
	-		-		9,692,010	-	-
	- 5 070 612		-		394,811	-	-
	5,079,612 -		- -		5,079,612 -	-	- -
	-		-		-	-	-
	11 555				- 11 555		
	11,555 -		- -		11,555 -	-	-
	-		-		-	-	-
	-		-		-	-	-
	-		-		-	-	
	-		- -		-	-	- -
	-		-		-	-	-
	-		-		-	-	-
	11,729,380	_	3,681,804	•	28,287,495	2,020,523	2,020,523
\$	12,237,018	\$_	4,096,235	\$	31,504,015 \$	2,020,523 \$	2,020,523

Continued

CITY OF KENT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

December 31, 2021				Capita	l Proi	ects	
	Parks Capital Projects			Other Capital Projects		Technology Capital Projects	
ASSETS							
Cash and equity in pooled investments	\$	6,380,776	\$	381,976	\$	2,783,841	
Investments, at fair value		13,507,020		808,632		5,891,537	
Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles): Taxes		1,600		_		_	
Accounts		-		_		236	
Due from other governments		-		-		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	=	19,889,396	_	1,190,608	_	8,675,614	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE							
LIABILITIES							
Vouchers payable	\$	128,793	\$	-	\$	268,717	
Accounts/payroll payable		277,336		-		56,086	
Due to other governments		589		-		441	
Deposits and advances		-		-		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	406,718	_	-	_	325,244	
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendale:							
Restricted:							
Impact Fees		-		-		-	
Lodging Tax Purposes Criminal Justice Programs		-		-		-	
Low income housing purposes		_		_		_	
Parks Capital Projects		3,991,075		_		_	
Bond retirement		-		-		_	
Committed:							
Street Operating Programs		-		-		-	
Youth/Teen Programs		-		-		-	
Criminal justice programs		-		.		-	
Economic & community development		-		1,189,413		-	
Parks capital projects		15,491,603		=		-	
Assigned: Criminal Justice Programs							
Economic & community development		-		1,195		-	
Environmental Mitigation Operating		_		1,195		-	
Waste Reduction Recycling		_		_		_	
Streets Capital Projects		_		-		-	
Parks Capital Projects		_		-		-	
Technology Capital Projects		-		-		8,350,370	
Facility Capital Projects		-		-		-	
Unassigned:		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balance	_	19,482,678	_	1,190,608	_	8,350,370	

	Facility Capital Projects		Capital Projects Total Non-Major Capital Projects Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	1,259,630 2,666,576	\$	10,806,223 22,873,765	\$	19,696,243 41,675,426
	- - -		1,600 236 -		3,401,127 2,029,468 404,098
=	3,926,206	:=	33,681,824	=	67,206,362
\$	248 1,360 - - 1,608	\$	397,758 334,782 1,030 - 733,570	\$	1,630,141 2,219,524 27,817 72,608 3,950,090
	-		- - - 3,991,075 - - - - 1,189,413		2,660,280 129,210 6,638,213 3,681,804 3,991,075 2,020,523 9,692,010 394,811 5,079,612 1,189,413
	- - - - - - - - 3,924,598		1,169,413 15,491,603 - 1,195 - - - - - 8,350,370 3,924,598		1,169,413 15,491,603 11,555 1,195 - - - - - 8,350,370 3,924,598
- \$	3,924,598 3,926,206	\$	32,948,254 33,681,824	\$	63,256,272 67,206,362

Concluded

CITY OF KENT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

,	Special Revenue						
		Street		Lodging Tax	Youth/Teen Programs		
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Sales and use	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
Utility		7,999,827		-	977,243		
Lodging tax		-		222,759	-		
Licenses and permits		565,945		-	-		
Intergovernmental revenue:							
Federal grants		-		-	-		
State shared fuel tax		2,558,704		-	-		
State shared revenue-criminal justice		-		-	-		
State shared revenue-other		176,724		-	-		
State grants		1,824,073		-	-		
Other governments		-		-	-		
Charges for services:							
Other fees and charges		2,579,958		-	-		
Fines and forfeitures		-		-	-		
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Interest income		84,781		708	-		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(71,383)		(2,216)	-		
Rent/lease income		14,506		-	-		
Contributions and donations		-		-	-		
Other miscellaneous revenue		74,099		-	-		
TOTAL REVENUES	_	15,807,234	_	221,251	977,243		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-	-		
Public safety		-		=	-		
Community development		-		165,719	-		
Public works		12,037,605		=	-		
Leisure services		-		-	49,800		
Health and human services		-		-	-		
Debt service:							
Principal		-		-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	-		
Capital outlay		164,809		-	-		
			_				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		12,202,414		165,719	49,800		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		3,604,820		55,532	927,443		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		6,957,542		_	_		
Transfers out		(8,015,779)		_	(814,254)		
Transiers out		(0,013,779)	_		(014,234)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(1,058,237)		-	(814,254)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,546,583		55,532	113,189		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), January 1		9,805,707		73,678	281,622		
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	12,352,290	\$_	129,210 \$	394,811		

		Special Revenue			Debt Service	
Criminal		Housing & Community	Total Non-Major Special Revenue		Newworked	Total Non-Major Debt Service
Justice		Development	Funds		Non-voted	Funds
\$ 4,421,647	\$	3,796,657	\$ 8,218,304	\$	- \$	_
-		-	8,977,070		-	-
-		=	222,759		=	-
-		-	565,945		-	-
196,327		1,802,467	1,998,794		-	_
-		=	2,558,704		=	-
1,134,781		-	1,134,781		-	-
48,797		-	225,521		-	-
-		-	1,824,073		-	-
13,781		-	13,781		1,473,276	1,473,276
36,400		<u>-</u>	2,616,358		-	_
4,545,761		-	4,545,761		-	-
86,988		-	172,477		-	-
(132,599)		_	(206,198)		-	-
-		-	14,506		=	-
850		-	850		-	-
19,494		-	93,593		-	-
 10,372,227		5,599,124	32,977,079	=	1,473,276	1,473,276
-		-	-		-	-
6,550,403		-	6,550,403		-	-
-		-	165,719		-	=
-		-	12,037,605		-	-
-		-	49,800		-	-
-		2,231,960	2,231,960		-	-
-		-	-		5,287,190	5,287,190
-		-	-		3,061,532	3,061,532
818,978		-	983,787		-	-
 7,369,381	•	2,231,960	22,019,274	-	8,348,722	8,348,722
3,002,846		3,367,164	10,957,805		(6,875,446)	(6,875,446)
705,000		(100.000)	7,662,542		6,515,271	6,515,271
(403,110)		(100,000)	(9,333,143)		-	-
 301,890	•	(100,000)	(1,670,601)	-	6,515,271	6,515,271
3,304,736		3,267,164	9,287,204		(360,175)	(360,175)
8,424,644		414,640	19,000,291		2,380,698	2,380,698
\$ 11,729,380	\$	3,681,804	\$ 28,287,495	\$	2,020,523 \$	2,020,523

Continued

CITY OF KENT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021				Conital Du	.i. ata
		Parks Capital Projects		Capital Pro Other Capital Projects	Technology Capital Projects
REVENUES				-	
Taxes:					
Sales and use	\$	_	\$	- \$	_
Utility	·	-	•	-	-
Lodging tax		-		-	-
Licenses and permits		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Federal grants		=		-	-
State shared fuel tax		10,018		-	-
State shared revenue-criminal justice		=		-	=
State shared revenue-other		-		-	-
State grants		-		-	-
Other governments		379,086		-	-
Charges for services:					
Other fees and charges		=		=	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-	-
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Interest income		182,634		12,278	77,223
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(340,264)		(21,600)	(147,465)
Rent/lease income		33,098		-	-
Contributions and Donations		57,523		-	-
Other miscellaneous revenue		45,000		-	121,352
TOTAL REVENUES	-	367,095	_	(9,322)	51,110
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		-		-	4,321,201
Public safety		=		-	-
Community development		-		6,048	-
Public works		4 544 040		-	-
Leisure services		1,511,248		-	-
Health and human services		-		-	-
Debt service: Principal					
Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u>		-	-
Capital outlay		3,908,622			282,374
Capital Salidy	_		_		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,419,870		6,048	4,603,575
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(5,052,775)		(15,370)	(4,552,465)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		6,245,090		-	4,756,750
Transfers out		(50,000)		(1,673)	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	6,195,090	_	(1,673)	4,756,750
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		1,142,315		(17,043)	204,285
FUND BALANCES, January 1		18,340,363		1,207,651	8,146,085

	Capital Projects	
Facility Capital Projects	Total Non-Major Capital Projects Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 8,218,304 8,977,070
-	-	222,759
=	-	565,945
-	-	1,998,794
-	10,018	2,568,722
-	-	1,134,781
-	-	225,521
=	270.006	1,824,073
-	379,086	1,866,143
-	-	2,616,358
=	-	4,545,761
35,815	307,950	480,427
(69,438)	(578,767)	(784,965)
` -	33,098	47,604
-	57,523	58,373
-	166,352	259,945
(33,623)	375,260	34,825,615
39,988	4,361,189	4,361,189
-	6,048	6,550,403 171,767
-	0,040	12,037,605
-	1,511,248	1,561,048
-	-	2,231,960
-	-	5,287,190
-	-	3,061,532
132,692	4,323,688	5,307,475
172,680	10,202,173	40,570,169
(206,303)	(9,826,913)	(5,744,554)
696,960	11,698,800	25,876,613
-	(51,673)	(9,384,816)
696,960	11,647,127	16,491,797
490,657	1,820,214	10,747,243
3,433,941	31,128,040	52,509,029
\$ 3,924,598	\$ 32,948,254	\$ 63,256,272

Concluded

CITY OF KENT
STREET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget						
	-	Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes:	Φ.	7 044 000		7.044.000	Φ	7,000,007, (•	755 007
Utility	\$	7,244,020		7,244,020	\$	7,999,827	Þ	755,807
Licenses and permits		535,290		535,290		565,945		30,655
Intergovernmental:		0.050.500		0.050.500		0.550.704		(0.4.700)
State shared - fuel tax		2,653,500		2,653,500		2,558,704		(94,796)
State shared - other		178,500		178,500		176,724		(1,776)
State grants		-		8,000,000		1,824,073		(6,175,927)
Charges for services		725,480		725,480		2,579,958		1,854,478
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Interest income		197,860		197,860		84,781		(113,079)
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		-		-		(71,383)		(71,383)
Rent/lease income		-		-		14,506		14,506
Other miscellaneous revenue		18,730		18,730		74,099		55,369
TOTAL REVENUES	-	11,553,380	-	19,553,380	-	15,807,234	_	(3,746,146)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public works		12,775,690		19,874,870		12,037,605		(7,837,265)
Capital outlay		78,080		78,080		164,809		86,729
Capital Gallay		70,000		70,000		104,000		00,720
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	12,853,770	_	19,952,950		12,202,414		(7,750,536)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,300,390)		(399,570)		3,604,820		4,004,390
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		6,733,860		7,468,000		6,957,542		(510,458)
Transfer Out		(5,388,120)		(7,211,780)		(8,015,779)		(803,999)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	1,345,740	-	256,220	-	(1,058,237)	_	(1,314,457)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		45,350		(143,350)		2,546,583		2,689,933
FUND BALANCES, January 1		7,768,086		7,768,086		9,805,707		2,037,621
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	7,813,436	\$_	7,624,736	\$_	12,352,290	\$ <u></u>	4,727,554

Note: Budgeted transfers of \$533,245 between business units within the fund have been eliminated for financial reporting purposes.

CITY OF KENT LODGING TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Lodging Tax	\$	236,800	\$	236,800	\$	222,759	\$	(14,041)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Interest income		2,310		2,310		708		(1,602)
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		-		-		(2,216)		(2,216)
TOTAL REVENUES		239,110	_	239,110	_	221,251	_	(17,859)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community Development		229,190		179,190		165,719		(13,471)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		229,190	_	179,190	_	165,719	· <u> </u>	(13,471)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		9,920		59,920		55,532		(4,388)
FUND BALANCES, January 1		73,683		73,683		73,678		(5)
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	83,603	\$	133,603	\$	129,210	\$	(4,393)
I DIAD DALAIROLO, December 31	Ψ	03,003	Ψ_	100,000	Ψ_	129,210	Ψ_	(4,393)

CITY OF KENT YOUTH/TEEN PROGRAMS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget						
		Original		Final		Actual	Variance	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Utility	\$	924,390	\$	924,390	\$	977,243 \$	52,853	
TOTAL REVENUES	-	924,390	_	924,390	_	977,243	52,853	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Leisure services		49,800		49,800		49,800	-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	49,800	_	49,800	_	49,800	-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		874,590		874,590		927,443	52,853	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(874,590)		(874,590)		(814,254)	60,336	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(874,590)	_	(874,590)	_	(814,254)	60,336	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		-		-		113,189	113,189	
FUND BALANCES, January 1		314,130		314,130		281,622	(32,508)	
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	314,130	\$	314,130	\$	394,811 \$	80,681	

CITY OF KENT
CRIMINAL JUSTICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget						
9		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	3,635,480	\$	3,635,480	\$	4,421,647	\$	786,167
Intergovernmental revenue:	*	2,222,122	•	-,,	*	.,,	•	
Federal grants		-		176,181		196,327		20,146
State shared - criminal justice		526,010		526,010		1,134,781		608,771
State shared - other		· -		58,930		48,797		(10,133)
State grants		52,860		119,360		-		(119,360)
Local government grants		-				13,781		13,781
Charges for services		98,000		98,000		36,400		(61,600)
Fines and forfeitures		3,585,330		3,600,820		4,545,761		944,941
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Interest income		144,470		144,470		86,988		(57,482)
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		-		-		(132,599)		(132,599)
Contributions and donations		-		-		850		850
Other miscellaneous revenue		-		-		19,494		19,494
TOTAL REVENUES	=	8,042,150	_	8,359,251	-	10,372,227	_	2,012,976
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		7,764,960		8,200,361		6,550,403		(1,649,958)
Capital outlay		864,000		954,000		818,978		(135,022)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	8,628,960	_	9,154,361	-	7,369,381	_	(1,784,980)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(586,810)		(795,110)		3,002,846		3,797,956
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		735,990		735,990		705,000		(30,990)
Transfers out		(434,100)		(434,100)		(403,110)		30,990
	_	, ,			_	,	_	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		301,890		301,890		301,890		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(284,920)		(493,220)		3,304,736		3,797,956
FUND BALANCES, January 1		8,036,824		8,036,824		8,424,644		387,820
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$_	7,751,904	\$	7,543,604	\$_	11,729,380	\$	4,185,776

Note: Budgeted transfers of \$16,500 between business units with the fund have been eliminated for financial reporting purposes.

CITY OF KENT HOUSING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget						
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	-	\$	3,020,000	\$	3,796,657	\$	776,657
Intergovernmental revenue:						, ,		,
Federal grants		1,139,860		2,019,344		1,802,467		(216,877)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other		-		282,520		-		(282,520)
TOTAL REVENUES	=	1,139,860	_	5,321,864	_	5,599,124	_	277,260
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Health and human services		1,534,750		5,268,934		2,231,960		(3,036,974)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	1,534,750	_	5,268,934	_	2,231,960	_	(3,036,974)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(394,890)		52,930		3,367,164		3,314,234
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		394,890		1,945,470		-		(1,945,470)
Transfers out		-		(2,045,470)	_	(100,000)		1,945,470
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		394,890		(100,000)		(100,000)		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER				(47.070)		0.007.404		0.044.004
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		-		(47,070)		3,267,164		3,314,234
FUND BALANCES, January 1		414,641		414,641		414,640		(1)
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	414,641	\$	367,571	\$	3,681,804	\$	3,314,233

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS are used to account for services performed by designated operations within the City of Kent for other operations/functions within the city. Internal Service Funds generate revenue by billing the organization/function to which the service was provided. In this manner, the efficiency of centralized city services can be obtained while being able to distribute the cost of those services to user organizations/functions. The Equipment Rental Fund rents vehicles and other maintenance equipment and provides fuel and maintenance services for the fleet. The Central Services Fund provides central stores, photocopying, printing, graphics, data processing, cable media, and telephone services. The Facilities Fund provides custodial and maintenance for most of the city owned buildings. The Insurance Fund accounts for the city's unemployment and workers' compensation programs, dental and health insurance program, and liability and property insurance program.

CITY OF KENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

		Equipment Rental		Central Services
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,361,758	\$	909,562
Investments, at fair value		2,882,643		1,926,418
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments:				
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-
Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles):		10 700		50.005
Accounts		42,782		50,995
Interfund loan receivable		400 700		200.040
Inventory, at cost		133,796		309,012
Prepaid expenses		4 400 070		83,669
Total Current Assets		4,420,979		3,279,656
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Net Pension Asset		669,683		2,544,798
Property plant and equipment:				
Buildings		108,702		-
Site improvements		2,595,785		28,964
Equipment		29,002,824		5,628,632
Less: accumulated depreciation		(14,410,022)		(5,657,596)
Construction in progress				
Total noncurrent assets		17,966,972		2,544,798
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	22,387,951	\$	5,824,454
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		88,340		335,692
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	88,340	\$	335,692
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Vouchers payable	\$	206,227	\$	285,407
Accounts/payroll payable		47,593		242,690
Incurred but not reported claims payable		-		-
Compensated absences payable - current portion		39,621		213,212
Total Current Liabilities		293,441		741,309
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences payable - non-current		14,981		174,074
Net Pension Liability		67,396		256,105
Total Long-Term Liabilities		82,377		430,179
TOTAL LIABILITIES		375,818		1,171,488
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		702,021		2,667,682
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	702,021	\$	2,667,682
	•	. 02,02	Ψ	2,001,002
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		17,297,289		_
Restricted for debt service				_
Restricted for Pensions		669,683		2,544,798
Unrestricted		3,431,480		(223,822)
-				(==0,0==)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	21 309 452	\$	2 220 076
IOTAL NET FOOTION	Φ	21,398,452	φ	2,320,976

	Facilities	Insurance			Totals
\$	2,218,488	\$	6,704,208	\$	11,194,016
•	4,696,315	*	14,206,230	•	23,711,606
			44,562		44,562
	_		44,502		44,502
	94,802		182,381		370,960
	-		51,099		51,099
	-		384,370		442,808
•	7,009,605	_	21,572,850	-	468,039 36,283,090
	,,		,- ,		, ,
	1,406,337		133,936		4,754,754
	-		-		108,702
	79,420		-		2,704,169
	92,735		-		34,724,191
	(172,155)		-		(20,239,773)
•	1,748	_	-	. –	1,748
	1,408,085		133,936		22,053,791
\$	8,417,690	\$_	21,706,786	\$	58,336,881
	185,514	_	17,668	_	627,214
\$	185,514	\$_	17,668	\$_	627,214
•		=		-	
\$	219,135	\$	334,715	\$	1,045,484
	107,820		15,644		413,747
	-		6,547,200		6,547,200
	68,498 395,453	_	14,806	. –	336,137
	393,433		6,912,365		8,342,568
	48,699		24,654		262,408
	141,532		13,479		478,512
•	190,231		38,133	_	740,920
•	585,684	-	6,950,498	-	9,083,488
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	, ,	_	· · ·
	1,474,247		140,403		4,984,353
\$	1,474,247	\$	140,403	\$	4,984,353
	1,748		-		17,299,037
	-		-		-
	1,406,337		133,936		4,754,754
	5,135,188		14,499,617		22,842,463
•	0.540.070	_	44.000.550	_	44.000.05:
\$	6,543,273	\$_	14,633,553	\$_	44,896,254

CITY OF KENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Equipment Rental		Central Services
OPERATING REVENUES			
Sales	\$ 912,029	\$	355,950
Charges for services	4,472,288		8,831,083
Contributions	-		-
Rental and lease income	-		-
Other operating revenue	10,965		-
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	5,395,282	-	9,187,033
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	921,810		4,674,730
Supplies	1,257,496		276,467
Services and charges	904,203		4,368,470
Depreciation	1,897,783		-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	4,981,292	-	9,319,667
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	413,990	-	(132,634)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	43,522		22,446
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in fair value of investments	(80,619)		(40,104)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets	33,392		-
Miscellaneous non-operating revenues	100,030		250
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	96,325	-	(17,408)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	510,315	-	(150,042)
Contributed capital	815,653		_
Transfers in	216,185		1,692,409
Transfers out	(84,941)		(351,271)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,457,212	-	1,191,096
NET POSITION, January 1	19,941,240		1,129,880
NET POSITION, December 31	\$ 21,398,452	\$	2,320,976

	Facilities		Insurance	Totals
\$	_	\$	- :	\$ 1,267,979
•	5,321,350	•	-	18,624,721
	· · · -		19,702,099	19,702,099
	70,446		, , , , <u>-</u>	70,446
	161,613		1,758,948	1,931,526
	5,553,409	-	21,461,047	41,596,771
	1,482,543		281,610	7,360,693
	379,151		38,567	1,951,681
	2,811,319		21,853,957	29,937,949
	-		-	1,897,783
	4,673,013	•	22,174,134	41,148,106
	880,396	•	(713,087)	448,665
	69,319		166,865	302,152
	(120,880)		(289,738)	(531,341)
	(1,057,305)		- 1	(1,023,913)
	-		-	100,280
	(1,108,866)	•	(122,873)	(1,152,822)
	(228,470)		(835,960)	(704,157)
	-		-	815,653
	524,998		4,400,000	6,833,592
	(221,160)		-	(657,372)
	75,368	٠	3,564,040	6,287,716
	6,467,905		11,069,513	38,608,538
\$	6,543,273	\$	14,633,553	\$ 44,896,254

CITY OF KENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Equipment Rental	Central Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$	5,360,121 \$	9,333,740
Cash received from other funds for services	Ψ	σ,σσσ, :Σ:	-
Cash payments to employees		(1,181,696)	(5,755,788)
Cash payments to suppliers		(3,244,018)	(4,323,268)
Other cash received		10,965	-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		945,372	(745,316)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Operating grants/non-operating revenue received		100,030	250
Transfers in		-	-
Transfers out		-	(351,271)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing		100,030	(351,021)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Principal repayment on interfund loan			
Interest income on interfund capital loans		_	_
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets		219.883	_
Transfer of plant from Governmental Capital Assets		816,998	_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,601,683)	_
Transfers in		216,185	1,692,409
Transfers out		(84,941)	1,002,400
Capital contributed by subdividers, capital grants, local improvement districts		(1,345)	-
Net cash used for capital and related financing		(1,434,903)	1,692,409
CARL EL OMO EDOM INVESTINO ACTIVITIES			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(4 007 007)	(4.000.070)
Purchase of investment securities		(1,837,227)	(1,226,973)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment securities		1,338,998	452,947
Interest and dividends on investments		(37,097)	(17,658)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(535,326)	(791,684)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(924,827)	(195,612)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, January 1		2,286,585	1,105,174
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, December 31	\$	1,361,758 \$	909,562
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT DECEM	IBER :	31 CONSISTS OF:	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent	\$	1,361,758 \$ -	909,562
-	Φ.	4 204 750 ↑	000 500
	\$	1,361,758 \$	909,562

	Facilities	Insurance	Total
\$	5,328,282 \$	- \$ 19,696,501	20,022,143 19,696,501
	(2,210,381)	(434,765)	(9,582,630)
	(3,110,698)	(21,315,534)	(31,993,518)
	161,613	1,758,948	1,931,526
-	168,816	(294,850)	74,022
			100,280
	-	4,400,000	4,400,000
	-	-	(351,271)
=	-	4,400,000	4,149,009
	-	100,404	100,404
	-	1,818	1,818
	-	-	219,883
	-	-	816,998
	(275,010)	-	(2,876,693)
	524,998	-	2,433,592 (306,101)
	(221,160) -	-	(1,345)
-	28,828	102,222	388,556
	(2,993,090)	(9,042,622)	(15,099,912)
	1,753,009	3,422,217	6,967,171
	(51,561)	(124,691)	(231,007)
-	(1,291,642)	(5,745,096)	(8,363,748)
	(1,093,998)	(1,537,724)	(3,752,161)
	3,312,486	8,286,494	14,990,739
\$	2,218,488 \$	6,748,770 \$	11,238,578
\$	2,218,488 \$	6,704,208 \$	11,194,016
	-	44,562	44,562
\$	2,218,488 \$	6,748,770 \$	11,238,578

Continued

CITY OF KENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Equipment Rental	Central Services
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPE	ERAT	ING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income (loss)	\$	413,990 \$	(132,634)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense		1,897,783	-
Change in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable		(24,196)	146,707
(Increase) Decrease in inventory		(54,004)	(2,161)
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses		-	144,712
(Increase) Decrease in net pension asset		(669,683)	(2,544,798)
(Increase) Decrease in pension deferred outflows		2,854	59,481
Increase (Decrease) in vouchers payable		(956,943)	65,470
Increase (Decrease) in accounts/payroll payable		(68,229)	75,540
(Decrease) in incurred but not reported claims payable		-	-
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences		(19,599)	18,000
Increase (Decrease) in pension deferred inflows		623,728	2,328,410
Increase (Decrease) in pension liabilities		(200,329)	(904,043)
Total Adjustments	_	531,382	(612,682)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	945,372 \$	(745,316)
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING A	CTIV	ITIES	
Capital assets contributed	\$	815,653 \$	-
Increase (Decrease) in fair value of investments		(80,619)	(40,104)

Facilities			Insurance	Total		
\$	880,396	\$	(713,087)	\$ 448,665		
	-		-	1,897,783		
	(63,514)		(5,598)	53,399		
	-		-	(56,165)		
	-		(53,809)	90,903		
	(1,406,337)		(133,936)	(4,754,754)		
	77,935		12,730	153,000		
	61,007		(213,482)	(1,043,948)		
	(13,163)		(15,275)	(21,127)		
	-		848,800	848,800		
	16,326		(59,736)	(45,009)		
	1,248,066		114,305	4,314,509		
	(631,900)	_	(75,762)	(1,812,034)		
	(711,580)		418,237	(374,643)		
\$	168,816	\$	(294,850)	\$ 74,022		
		_				
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 815,653		
	(120,880)		(289,738)	(531,341)		



PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFIT FUNDS

The Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Funds are used to report fiduciary activities for the Firemen's Pension Trust Fund and the VEBA Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund.

CITY OF KENT PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Firemen's Relief &		VEBA OPEB	
	Pension Fund		Trust Fund	Total
\$	684,883	\$	- \$	684,883
·	1,449,789	·	-	1,449,789
	-		33,400	33,400
\$	2,134,672	\$	33,400 \$	2,168,072
\$	7,241	\$	- \$	7,241
\$	7,241	\$	- \$	7,241
. =	,	=	·	
	2,127,431		-	2,127,431
	-		33,400	33,400
\$	2,127,431		33,400	2,160,831
	\$ \$ <u></u>	\$ 684,883 1,449,789 - \$ 2,134,672 \$ 7,241 \$ 7,241	Relief & Pension Fund \$ 684,883 \$ 1,449,789	Relief & Pension Fund OPEB Trust Fund \$ 684,883 \$ - \$ 1,449,789 - 33,400 \$ 33,400 \$ 2,134,672 \$ 33,400 \$ \$ 7,241 \$ - \$ \$ 7,241 \$ - \$ \$ 33,400

CITY OF KENT PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Firemen's Relief &	VEBA OPEB	
	Pension Fund	Trust Fund	Total
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	-	36,000	36,000
State insurance fees	306,965	-	306,965
Investment earnings:			
Interest income	22,554	51	22,605
Unrealized net gani/(loss) in fair value of investments	(38,714)	542	(38,172)
Net investment income	(16,160)	593	(15,567)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	290,805	36,593	327,398
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	200,000	-	200,000
Administrative Expense	180,298	14,526	194,824
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	380,298	14,526	394,824
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(89,493)	22,067	(67,426)
NET POSITION January 1	2,216,924	11,333	2,228,257
NET POSITION December 31	2,127,431	33,400	2,160,831



INSURANCE FUND DETAILED SCHEDULES

These schedules show the financial information of the Insurance Fund Internal Service Fund by program. The programs are Unemployment Compensation Insurance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Medical and Dental Insurance, Liability Insurance, and Property Insurance.

CITY OF KENT INSURANCE FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

		Unemployment Compensation Insurance		Workers' Compensation Insurance
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	429,949	\$	1,010,136
Investments, at fair value		910,193		2,138,262
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, & investments:				
Cash with fiscal agent		-		35,000
Receivables (net of allowances for estimated uncollectibles):		5.500		
Accounts		5,598		-
Interfund loan receivable		-		25,550
Prepaid expenses		1 245 740		2 200 040
Total Current Assets		1,345,740		3,208,948
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Net Pension Asset		13,394		53 574
Total noncurrent assets		13.394		53,574 53,574
		,		,
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,359,134	\$	3,262,522
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	_	1,767	_	7,067
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	1,767	\$	7,067
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	1,360,901	\$	3,269,589
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEI ERRED GOTT EGWS	Ψ	1,300,301	Ψ	3,209,309
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Vouchers payable	\$	3,611	\$	23,424
Accounts/payroll payable	•	-	*	1,684
Incurred but not reported claims payable		=		1,737,000
Compensated absences payable - current portion		1,481		5,922
Total Current Liabilities		5,092		1,768,030
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences payable - non-current		2,465		9,862
Net Pension Liability		1,348		5,392
Total Long-Term Liabilities		3,813		15,254
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,905		1,783,284
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0,905		1,703,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		14,040		56,161
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	14,040	\$	56,161
	•			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$	22,945	\$	1,839,445
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		1,337,956		1,430,144
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,337,956	\$	1,430,144
TOTAL NET FUSITION	Ф	1,337,930	φ	1,430,144

	Medical & Dental Insurance	Liability Insurance		Property Insurance		Totals
\$	3,111,447 6,586,433	\$ 2,053,156 4,360,542	\$	99,520 210,800	\$	6,704,208 14,206,230
	-	9,562		-		44,562
	176,783	-		-		182,381
	-	25,549		-		51,099
-	5,066	35,281	_	344,023		384,370
	9,879,729	6,484,090		654,343		21,572,850
	_	53,574		13,394		133,936
-		53,574	_	13,394	-	133,936
\$	9,879,729	6,537,664	\$	667,737	\$	21,706,786
-			_			
		7,067	_	1,767 1,767		17,668
\$	-	7,067	\$_	1,767	\$_	17,668
\$	9,879,729	6,544,731	\$_	669,504	\$	21,724,454
\$	264,108	43,572	\$	-	\$	334,715
	- 070 200	11,176		2,784		15,644
	878,200	3,932,000 5,922		- 1,481		6,547,200 14,806
-	1,142,308	3,992,670	_	4,265	-	6,912,365
	-	9,862		2,465		24,654
	-	5,391		1,348		13,479
	-	15,253	_	3,813		38,133
-	1,142,308	4,007,923	_	8,078		6,950,498
	<u>-</u>	56,162		14,040		140,403
\$	-	56,162	\$	14,040	\$	140,403
\$	1,142,308	4,064,085	\$	22,118	\$	7,090,901
<u>-</u>	8,737,421	2,480,646	· <u>-</u>	647,386		14,633,553
\$	8,737,421	2,480,646	\$_	647,386	\$	14,633,553

CITY OF KENT INSURANCE FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Unemployment Compensation Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES		
Contributions Other operating revenue	\$ 145,083	\$ 995,247 51,872
. •	445,000	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	145,083	1,047,119
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits	28,157	112,671
Supplies Services and charges	- 139,071	20,810 1,727,283
Oct vices and charges	155,071	1,727,203
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	167,228	1,860,764
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(22,145)	(813,645)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	13,771	37,197
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in fair value of investments	(23,991)	(64,726)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(10,220)	(27,529)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(32,365)	(841,174)
Transfers in	-	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(32,365)	(841,174)
NET POSITION, January 1	1,370,321	2,271,318
NET POSITION, December 31	\$ 1,337,956	\$ 1,430,144

	Medical & Dental Insurance		Liability Insurance		Property Insurance	Totals
\$	15,244,527 675,337	\$	2,708,942 1,031,739	\$	608,300 \$ -	19,702,099 1,758,948
	15,919,864		3,740,681	-	608,300	21,461,047
	-		112,626		28,156	281,610
	14,737,532		17,757 4,603,446		646,625	38,567 21,853,957
•	14,737,532		4,733,829	_	674,781	22,174,134
•	1,182,332		(993,148)	_	(66,481)	(713,087)
	95,708		15,575		4,614	166,865
	(157,028)		(36,898)		(7,095)	(289,738)
,	(61,320)		(21,323)	_	(2,481)	(122,873)
	1,121,012	,	(1,014,471)	-	(68,962)	(835,960)
	-		4,400,000		-	4,400,000
•	1,121,012	•	3,385,529	-	(68,962)	3,564,040
	7,616,409		(904,883)		716,348	11,069,513
\$	8,737,421		2,480,646	\$_	647,386 \$	14,633,553



OTHER BUDGETARY SCHEDULES

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, the Public Safety Retiree Special Revenue Fund, which uses contributions from the City to fund the OPEB obligation and pay healthcare costs of LEOFF 1 retirees, as well as the Operating Grants & Projects Fund and the Events Center Fund, are now combined with the General Fund for financial reporting. Additionally, with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the Impact Fee Fund is also combined into the General Fund for financial reporting. For budgetary purposes, however, these funds are separately budgeted and are presented as a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual just as the other Special Revenue Funds are.

CITY OF KENT
PUBLIC SAFETY RETIREE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget					
		Original		Final		Actual	Variance
REVENUES							
Contributions and Donations	\$	989,420	\$	989,420	\$	963,537 \$	(25,883)
Miscellaneous revenue:	·	•	·	,	·	, ,	, ,
Interest income		33,010		33,010		(13,573)	(46,583)
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1,022,430	_	1,022,430	_	949,964	(72,466)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety		1,541,980		1,541,980		1,510,760	(31,220)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	1,541,980	_	1,541,980	_	1,510,760	(31,220)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(519,550)		(519,550)		(560,796)	(41,246)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		250,000	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	250,000	_	250,000	_	250,000	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER							
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(269,550)		(269,550)		(310,796)	(41,246)
FUND BALANCES, January 1		1,582,264		1,582,264		1,582,264	-
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$_	1,312,714	\$	1,312,714	\$_	1,271,468 \$	(41,246)

Note: This fund is separately budgeted, but is combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

The transfer into this fund is eliminated when combined with the General Fund for financial reporting.

CITY OF KENT OPERATING GRANTS & ARTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget			
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Federal grants	\$	_ 9	\$ 14,086,160	\$ 0 \$	(14,086,160)
Miscellaneous revenue:	Ψ	`	Ψ 14,000,100	Ψ	(14,000,100)
Contributions and Donations		_	_	13,600	13,600
				,,,,,,	-,
TOTAL REVENUES	-	-	14,086,160	13,600	(14,072,560)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		-	13,988,340	(94)	(13,988,434)
Leisure services		109,320	126,300	52,925	(73,375)
Health and human services		-	70,000	47,014	(22,986)
Capital Outlay		-	33,020	52,020	19,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	109,320	14,217,660	151,865	(14,065,795)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(109,320)	(131,500)	(138,265)	(6,765)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		109,320	229,320	248,175	18,855
Transfers out		-	(147,820)	(125,000)	22,820
	_				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		109,320	81,500	123,175	41,675
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER					
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		-	(50,000)	(15,090)	34,910
FUND BALANCES, January 1		567,507	567,507	722,730	155,223
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$ _	567,507	\$ 517,507	\$ 707,640	190,133

Note: This fund is separately budgeted, but is combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

The transfer into this fund is eliminated when combined with the General Fund for financial reporting.

CITY OF KENT
EVENTS CENTER OPERATIONS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget						
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenue:								
Federal grants	\$	_	\$	4,575,660	\$	1,633,435	\$	(2,942,225)
Miscellaneous revenue:	Ψ		Ψ	4,070,000	Ψ	1,000,400	Ψ	(2,042,220)
Interest income		_		_		1,153		1,153
Contributions and Donations		_		_		1,633,434		1,633,434
Other miscellaneous revenue		-		500,000		4,458		(495,542)
TOTAL REVENUES	-	-	_	5,075,660	_	3,272,480	_	(1,803,180)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Leisure services		1,101,050		6,860,640		3,662,701		(3,197,939)
Capital outlay		-		500,000		65,997		(434,003)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,101,050	_	7,360,640	_	3,728,698		(3,631,942)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,101,050)		(2,284,980)		(456,218)		1,828,762
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of installment note		-		-		500,000		500,000
Transfers in		1,150,000		1,150,000		945,268		(204,732)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	1,150,000	_	1,150,000	_	1,445,268	_	295,268
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER								
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		48,950		(1,134,980)		989,050		2,124,030
FUND BALANCES, January 1		2,990,845		2,990,845		2,990,845		-
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$_	3,039,795	\$_	1,855,865	\$_	3,979,895	\$_	2,124,030

Note: This fund is separately budgeted, but is combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

Transfers into this fund are eliminated when combined with the General Fund for financial reporting.

CITY OF KENT IMPACT FEE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Charges for Service	\$	-	\$	3,677,960	\$	3,951,519	\$	273,559
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Interest income		-		8,000		6,198		(1,802)
TOTAL REVENUES	_	-		3,685,960	_	3,957,717		271,757
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		-		2,047,330		2,463,853		416,523
Health and human services		-		1,638,630		1,493,864		(144,766)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	-		3,685,960	_	3,957,717		271,757
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES, January 1		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	- ;	\$	-

Note: This fund is separately budgeted, but is combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.



GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSET SCHEDULES

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS includes those capital assets of the City of Kent which are not accounted for in the Enterprise or Internal Service Funds. For an item to be classified as a capital asset, it must cost at least \$5,000 and have a useful life of more than three years.

CITY OF KENT CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY December 31, 2021

	l and	Duitdiana	Site	F	India atm. at	Takal
	Land	Buildings	Improvements	Equipment	Infrastructure	Total
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Administration	\$ 239,582	\$ 240,855	- \$	52,101	\$ -	\$ 532,538
Attorney	-	-	-	51,966	-	51,966
Finance	-	-	-	316,779	-	316,779
Planning	-	-	33,553	140,991	-	174,544
Public office buildings	4,651,835	39,345,395	5,035,713	2,967,506	-	52,000,449
Other	247,797	-	-	26,330,861	-	26,578,658
Total	5,139,214	39,586,250	5,069,266	29,860,204	-	79,654,934
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police	450,258	2,180,222	585,206	4,283,535	-	7,499,221
Fire	283,568	2,536,016	125,122	330,669	-	3,275,375
Total	733,826	4,716,238	710,328	4,614,204	-	10,774,596
PUBLIC WORKS						
Engineering	2,650,000	-	1,302,586	658,692	-	4,611,278
Streets	165,596,658	-	429,075	1,236,101	747,343,673	914,605,507
Total	168,246,658		1,731,661	1,894,793	747,343,673	919,216,785
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURI	E					
Parks and recreation	53,345,215	1,218,206	70,142,369	882,793	-	125,588,583
Senior center	1,955,066	3,521,545	32,875	63,447	-	5,572,933
Parks maintenance	-	101,218	167,599	542,866	-	811,683
Kent commons	200,704	3,599,418	246,830	137,668	-	4,184,620
ShoWare Center	-	76,456,164	-	5,186,489	-	81,642,653
Cultural arts	-	-	873,288	709,019	52,020	1,634,327
Total	55,500,985	84,896,551	71,462,961	7,522,282	52,020	219,434,799
LIBRARY	2,222,461	3,934,754	-	46,414	-	6,203,629
Total	2,222,461	3,934,754		46,414		6,203,629
TOTAL	231,843,144	133,133,793	78,974,216	43,937,897	747,395,693	1,235,284,743
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-	6,927,521
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL						
FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 231,843,144	\$ 133,133,793	\$ <u>78,974,216</u> \$	43,937,897	\$ 747,395,693	\$ 1,242,212,264

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

CITY OF KENT
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Tot the Teal Elided December 31, 2021		Governmental Fund Capital Assets 01/01/21	Additions	Retirements and Transfers	Governmental Fund Capital Assets 12/31/21
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Administration	\$	532,538 \$	- \$	- \$	532,538
Attorney		51,966	-	-	51,966
Finance		316,779	-	-	316,779
Planning		174,544	-	-	174,544
Public office buildings		50,953,475	1,046,974	-	52,000,449
Other		26,250,467	328,191	-	26,578,658
Total	_	78,279,769	1,375,165	-	79,654,934
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Police		7,308,033	191,188	-	7,499,221
Fire		3,275,375	-	-	3,275,375
Total	_	10,583,408	191,188	-	10,774,596
PUBLIC WORKS					
Engineering		4,611,278	-	-	4,611,278
Streets		833,810,549	80,794,958	-	914,605,507
Total	_	838,421,827	80,794,958	-	919,216,785
PARKS, RECREATIONS AND CULTURE					
Parks and recreation		120,711,414	4,877,169	-	125,588,583
Senior center		5,572,933	-	-	5,572,933
Parks maintenance		721,489	90,194	-	811,683
Kent commons		4,184,620	-	-	4,184,620
ShoWare Center		81,576,656	65,997	-	81,642,653
Cultural arts		1,582,307	52,020	-	1,634,327
Total	_	214,349,419	5,085,380	-	219,434,799
LIBRARY		6,203,629	-	-	6,203,629
Total	_	6,203,629	-	-	6,203,629
Construction in progress		74,567,380	17,406,657	(85,046,516)	6,927,521
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	1,222,405,432 \$	104,853,348 \$	(85,046,516)	1,242,212,264

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.



DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULES

The following debt service schedules are provided as additional supplemental information for both governmental and business-type activities. Also refer to note 9.

CITY OF KENT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Balances			Balances
	January 1	Issued	Retired	December 31
Panda Payahla				
Bonds Payable: Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds - Non-voted:				
Series 2012	1,605,000		785,000	820,000
Plus: unamortized premium	102,709	-	53,585	49,124
Series 2014	836,620	-	836,620	49,124
Plus: unamortized premium	65,484	-	65,484	-
Series 2015A Taxable	250,000	-	250,000	-
Series 2015B	4,240,000	_	825,000	3,415,000
Plus: unamortized premium	111,784	_	28,540	83,244
Series 2016A	13,210,000	_	1,630,000	11,580,000
Plus: unamortized premium	2,330,247	_	137,749	2,192,498
Series 2016B	47,150,000	_	150,000	47,000,000
Plus: unamortized premium	7,396,691	_	437,243	6,959,448
Total	77,298,535		5,199,221	72,099,314
Contracts, Lease, Notes Payable: General Obligation Contracts, Notes:				
Public Works Trust Fund Loan 2003	160,088	-	53,363	106,725
Public Works Trust Fund Loan 2004	1,817,647	-	454,412	1,363,235
Public Works Trust Fund Loan 2008	2,144,737	-	268,092	1,876,645
SMG Capital Loan	420,000	500,000	-	920,000
Capital Lease	105,531		34,704	70,827
Total	4,648,003	500,000	810,571	4,337,432
Other Non-Current Liabilities				
Compensated Absences				
General Government	5,326,139	7,874,753	7,701,864	5,499,028
Internal Service Funds	643,554	1,125,230	1,170,238	598,546
Net Pension Liability	14,248,326	3,912,483	14,248,326	3,912,483
Net OPEB Obligation	25,108,554	24,532,979	25,108,554	24,532,979
Total	45,326,573	37,445,445	48,228,982	34,543,036
Total Governmental Debt	\$127,273,111	\$ 37,945,445	\$ 54,238,774	\$110,979,782

CITY OF KENT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Balances			Balances
	January 1	Issued	Retired	December 31
Bonds Payable:				
Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds - Non-voted:				
Series 2014 ¹	\$ 343,380	-	343,380	\$ -
Plus: unamortized premium	26,878		26,878	
Total	370,258		370,258	
Revenue Bonds: ²				
Series 2017 Refunding	12,120,000	_	1,110,000	11,010,000
Plus: unamortized premium	1,802,002	_	201,942	1,600,060
Total	13,922,002		1,311,942	12,610,060
Total Bonds Payable	14,292,260		1,682,200	12,610,060
•				
Contracts, Lease, Notes Payable:				
Public Works Trust Fund Loan 2001 - Water	527,778	-	527,778	-
Public Works Trust Fund Loan 2002 - Water	1,062,500	-	531,250	531,250
Public Works Trust Fund Loan 2004 - Sewer	300,000	-	75,000	225,000
Contract - Tacoma Pipeline 2010 - Water	9,150,000	-	315,000	8,835,000
Contract - Tacoma Pipeline 2013 Ref - Water	13,095,000	-	380,000	12,715,000
Capital Lease	280,985		165,753	115,232
Total	24,416,263		1,994,781	22,421,482
Other Non-Current Liabilities				
Compensated Absences				
Water Utility	314,011	721,854	691,813	344,052
Sewer Utility	64,739	323,564	303,048	85,255
Drainage Utility	326,056	688,671	658,411	356,316
Solid Waste Utility	41,764	58,527	60,509	39,782
Golf Complex	100,083	124,044	139,798	84,329
Total compensated absences	846,653	1,916,660	1,853,579	909,734
Pension Liability	3,450,699	822,230	3,450,699	822,230
Total Business-Type Debt	\$ 43,005,875	\$ 2,738,890	\$ 8,981,259	\$ 36,763,506

CITY OF KENT SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY BY BOND TYPE As of December 31, 2021

Fiscal			Water & Sew	Water & Sewer Revenue		ot Service
Year	General Oblig	gation Bonds	Bon	nds	Require	ements
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	4,885,000	2,847,000	1,165,000	550,500	6,050,000	3,397,500
2023	4,805,000	2,630,050	1,220,000	492,250	6,025,000	3,122,300
2024	4,665,000	2,416,600	1,280,000	431,250	5,945,000	2,847,850
2025	5,225,000	2,201,650	1,330,000	367,250	6,555,000	2,568,900
2026	2,985,000	1,940,400	1,395,000	300,750	4,380,000	2,241,150
2027	3,270,000	1,791,150	1,465,000	231,000	4,735,000	2,022,150
2028	3,560,000	1,627,650	1,540,000	157,750	5,100,000	1,785,400
2029	3,875,000	1,449,650	1,615,000	80,750	5,490,000	1,530,400
2030	4,200,000	1,294,650	-	-	4,200,000	1,294,650
2031	4,520,000	1,126,650	-	-	4,520,000	1,126,650
2032	4,910,000	900,650	-	-	4,910,000	900,650
2033	2,750,000	655,150	-	-	2,750,000	655,150
2034	2,960,000	517,650	-	-	2,960,000	517,650
2035	3,175,000	369,650	-	-	3,175,000	369,650
2036	3,425,000	210,900	-	-	3,425,000	210,900
2037	3,605,000	108,150	-	-	3,605,000	108,150
Totals	\$ 62,815,000	\$ 22,087,600	\$ 11,010,000	\$ 2,611,500	\$ 73,825,000	\$ 24,699,100

TRANSFERS

The following schedule of transfers is provided as supplemental information to provide additional information on the purposes of transfers between the City's funds.

CITY OF KENT SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Fund Out/Fund In	Purpose	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund			
Capital Resources Fund	Neighborhood matching grants	-	25,000
Capital Resources Fund	B&O tax capital projects	-	2,718,380
Capital Resources Fund	ShoWare lifecycle funding	300,000	-
Streets Capital Projects Fund	B&O tax capital projects	-	4,034,006
Other Govlt Funds-Streets Fund	Gen'l Fd subsidy of streets services	-	2,855,853
Other Govlt Funds-Streets Fund	B&O streets funding	-	4,101,689
Other Govtl Funds-Youth/Teen Fund	Youth/Teen funding	814,254	-
Other Govtl Funds-Criminal Justice Fund	Various police operations	403,110	-
Other Govtl Funds-Criminal Justice Fund	Drug Task Force	-	105,000
Other Govtl Funds-Housing & Community Dev	Co-responder program	100,000	-
Other Govtl Funds-Parks Capital Projects	Capital projects	-	65,410
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Capital Projects	B&O tax related projects	-	190,000
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Capital Projects	Funding for various technology projects	-	95,350
Golf Compex	Subsidy of golf complex	-	186,337
Internal Service Funds-IT Fund	Cable utility tax	_	1,692,409
Internal Service Funds-Insurance Fund	Subsidy of insurance fund	-	4,400,000
subtotals		1,617,364	20,469,434
Capital Resources Fund			
General Fund	Neighborhood matching grants	25,000	_
General Fund	B&O tax capital projects	2,718,380	-
General Fund	ShoWare lifecycle funding	2,710,300	300.000
Streets Capital Projects Fund	Meet Me on Meeker project	-	820,140
Other Govtl Funds-Criminal Justice Fund	Criminal Justice project	-	600,000
Other Govtl Funds-Non-Voted GO Debt Service	Funding for debt payments	-	4,522,831
Other Govtl Funds-Parks Capital Projects	Funding for various parks capital projects		6,179,680
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Capital Projects	Funding for various technology projects	-	3,935,360
Other Govtl Funds-Facility Capital Projects	Funding for various facilities projects	-	656,100
Water Utility	Funding for capital project	-	23,980
Internal Service Funds-Equipment Rental Fund	Funding for various capital projects	94 792	25,900
Internal Service Funds-Equipment Rental Fund Internal Service Funds-Facilities Fund	Funding for various facilities projects	84,783 -	524,998
subtotals		2,828,163	17,563,089
		2,020,100	,000,000
Special Assessments Fund Streets Capital Projects	LID funding - streets capital projects	-	852,363
			050.000
subtotals			852,363
Streets Capital Projects Fund General Fund	PSO toy projects	4 024 006	
	B&O tax projects	4,034,006	-
Special Assessments Fund	LID funding - streets capital projects	852,363	-
Capital Resources Fund	Meet Me on Meeker project	820,140	-
Other Govtl Funds-Streets Fund	Various street capital projects	6,014,847	-
Other Govtl Funds-Other Capital Projects	Meet Me on Meeker project	1,673	-
Water Utility Fund	Funding for capital project	56,110	-
Sewerage Utility Fund Drainage Utility Fund	Funding for capital project Funding for capital project	9,350 14,030	-
•	,		
subtotals		11,802,519	

CITY OF KENT SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Street Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Hower Govil Funds-Nor-Voted GO Debt Service Water Utility Fund Subtotals Youth/Teen Program Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Youth/Teen Program Fund General Fund Youth/Teen funding Subtotals Various spreet scapital projects Funding for debt payments General Fund Citer Gebt Service Capital Resources Fund Other Govil Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Funding for debt payments General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund General Fund General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund General Fund General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Gene	Fund Out/Fund In	Purpose	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund Gent I Faubsidy of Streets services 2,285,835 General Fund Street Capital Project Fund Other Govelf Lunds-Non-Voted GO Debt Service Water Utility Fund subtotals I Funding for debt payments 1 - 1,9 Youth/Teem Program Fund General Fund Youth/Teen funding - 8 Subtotals I Subtot	Non-major Governmental:			
Ceneral Fund Sho Streets Funding Street Equilal Projects - 6,0	Street Fund			
Sireet Capital Project Fund Other Gord Funds-Non-Voted GO Debt Service Water Utility Fund subtotals Subtotals Subtotals Subtotals Criminal Justice Program Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Subtotals Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund General Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects	General Fund	Gen'l Fd subsidy of Streets services	2,855,853	-
Other Govil Funds-Non-Voted GO Debt Service Water Utility Fund subtotals Subtotals Vouth/Teem Program Fund General Fund Subtotals Various police operations General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Projects General Fund Golf Complex Fund Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects Subtotals Funding for technology projects Subtotals Funding for technology projects Subtotals Funding for technology projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects Capital Resources Capital Projects Capital Projects Capital Projects Capital Resources Capital Projects Capital Resources Capital Projects Capital Resources Capital Projects Capital Resources Capital Resources Capital Resources Capital Resources Capital Resources Cap	General Fund	B&O streets funding	4,101,689	-
Subtotals Subtotals Subtotals Youth/Teem Program Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Other Govil Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund General Fund Funding for debt payments Subtotals Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Character Fund General Fund Funding for debt payments Subtotals General Fund General Fund General Fund Golf Complex Fund General Fund Gen	Street Capital Project Fund	Various street capital projects	-	6,014,847
subtotals Youth/Teem Program Fund General Fund Subtotals Criminal Justice Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Comminal Justice project Comminal Justice project General Fund Subtotals To5.000 4 Housing & Community Development Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund Clear debt service fund Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund Clear debt service fund Capital Resources Fund Gother Govtl Funds-Street Fund Gother Govtl Funds-Street Fund Golf Complex Fund Golf	Other Govtl Funds-Non-Voted GO Debt Service	Funding for debt payments	-	1,992,440
Youth/Teem Program Fund General Fund Subtotals Criminal Justice Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Other Govit Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects General Fund Subtotals Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Other Govit Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments General Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Other Govit Funds-Street Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Projects Other Govit Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments General Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Other Govit Funds-Street Fund Meet Me on Meeker project General Fund	Water Utility Fund		-	8,492
Subtotals Subtotals Subtotals Criminal Justice Prof General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cher Govil Funds-Street Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cher Govil Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cher Govil Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Cher Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects Subtotals Funding for various technology projects Capital Resources Fund Subtotals Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Various building capital projects Capital Resources Fund Various building capital projects Capital Resources Fund Capital Res	subtotals		6,957,542	8,015,779
Subtotals Criminal Justice Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund Subtotals Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for debt payments Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for debt payments Subtotals Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Funding for debt payments Subtotals Parks Capital Projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Other Govil Funds-Streets Fund Meet Me on Meeker project Capital Projects Cherr Govil Funds-Streets Fund Meet Me on Meeker project Capital Projects General Fund General Fun				
Criminal Justice Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cother Govt Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cother Govt Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cother Govt Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cother Govt Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Cother Govt Funds-Street Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Capital Projects Capital Projects Other Capital Projects Other Govt Funds-Street Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Projects Other Govt Funds-Street Fund Capital Projects Other Govt Funds-Street Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Other Govt Funds-Street Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Other Govt Funds-Street Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects Subtotals Funding for technology projects Funding for technology projects Funding for technology projects Subtotals Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects Subtotals Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects Subtotals Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects Subtotals Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects Subtotals Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding Fund Fund Fund Funding Funding Funding Funding Funding Funding Funding Funding Funding Fund	General Fund	Youth/Teen funding	-	814,254
General Fund General Fund Capital Resources Fund Criminal Justice project 600,000 Subtotals 705,000 44 Housing & Community Development Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund - 11 Subtotals - 11 Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Funding for debt payments 4,522,831 Other Govtl Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments 1,992,440 Subtotals - 1,992,440 Subtotals - 1,992,440 Subtotals - 1,992,440 Subtotals - 1,992,440 Parks Capital Projects General Fund Capital projects - 1,992,440 Capital Resources Fund Capital projects - 1,992,440 Cother Capital Projects Other Govtl Funds-Streets Fund Meet Me on Meeker project - 1,992,440 Cher Capital Projects Other Govtl Funds-Streets Fund Meet Me on Meeker project - 1,992,440 Technology Capital Projects General Fund B&O tax related projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects 1,992,900 Subtotals Funding for technology projects 1,992,900 Facilities Capital Projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects 1,992,900 Subtotals 1,992,900 Facilities Capital Projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund 1,992,900 Various building capital projects 1,992,900 Facilities Capital Projects 1,992,900 Capital Resources Fund 1,992,900 Various building capital projects 1,992,900 Subtotals 1,992,900 Facilities Capital Projects 1,992,900 Facilities Ca	subtotals			814,254
General Fund Capital Resources Fund Criminal Justice project 600,000 **Subtotals** **Housing & Community Development Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund - 1 **Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund - 1 **Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Funding for debt payments 4,522,831 Other Govil Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments 1,992,440 **Subtotals Subtotals 5,515,271 **Parks Capital Projects General Fund Capital projects 5,152,271 **General Fund Projects Capital projects 5,152,600 **Other Capital Resources Fund Capital projects 5,152,600 Other Capital Projects Corneral Fund Meet Me on Meeker project - 1 **Subtotals 5,152,600 Other Capital Projects Central Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,900,000 **Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,900,000 **Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,900,000 **Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,900,000 **Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,900,000 **Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects 1,933,300 **Water Utility Funding for technology projects 1,933,300 **Internal Service-Central Services Fund Funding for technology projects 1,933,300 **Internal Service Fund Funding Funding for technology projects 1,933,300 **Internal Service Fund Funding Funding for technology projects 1,933,300 **Internal Se	Criminal Justice Fund			
General Fund Capital Resources Fund Criminal Justice project 600,000 Rousing & Community Development Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund - 1 Subtotals - 1 Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Funding for debt payments 4,522,831 Other Govil Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments 1,992,440 Subtotals - 1,992,440 Parks Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects 6,179,880 Golf Complex Fund Capital projects 6,179,880 Other Capital Resources Fund Capital projects 6,179,880 Other Capital Projects General Fund Read Meet Me on Meeker project - 1 Subtotals - 1 Other Capital Projects General Fund Funding for various technology projects 9,355 General Fund Funding for various technology projects 1,0000 Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 3,335,300 Water Utility Funding for technology projects 63,330 Drainage Utility Public works asset management system 63,330 Internal Service-Central Services Fund Funding for technology projects 346,040 Subtotals 4,756,750 Facilities Capital Projects Gapital projects 656,100 Water Utility Fund East hill operations improvement 18,110 Sewerage Utility Fund East hill operations improvement 18,150 Internal Service Fund-Facilities Fund Facilities capital projects 960	General Fund	Various police operations	-	403,110
Capital Resources Fund Criminal Justice project 600,000 subtotals 705,000 44 Housing & Community Development Capital Resources Fund Clear debt service fund - 11 subtotals - 11 Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Funding for debt payments 4,522,831 Other Govtl Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments 1,992,440 Subtotals - 6,515,271 Parks Capital Projects General Fund Parks maintenance funding 65,410 Capital Resources Fund Capital projects 6,179,680 Golf Complex Fund Capital projects 6,179,680 Golf Complex Fund Capital projects 7,250,000 Subtotals - 2 Cherry Govtl Funds-Streets Fund Meet Me on Meeker project - 2 Subtotals - 3,350,360 Cherry Govtl Funds-Streets Fund Subtotals - 2 Technology Capital Projects General Fund B&C tax related projects 190,000 Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 190,000 Capital Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects 193,353,680 Water Utility Fund B&C tax related projects 193,330 Internal Service-Central Services Fund Funding for technology projects 193,330 Internal Service-Central Services Fund Funding for technology projects 193,330 Internal Service-Central Services Fund Funding for technology projects 193,330 Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Funding for technology projects 193,330 Subtotals 4,756,750 Facilities Capital Projects 6,560 Valear Utility Fund East hill operations improvement 194,110 Severage Utility Fund East hill operations improvement 194,110 Internal Service Fund-Facilities Fund Facilities capital projects 960	General Fund		105,000	-
Housing & Community Development Capital Resources Fund Subtotals Non-voted Debt Service Capital Resources Fund Other Govit Funds-Street Fund Funding for debt payments Subtotals Parks Capital Projects General Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Resources Fund Capital Projects General Fund Capital Projects Gother Govit Funds-Street Fund Capital Projects Gother Govit Funds-Street Fund Capital Projects Other Capital Projects Other Govit Funds-Streets Fund Meet Me on Meeker project Other Govit Funds-Streets Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund General Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund BAO tax related projects General Fund BAO tax related projects General Fund BAO tax related projects General Fund Sewerage Utility Funding for various technology projects Gayatal Resources Fund Funding for various technology projects Gayatal Resources Gayatal Resources Gayatal Resources Gayatal Funding for various inprovement Gayatal Resources Gayatal Funding Gayatal projects Gayatal Projects Capital Resources Gayatal Funding Gayatal projects Gayatal				-
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Other Capital Projects Other Govtl Funds-Streets Fund Subtotals Technology Capital Projects General Fund General Fund General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund B&O tax related projects General Fund Funding for various technology projects General Fund Funding for various technology projects Gajtal Resources Fund Funding for technology projects Gaj340 Sewerage Utility Funding for technology projects Gaj330 Drainage Utility Public works asset management system Gaj330 Internal Service-Central Services Fund Funding for technology projects Gaj40 Subtotals Facilities Capital Projects Capital Resources Fund Various building capital projects Gaj40 Sewerage Utility Fund East hill operations improvement Sewerage Utility Fund East hill operations improvement B,660 Drainage Utility Fund East hill operations improvement 13,130 Internal Service Fund-Facilities Fund Facilities capital projects 960 Subtotals	. subtotale		6 245 000	50,000
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Internal Service Fund-Facilities Fund Facilities capital projects 960 subtotals 696,960				-
subtotals 696,960 696,960				-
	Internal Service Fund-Facilities Fund	raciities capital projects	960	-
subtotals - Governmental Funds 42,124,659 48,2	subtotals		696,960	-
	subtotals - Governmental Funds		42,124,659	48,269,702

CITY OF KENT SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Fund Out/Fund In	Purpose	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Enterprise Funds:			
Water Utility			
Capital Resources Fund	Capital projects	23,980	
Streets Capital Projects Fund	Capital project	- 0.400	56,110
Other Govtl Funds-Streets Fund	Street lifecycle program Funding for technology projects	8,492	63 340
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Projects Other Govtl Funds-Facilities Fund	East Hill operations impromts	-	63,340 18,110
Sewerage Utility	Capital projects	112,002	10,110
Drainage Utility	Capital projects	76,492	55,022
Internal Service-Equipment Rental Fund	Capital asset transfer	-	26,250
• •			
subtotals		220,966	218,832
Sewerage Utility Other Govlt Funds-Streets Fund	Equip/Materials site prep	-	9,350
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Projects	Funding for technology projects	-	63,330
Other Govtl Funds-Facilities Fund	East Hill operations imprvmts	-	8,660
Water Utility	Capital asset transfer	-	112,002
Drainage Utility	Split Sewer/Drainange capital projects	-	17,402
Internal Service-Equipment Rental	Capital asset transfer	-	43,963
subtotals		-	254,707
Drainage Utility			
Streets Capital Projects	Capital projects	-	14,030
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Projects	Technology capital projects	-	63,330
Other Govtl Funds-Facilities Projects	Facilities capital projects	-	13,130
Water Utility	Capital asset transfer	55,022	
Water Utility	Capital projects	- 47.400	76,492
Sewerage Utility	Capital asset transfer	17,402	- 445.070
Internal Service-Equipment Rental Internal Service-Central Services	Capital asset transfer Enterprise GIS project	158 5,231	145,972 -
subtotals		77,813	312,954
			012,004
Golf Complex General Fund	Subsidy of golf complex	186,337	
Golf Complex	Golf capital projects	220,200	
Parks Capital Projects Fund	Capital projects	50,000	-
subtotals		456,537	
subtotals - Enterprise Funds		755,316	786,493
Internal Service Funds:			·
Equipment Rental			
Capital Resources Fund	Fleet fuel island	-	84,783
Water Utility	Capital asset transfer	26,250	-
Sewerage Utility	Capital asset transfer	43,963	-
Drainage Utility	Capital asset transfer	145,972	158
subtotals		216,185	84,941
Central Services			
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Capital Proj	Funding for technology projects	-	346,040
Other Govtl Funds-Technology Capital Proj	Capital utility tax	1,692,409	-
Drainage Fund	Aerial Flight project	-	5,231
subtotals		1,692,409	351,271
Facilities			
Capital Resources Fund	Funding for various facilities projects	524,998	-
Other Govtl Funds-Facilities Capital Projects	Facilities capital projects	-	960
Golf Complex	Driving Range expansion/remodel	-	220,200
subtotals		524,998	221,160
Insurance			
General Fund	Funds moved to general fund	4,400,000	-
subtotals		4,400,000	
subtotals - Internal Service Funds		6,833,592	657,372
Grand totals		49,713,567	49,713,567

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Kent's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Content	<u>es</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financia	l Trends	184
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue	Capacity	194
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Cap	pacity	212
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demogra	aphic and Economic Information	220
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operatin	g Information	223
	These schedules contain information about the city's operations and	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.



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Schedule 1 City of Kent Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

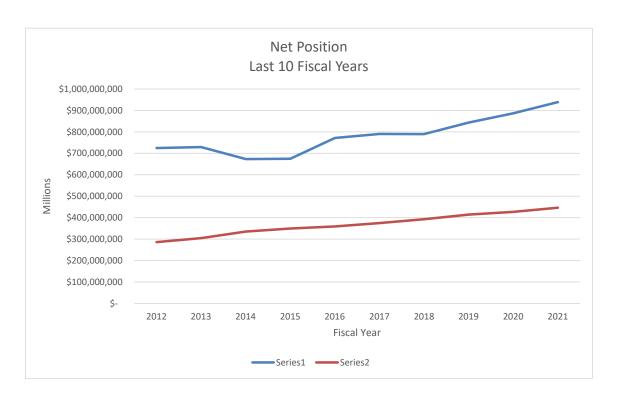
	Fiscal Year								
		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	
Governmental activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	697,830,001	\$	682,946,045	\$	687,527,061	\$	694,789,326	
Restricted		10,288,377		10,721,573		9,499,778		6,131,943	
Unrestricted		16,025,424		35,230,567		(24,252,748)		(26,349,230)	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	724,143,802	\$	728,898,185	\$	672,774,091	\$	674,572,039	
Business-type activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	253,742,128	\$	264,927,149	\$	287,867,561	\$	298,202,694	
Restricted		2,463,535		3,631,223		1,111,144		1,071,144	
Unrestricted		29,259,929		36,074,921		45,768,853		49,652,876	
Total business-type activities net position	\$	285,465,592	\$	304,633,293	\$	334,747,558	\$	348,926,714	
Primary government									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	951,572,129	\$	947,873,194	\$	975,394,622	\$	992,992,020	
Restricted		12,751,912		14,352,796		10,610,922		7,203,087	
Unrestricted		45,285,353		71,305,488		21,516,105		23,303,646	
Total primary government net position	\$	1,009,609,394	\$	1,033,531,478	\$	1,007,521,649	\$	1,023,498,753	

Notes:

Unreserved net position of governmental activities dropped in FY14 with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. In 2016, most of the debt that the City had guaranteed was refinanced, reducing the contingent loan guarantee obligation.

Source: Statement of Net Position

Fiscal Year												
<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		
\$ 704,250,257 4,870,358 62,608,062	\$	700,427,393 4,728,939 85,019,692	\$	706,613,344 4,353,472 78,619,493	\$	724,753,696 4,333,199 113,657,173	\$	748,515,603 3,487,830 134,418,884	\$	748,351,673 68,838,302 121,468,880		
\$ 771,728,677	\$	790,176,024	\$	789,586,309	\$	842,744,068	\$	886,422,317	\$	938,658,855		
\$ 305,687,715 1,026,144 52,246,156	\$	290,214,493 985,146 82,984,505	\$	289,305,370 928,307 102,054,275	\$	325,324,941 - 88,625,282	\$	336,300,416 - 90,229,550	\$	346,423,345 8,170,142 91,588,995		
\$ 358,960,015	\$	374,184,144	\$	392,287,952	\$	413,950,223	\$	426,529,966	\$	446,182,482		
1,009,937,972 5,896,502 114,854,218	\$	990,641,886 5,714,085 168,004,197	\$	995,918,714 5,281,779 180,673,768		1,050,078,637 4,333,199 202,282,455		1,084,816,019 3,487,830 224,648,434	\$	1,094,775,018 77,008,444 213,057,875		
\$ 1,130,688,692	\$	1,164,360,168	\$	1,181,874,261	\$	1,256,694,291	\$	1,312,952,283	\$	1,384,841,337		



Schedule 2
City of Kent
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>			
Expenses											
Governmental activities:	•	0.054.000	•	0.050.000	•	7.040.070	•	0.044.570			
General Government	\$	6,351,823	\$	8,959,390	\$	7,342,670	\$	9,211,576			
Judicial		2,793,914		2,743,574		2,789,535		2,972,304			
Public Safety Community Development		37,340,409 5,332,561		37,378,185 5,096,639		38,744,658 5,175,651		41,189,109 5,535,094			
Public Works		17,427,549		16,993,893		17,371,560		18,803,785			
Leisure services		16,844,202		15,908,830		13,861,675		16,859,288			
Health and human services		5,553,369		5,275,046		5,478,974		5,893,257			
Interest on long-term debt		3,779,473		3,250,089		2,804,432		2,500,908			
Total governmental activities expenses		95,423,300		95,605,646		93,569,155		102,965,321			
		,,						,,			
Business-type activities: Water		12,949,247		13,972,634		13,070,155		17,157,143			
Sewerage		36,391,713		37,680,430		37,951,697					
		30,391,713		37,000,430		37,931,097		41,404,954			
Drainage ¹ Golf		2 062 951		- 2.017.064		- 2		- 2 055 205			
Solid Waste		3,062,851		2,917,964		2,872,165		3,055,395			
Total business-type activities expenses		52,403,811		54,571,028		53,894,017		61,617,492			
•	_		_		_		_				
Total primary government expenses	\$	147,827,111	\$	150,176,674	\$	147,463,172	\$	164,582,813			
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:											
General Government	\$	1,958,626	\$	2,044,753	\$	3,483,161	\$	4,273,658			
Judicial	φ	1,963,025	φ	2,044,733	φ	1,846,731	φ	2,032,772			
Public Safety		1,081,323		1,811,747		3,388,295		3,560,350			
Community Development		3,262,546		3,841,993		5,006,297		4,863,697			
Public Works		1,420,839		1,810,854		2,185,990		2,725,356			
Leisure services		1,357,619		1,380,839		1,418,600		1,479,369			
Health and human services		814,518		709,948		841,690		769,669			
Operating grants and contributions		4,124,615		4,177,095		6,166,500		7,021,280			
Capital grants and contributions		11,076,621		6,655,575		2,936,731		5,256,320			
Total governmental activities program revenues		27,059,732		24,540,828		27,273,995		31,982,471			
Business-type activities Charges for services:		, ,				, ,		, ,			
Water	\$	16,253,067	\$	17,021,951	\$	18,416,162	\$	18,904,851			
Sewerage	φ	39,562,059	φ	42,752,458	φ	44,969,699	φ	46,459,410			
		39,302,039		42,732,430		44,909,099		40,439,410			
Drainage ¹ Golf Complex		- 2,570,012		- 2,431,782		- 2,485,348		- 2,659,643			
Solid Waste		2,370,012		2,431,702		2,403,340		2,039,043			
Operating grants and contributions		- 770,997		- 81,404		- 176,984		234,397			
Capital grants and contributions		5,544,456		9,195,002		15,792,479		10,057,056			
Total business-type activities program revenues		64,700,591		71,482,597		81,840,672		78,315,357			
Total primary government program revenues	\$	91,760,323	\$	96,023,425	\$	109,114,667	\$	110,297,828			
rotal primary government program revenues	Ψ	01,700,020	Ψ	JU,UZU,7ZU	Ψ	100,117,007	Ψ	110,201,020			

Source: Statement Activities

Notes:

¹ The Sewer and Drainage activities were combined into the Sewerage Fund until 2019

	Fiscal Year												
	2016		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		2019		2020		2021		
													
•	10 100 500	•	10.010.150	•	40.004.070	•	45.000.074	•	10.047.004	•	10 000 500		
\$	13,429,528	\$	12,346,159	\$	16,281,070	\$	15,229,074	\$	19,047,384	\$	13,206,508		
	3,771,365		3,157,775		3,354,798		3,689,235		3,420,260		2,978,289		
	38,593,097		46,517,116		54,366,839		54,947,750		51,508,360		54,063,349		
	7,178,348		6,523,730		7,844,737		7,476,751		7,097,028		6,689,323		
	22,002,693		22,020,709		23,754,967		24,404,558		25,169,716		26,616,210		
	17,602,824		18,370,559		20,227,074		20,442,888		19,710,884		22,863,438		
	4,002,920		6,448,946		6,663,229		5,908,829		7,594,503		7,965,661		
	5,194,899		7,491,114		7,247,068		7,084,948		6,899,391		6,444,510		
	111,775,674		122,876,108		139,739,782		139,184,033		140,447,526		140,827,288		
	18,828,316		18,100,296		19,179,778		18,819,898		26,928,308		19,604,339		
	45,412,945		46,014,434		50,699,083		31,798,523		31,590,879		32,813,582		
	_		_		_		17,663,742		21,711,379		20,408,926		
	4,559,588		2,453,882		2,348,551		2,272,468		2,279,742		1,924,403		
	686,887		638,345		647,972		804,474		819,309		853,412		
	69,487,736		67,206,957		72,875,384		71,359,105		83,329,617		75,604,662		
\$	181,263,410	\$	190,083,065	\$	212,615,166	\$	210,543,138	\$	223,777,143	\$	216,431,950		
Ψ	101,200,410	Ψ	130,003,003	Ψ	212,013,100	Ψ	210,040,100	Ψ	223,777,143	Ψ	210,431,330		
\$	3,645,563	\$	4,472,438	\$	4,795,654	\$	5,025,834	\$	3,993,931	\$	4,843,351		
*	1,724,181	*	1,570,537	*	1,342,073	Ψ.	1,341,160	Ψ	1,059,709	*	862,878		
	4,097,976		5,409,848		5,202,797		6,966,767		6,794,413		9,070,762		
	5,478,504		7,608,117		7,297,706		8,087,187		5,596,260		6,346,806		
	3,165,390		3,401,558		1,663,717		1,664,229		3,099,865		1,612,199		
	1,465,975		1,385,824		1,514,916		1,516,333		425,981		2,246,013		
	763,593		707,449		754,155		827,488		214,778		122,022		
	7,982,415		8,254,026		8,222,741		9,265,004		14,700,800		13,228,389		
	9,350,716		13,656,431		10,068,294		24,149,363		24,985,567		14,363,176		
	37,674,313		46,466,228		40,862,053		58,843,365		60,871,304		52,695,596		
	07,07 1,010		10, 100,220		10,002,000		00,010,000		00,07 1,00 1		02,000,000		
\$	18,780,129	\$	21,850,641	\$	22,541,631	\$	22,869,950	\$	23,286,875	\$	24,159,864		
•	47,640,854	•	50,109,473	•	52,678,839	·	32,608,980	•	33,273,206	·	34,918,925		
	_		-		-		20,723,689		21,288,181		21,532,206		
	2,475,135		2,501,596		2,306,679		2,350,513		2,036,199		2,462,613		
	608,685		600,608		632,795		642,056		660,153		670,039		
	1,023,669		315,853		380,118		498,735		3,852,590		451,970		
	9,629,000		6,595,122		11,454,368		10,170,735		9,504,590		11,603,565		
	80,157,472		81,973,293		89,994,430		89,864,658		93,901,794		95,799,182		
\$	117,831,785	\$	128,439,521	\$	130,856,483	\$	148,708,023	\$	154,773,098	\$	148,494,778		
Ψ_	, 5 5 1 , 1 5 6	Ψ	0,.00,021	Ψ.		Ψ	,	Ψ	,	Ψ	continued		

continued

Schedule 2 - continued City of Kent Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

_	Fiscal Year									
		2012		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(68, 363, 568)	\$	(71,064,818)	\$	(66,295,160)	\$	(70,982,850)		
Business-type activities		12,296,780		16,911,569		27,946,655		16,697,865		
Total primary government net expense	\$	(56,066,788)	\$	(54,153,249)	\$	(38,348,505)	\$	(54,284,985)		
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	osi	tion								
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes levied for general purpos	\$	19,726,551	\$	20,085,117	\$	20,599,891	\$	21,998,657		
Property taxes levied for debt service		8,421		-		-		-		
Sales taxes		21,908,275		22,707,244		25,332,356		26,654,493		
Utility taxes		19,868,738		22,760,019		22,962,565		26,376,844		
Business & Occupation taxes		-		5,149,172		6,208,946		7,656,220		
Real Estate taxes		3,547,963		3,837,948		3,184,596		6,434,689		
Lodging taxes		187,971		217,618		249,377		279,466		
Other taxes		1,116,790		1,101,844		1,106,821		1,023,499		
Unrestricted grants and contributions		6,845,773		6,760,236		6,851,351		6,417,339		
Investment earnings		701,443		895,815		1,052,762		1,242,815		
Miscellaneous		4,907,310		1,740,638		162,971		(1,643,662)		
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		1,945,741		2,433,112		115,242		
Special item		-		-		-		-		
Transfers		110,355		762,322		(16,729)		126,875		
Total governmental activities		78,929,590		87,963,714		90,128,019		96,682,477		
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings		78,534		153,554		124,777		97,795		
Transfers		(110,355)		(762,322)		16,729		(126,875)		
Total business-type activities		(31,821)		2,218,914		141,506		(29,080)		
Total primary government	\$	78,897,769	\$	90,182,628	\$	90,269,525	\$	96,653,397		
Change in Net Position										
_	\$	10,566,022	\$	16,898,896	\$	23,832,859	\$	25,699,627		
Business-type activities	φ	10,566,022	Φ	19,130,483	Φ	28,088,161	Φ	25,699,62 <i>1</i> 16,668,785		
Total primary government	Φ.	22,830,981	\$	36,029,379	\$	51,921,020	\$	42,368,412		
Total primary government	Ψ	22,000,301	Ψ	50,025,519	Ψ	01,021,020	Ψ	72,000,412		

Source: Statement of Activities

					Fiscal Year						
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
\$	(74,101,361)	\$	(76,409,880)	\$	(98,877,729)	\$	(80,340,668)	\$	(79,576,222)	\$	(88,131,692)
Ψ	10,669,736	Ψ	14,766,336	Ψ	17,119,046	Ψ	18,505,553	Ψ	10,572,177	Ψ	20,194,520
\$	(63,431,625)	\$	(61,643,544)	\$	(81,758,683)	\$	(61,835,115)	\$	(69,004,045)	\$	(67,937,172)
					·		·		·		<u> </u>
\$	22,556,458	\$	22,857,559	\$	30,101,176	\$	30,744,334	\$	31,491,288	\$	31,934,723
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	28,551,033		29,517,990		32,842,687		36,097,807		32,605,059		39,198,901
	26,923,348		28,637,522		29,823,141		30,597,119		30,456,616		32,515,784
	9,311,445		9,141,800		9,422,048		12,999,563		14,784,795		17,060,649
	6,427,334		7,211,140		7,689,638		9,590,643		6,621,152		10,694,081
	293,347		312,980		312,813		306,055		155,591		222,759
	961,833		902,557		1,074,356		963,837		418,235		613,502
	6,600,212		6,619,515		6,345,911		5,777,671		3,702,988		7,411,838
	1,073,989		1,386,281		2,177,476		5,198,451		4,020,413		(858,266)
	908,862		487,428		1,028,553		997,507		948,904		1,511,036
	-		-		22,523		18,796		187,754		33,392
	66,656,930		-		-		-		-		-
	993,208		174,044		803,826		206,644		105,435		29,831
	171,257,999		107,248,816		121,644,148		133,498,427		125,498,230		140,368,230
	356,773		631,837		1,788,588		3,363,362		2,113,001		(512,173)
	(993,208)		(174,044)		(803,826)		(206,644)		(105,435)		(29,831)
	(636,435)		457,793		984,762		3,156,718		2,007,566		(542,004)
\$	170,621,564	\$	107,706,609	\$	122,628,910	\$	136,655,145	\$	127,505,796	\$	139,826,226
\$	97,156,638	\$	30,838,936	\$	22,766,419	\$	53,157,759	\$	45,922,008	\$	52,236,538
	10,033,301		15,224,129		18,103,808		21,662,271		12,579,743		19,652,516
\$	107,189,939	\$	46,063,065	\$	40,870,227	\$	74,820,030	\$	58,501,751	\$	71,889,054

concluded

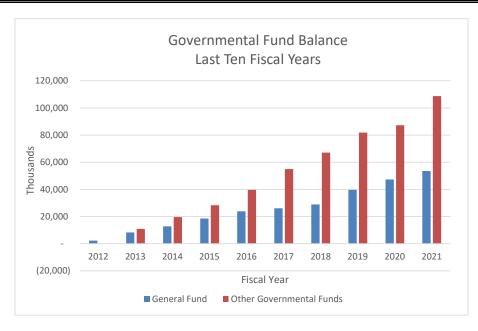
Schedule 3
City of Kent
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			F	iscal Year	
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>	2015
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 103,364	\$ 80,055	\$	96,544	\$ 133,533
Restricted	67,447	1,846,132		2,116,798	3,497,366
Committed	129,557	184,691		281,177	364,242
Assigned	772,591	968,866		1,128,842	2,806,873
Unassigned	1,290,804	5,200,183		9,179,216	11,778,578
Total general fund	\$ 2,363,763	\$ 8,279,927	\$	12,802,577	\$ 18,580,592
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	\$ 950	\$ 3,120	\$	4,295	\$ 29,495
Restricted	7,834,952	10,910,338		12,564,488	15,477,624
Committed	1,929,285	5,718,063		8,672,323	15,016,218
Assigned	1,291,659	1,726,736		1,405,923	4,230,472
Unassigned	(11,178,234)	(7,448,023)		(3,023,914)	(6,411,915)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ (121,388)	\$ 10,910,234	\$	19,623,115	\$ 28,341,894

^{*} FY 2011 Funds restated for GASB Statement No. 54 implementation.

Source: Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

			I	iscal Year		
 <u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
\$ 55,588 2,865,799	\$ 54,153 974,945	\$ 52,241 1,780,871	\$	53,862 1,541,726	\$ 47,115 93,011	\$ 47,047 2,936,764
912,834 2,973,064	1,185,647 3,271,355	1,261,453 3,875,396		2,836,297 4,428,649	5,409,077 3,333,563	11,161,471 3,808,859
17,103,379	20,599,974	22,016,709		30,789,228	38,382,974	35,665,388
\$ 23,910,664	\$ 26,086,074	\$ 28,986,670	\$	39,649,762	\$ 47,265,740	\$ 53,619,529
\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$	145,160	\$ 463,360	\$ 330,909
22,471,953	21,794,760	22,317,814		23,975,743	22,398,299	29,094,745
13,735,355	25,080,826	34,024,440		45,935,443	45,284,251	50,982,541
8,559,514	11,889,360	13,120,956		12,564,232	19,105,408	28,337,742
(5,145,517)	(3,759,661)	(2,307,332)		(768,503)	18,238	-
\$ 39,621,305	\$ 55,005,285	\$ 67,155,878	\$	81,852,075	\$ 87,269,556	\$ 108,745,937



Schedule 4
City of Kent
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
	<u>2012</u> <u>2013</u>					<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Revenues									
Taxes (see Schedule 5)	\$	66,441,273	\$	75,899,606	\$	79,740,933	\$	90,440,736	
Licenses and permits		4,361,182		5,099,915		5,818,615		5,827,475	
Intergovernmental		14,139,092		13,944,351		14,032,112		15,166,476	
Charges for services		4,703,711		5,911,954		7,607,140		7,610,535	
Fines and forteitures		1,511,762		1,535,820		2,473,890		3,432,228	
Special assessments		3,808,216		3,319,569	2,387,329			1,861,231	
Investment earnings		689,240		1,074,118	902,762			891,136	
Unrealized net gain/(loss) in FV of investments		-		-		-		-	
Other revenues		3,445,064		2,850,433		2,438,942		3,202,583	
Total Revenues		99,099,540		109,635,766		115,401,723		128,432,400	
Expenditures									
General government		6,148,530		6,895,137		7,143,865		7,795,541	
Judicial		2,726,273		2,781,005	2,849,954			2,988,951	
Public safety		36,785,762		38,162,011		39,902,990		41,552,238	
Community development		5,325,071		5,256,059		5,323,103		5,623,048	
Public works		7,334,764		7,218,144		7,648,901		7,682,213	
Leisure services		13,801,117		13,190,232		14,064,016		14,147,709	
Health and human services		5,501,456		5,368,080		5,594,899		5,980,950	
Debt Service									
Principal		7,667,099		7,862,632		8,097,151		15,365,251	
Interest		3,646,216		3,179,638		2,984,274		2,707,594	
Capital Outlay		4,058,121		6,062,203		10,525,215		12,979,918	
Total expenditures		92,994,409		95,975,141		104,134,368		116,823,413	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		6,105,131 13,660,625 11,267,35		11,267,355	11,608,987				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Bonds issued		-		-		-		-	
Refunding bonds issued		10,840,000		-		8,671,070		8,620,000	
Loans/contracts issued		500,000		-	-		-		
Issuance of installment notes		9,702,213		-		-		18,524	
Payments to escrow agent		(10,990,000)		-	(8,929,57			-	
Premium/(discount) on bonds		-		-		547,704		261,619	
Sale of capital assets		198,526		1,966,453		2,433,102		77,342	
Transfers in		15,997,350		20,939,382		24,436,941		44,596,124	
Transfers out		(15,417,731)		(19,618,674)		(23,164,963)		(43,125,559)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,830,358		3,287,161		3,994,280		10,448,050	
Net change in fund balances	\$	16,935,489	\$	16,947,786	\$	15,261,635	\$	22,057,037	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		12.7%		12.3%		11.8%		17.4%	

Source: Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Fiscal Year

			FISCAI YEAR								
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
\$	95,002,781	\$	98,723,853	\$	109,704,136	\$	119,886,909	\$	114,848,259	\$	132,358,643
Ψ	6,652,555	Ψ	7,499,521	Ψ	8,119,744	Ψ	8,032,458		7,654,832		7,737,074
	18,717,615		23,751,790		19,633,245		30,890,756		36,749,457		25,219,734
	7,459,034		10,359,617		9,543,599	12,094,306		10,631,664			11,899,343
	2,975,420		3,086,649		2,704,218		3,876,198		4,297,533		5,379,869
	1,677,275		1,456,781		1,123,334		1,069,714		544,398		779,313
	969,625		1,247,357		1,696,085		4,251,315		3,248,757		1,763,188
	-		-		-		-		-		(2,300,225)
	3,464,427		3,850,409		3,470,791		3,965,186		2,826,984		4,768,119
	136,918,732		149,975,977		155,995,152		184,066,842		180,801,884		187,605,058
	10,223,289		10,748,768		12,517,199		13,764,035		18,275,473		13,853,461
	3,079,215		3,128,653		3,442,107		3,646,275		3,402,314		3,386,007
	42,746,821		46,087,104		48,585,879		54,269,599		57,629,264		59,540,990
	5,883,755		6,471,366		7,660,083		7,628,083		7,210,924		7,641,488
	7,228,829		10,267,623		10,371,450		11,694,862		12,087,520		15,881,550
	14,063,309		13,540,991		15,111,812		15,555,826		14,064,002		17,893,462
	6,140,962		6,390,291		6,804,579		6,935,778		8,189,345		8,944,190
	6,929,689		7,075,992		6,624,979		6,426,192		14,248,319		5,287,190
	3,441,172		3,994,036		3,786,574		3,673,650		3,520,663		3,109,646
	22,414,017		25,267,653		25,740,137		41,029,250		29,850,238		18,591,861
	122,151,058		132,972,477		140,644,799		164,623,550		168,478,062		154,129,845
	14,767,674		17,003,500		15,350,353		19,443,292		12,323,822		33,475,213
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	64,575,000		-		_		_		_		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	181,900		194,990		172,808		8,891,708		-		500,000
	(76,539,984)		-		-		-		-		-
	12,314,401		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		104,587		-		-		-
	43,061,037		46,077,102		56,403,715		48,833,562		62,228,663		42,124,659
	(41,750,545)		(45,716,202)		(56,980,274)		(51,809,272)		(61,519,026)		(48,269,702)
	1,841,809		555,890		(299,164)		5,915,998		709,637		(5,645,043)
\$	16,609,483	\$	17,559,390	\$	15,051,189	\$	25,359,290	\$	13,033,459	\$	27,830,170
	10.4%		10.3%		9.1%		8.2%		12.8%		6.2%

Schedule 5 City of Kent Tax Revenue by Source - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property	Sales & Use ¹	Utility	Business & Occupation ³	Real Estate Excise	Lodging	Other	Total	
2012	\$19,811,536	\$21,908,275	\$19,868,738	\$ -	\$ 3,547,963	\$ 187,971	\$ 1,116,790	\$66,441,273	
2013	20,125,761	22,707,244	22,760,019	5,149,172	3,837,948	217,618	1,101,844	75,899,606	
2014	20,696,272	25,332,356	22,962,565	6,208,946	3,184,596	249,377	1,106,821	79,740,933	
2015	22,015,525	26,654,493	26,376,844	7,656,220	6,434,689	279,466	1,023,499	90,440,736	
2016	22,534,441	28,551,033	26,923,348	9,311,445	6,427,334	293,347	961,833	95,002,781	
2017	22,999,864	29,517,989	28,637,523	9,141,800	7,211,140	312,980	902,557	98,723,853	
2018	29,971,155	32,842,687	28,391,439	9,422,048	7,689,638	312,813	1,074,356	109,704,136	
2019	30,731,786	36,097,807	29,197,218	12,999,563	9,590,643	306,055	963,837	119,886,909	
2020	⁴ 31,374,827	32,605,059 ²	28,888,600	14,784,795	6,621,152	155,591	418,235	114,848,261	
2021	32,052,967	39,198,901	32,515,784	17,060,649	10,694,081	222,759	613,502	132,358,643	
Change									
2012-202	1 61.8%	78.9%	63.7%	231.3%	201.4%	18.5%	-45.1%	99.2%	

Source: City financial records

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Notes:

¹ Sales & Use Tax figures include Streamline Sales Tax (SST) mitigation. SST payments received from the state are recorded as Other Grants and Shared Revenue category:

2012	\$ 4,744,454
2013	4,899,642
2014	4,822,400
2015	4,953,243
2016	4,958,568
2017	4,955,082
2018	4,621,256
2019	3,992,056
2020	1,790,267
2021	5,418,095

²10 year increases are due to Panther Lake Annexation starting July 1, 2010 and ending June 30, 2020 which accounts for a portion of the decrease in 2020. The City received an additional 0.2% of state sales tax revenues during the 10 year period as follows:

2012	3,666,466
2013	3,481,065
2014	4,229,130
2015	4,352,248
2016	5,354,125
2017	5,887,092
2018	6,578,062
2019	6,591,195
2020	2,124,117

³ Business & Occupation tax started in 2013

⁴ Tax Revenue decreased in 2020 mainly due to the COVID-19 pandemic

Schedule 6
City of Kent
Assessed/Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Total Assessed/		
Fiscal	Real			Personal		Estimated Actual	Total Direct	
Year		Property		Property		Value	Tax Rate	
2012	\$	11,450,528,835	\$	1,296,326,234	\$	12,746,855,069	\$	1.568
2013		10,844,075,182		1,165,682,338		12,009,757,520		1.694
2014		11,421,918,163		1,229,290,637		12,651,208,800		1.645
2015		12,813,126,300		1,255,087,106		14,068,213,406		1.576
2016		13,778,718,580		1,267,588,304		15,046,306,884		1.511
2017		15,147,052,037		1,255,925,663		16,402,977,700		1.411
2018		17,203,053,348		1,394,286,381		18,597,339,729		1.627
2019		19,173,020,155		1,556,090,209		20,729,110,364		1.491
2020		21,471,909,318		1,530,132,714		23,002,042,032		1.378
2021		22,809,293,014		1,618,352,565		24,427,645,579		1.323

Notes: Tax rates applied to assessed valuation to determine levy. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor at 100% of fair market value. A reevaluation of all property is required every year and a physical inspection is required at least once every six years.

Source: King County Assessor's Office

^a Breakdown between real and personal property are not available.

^{* 2010-}Increased assessed value due to Panther Lake Annexation

Schedule 7 City of Kent Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City	Direct R	ates					Ove	rlapping l	Rates				
		Voted	Total			Voter			Kent			Emergenc	Green	Kent
Fiscal	Basic	Debt	Direct			Approved	Sound	Port of	School	Hospital	Rural	Medical	River	Regional
Year	Rate	Service	Rate	State	County	County	Transit	Seattle	District	District	Library	Service	Flood Zone	Fire
2012	\$1.568	\$ -	\$1.568	\$2.422	\$1.416	\$0.071	\$ -	\$0.230	\$5.600	\$0.500	\$0.500	\$0.300	\$ 0.116	\$1.000
2013	1.694	-	1.694	2.567	1.473	0.068	-	0.233	6.028	0.500	0.567	0.300	0.132	1.000
2014	1.645	-	1.645	2.470	1.458	0.058	-	0.215	5.735	0.500	0.562	0.335	0.154	1.000
2015	1.576	-	1.576	2.285	1.315	0.030	-	0.189	5.414	0.500	0.503	0.302	0.139	0.949
2016	1.511	-	1.511	2.169	1.440	0.040	-	0.170	5.344	0.500	0.477	0.282	0.130	0.909
2017	1.411	-	1.411	2.032	1.347	0.036	0.250	0.153	4.816	0.501	0.451	0.263	0.117	0.847
2018	1.627	-	1.627	2.918	1.295	0.033	0.227	0.135	4.187	0.457	0.412	0.239	0.107	0.771
2019	1.491	-	1.491	2.629	1.189	0.030	0.207	0.123	3.641	0.417	0.374	0.218	0.097	0.706
2020	1.378	-	1.378	3.028	1.218	0.021	0.199	0.119	3.838	0.401	0.360	0.265	0.092	1.000
2021	1.323		1.323	3.088	1.226	0.021	0.197	0.120	3.828	0.385	0.357	0.265	0.089	0.961

Source: King County Assessor's Office

Notes: The City is permitted by law to levy up to \$3.60 per \$1,000 assessed valuation for general government services. Due to formation of the Regional Fire Authority (RFA) on July 1, 2010, \$1 per \$1,000 assessed valuation now goes to the RFA and levy rate cannot exceed \$10 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. This 1% value limit does not include tax levies for Port and Utility Districts. This limit is subject to further reduction per State statute limiting overlapping levy rates excluding the State (school) levy to \$5.90 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. Other levies not subject to the limitation are excess levies approved by the voters to pay off bonds for capital construction or for providing supplemental funds for operating purposes particularly for schools.

Schedule 8 City of Kent Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021			2012	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Prologis (formerly KTR Kent Valley LLC)	\$ 481,390,400	1	1.97%	106,645,500	4	0.84%
PSE/Gas & Electric	280,511,207	2	1.15%	177,537,603	2	1.39%
Segale Properties (formerly La Terra Ltd)	245,011,100	3	1.00%	83,337,900	5	0.65%
Blue Properties	186,708,500	4	0.76%			
Eproperty Tax Inc	167,178,100	5	0.68%			
KV Industrial 2 LLC	166,641,200	6	0.68%			
Hill Investment Co.	163,358,600	7	0.67%			
Signature Point Apt.	134,451,600	8	0.55%			
CSHV Kent North LLC (formerly CB Richard Ellis	128,659,200	9	0.53%	42,346,400	7	0.33%
PS Business Parks (formerly Nuveen)	126,144,200	10	0.52%			
Boeing				\$ 321,073,963	1	2.52%
AMB Property				114,369,200	3	0.90%
Qwest Corporation (formerly U.S. West)				42,926,636	6	0.34%
Red Mortgage Capital Inc.				36,161,000	9	0.28%
Fred Meyer				37,588,200	8	0.29%
Pacific NW Group A		. <u> </u>		 28,827,000	10	0.23%
<u>-</u>	\$ 2,080,054,107	: =	8.52%	\$ 990,813,402	: =	7.77%

Source: King County Assessor's Office

Schedule 9
City of Kent
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected v Fiscal Year		Collections _	Total Collections to Date			
Ended Dec 31,	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2012	19,896,581	19,593,500	98.48%	303,081	19,896,581	100.00%		
2013	20,258,863	19,948,297	98.47%	310,566	20,258,863	100.00%		
2014	20,726,325	20,394,209	98.40%	323,148	20,717,357	99.96%		
2015	22,091,369	21,827,665	98.81%	263,704	22,091,369	100.00%		
2016	22,657,939	22,385,874	98.80%	263,961	22,649,835	99.96%		
2017	23,056,215	22,816,339	98.96%	235,943	23,052,282	99.98%		
2018	30,137,002	29,821,478	98.95%	315,524	30,137,002	100.00%		
2019	30,786,766	30,455,702	98.92%	278,736	30,734,438	99.83%		
2020	31,551,662	31,144,239	98.71%	273,462	31,417,701	99.58%		
2021	32,173,205	31,899,373	99.15%	-	31,899,373	99.15%		

Source: King County Assessor's Office



Schedule 10 City of Kent Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Ye	ar	
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Unknown	\$ 339,351	\$ 196,495	\$	65,704	\$ 543,832
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	877,496	1,202,184		1,533,526	1,723,713
Mining	607,282	144,459		98,998	46,085
Utilities	7,112,634	10,873,877		6,071,984	6,292,076
Construction	224,155,491	224,529,870		321,680,722	297,410,988
Manufacturing	88,519,357	147,815,483		140,966,275	130,367,834
Wholesale Trade	232,141,988	241,905,173		258,868,775	297,663,617
Retail Trade	682,878,774	722,025,334		752,229,005	778,287,789
Transportation and Warehousing	6,843,425	7,058,638		7,704,255	10,505,291
Information	115,588,551	95,410,564		112,338,420	121,791,265
Finance and Insurance	21,585,061	25,203,335		25,454,579	30,244,002
Real Estate, Rental, Leasing	71,912,403	73,550,514		87,699,058	95,997,409
Prof, Sci, Technical Svcs	46,798,059	32,408,933		36,389,911	38,935,453
Company Management	20,847	25,943		-	78,443
Admin, Supp, Remed Svcs	41,021,656	42,476,396		39,458,138	71,319,015
Educational Services	3,243,933	3,711,272		3,712,154	4,420,229
Health Care Social Assistance	1,505,938	1,275,885		2,412,082	3,308,852
Arts, Entertain, Recreation	19,055,120	21,189,254		21,779,009	19,808,385
Accommodation and Food Svcs	171,055,204	182,181,720		195,809,112	213,315,217
Other Services	77,191,369	71,633,560		73,587,409	81,802,712
Public Administration	24,752,900	26,185,952		28,971,834	30,088,734
Total	\$ 1,837,206,839	\$ 1,931,004,841	\$	2,116,830,950	\$ 2,233,950,941

City direct sales tax rate 0.85%.

Source: Taxtools 4.1.0 Database by Microflex, Inc.

Fiscal Year

 <u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
\$ 149,753	\$ 641,040	\$ 111,673	\$ 1,367,225	\$ 1,404,788	\$ 4,565,569
1,774,495	661,383	458,376	342,866	882,111	1,277,049
67,492	139,085	192,809	95,049	96,216	81,659
7,846,892	10,457,305	11,391,629	12,377,296	7,750,699	8,677,840
302,548,150	340,304,924	434,236,277	548,590,035	557,056,169	603,625,244
146,226,236	134,882,163	153,848,600	220,872,536	180,257,465	212,375,842
338,433,480	329,625,729	364,718,721	383,861,943	385,843,018	406,190,334
816,949,999	843,953,703	905,815,060	999,565,733	1,140,046,374	1,325,134,219
9,726,380	8,159,690	11,359,833	12,643,113	22,627,158	41,959,495
126,016,431	123,102,696	124,377,336	118,698,722	118,032,858	120,352,571
39,245,687	42,164,136	44,372,642	43,297,915	47,570,315	38,774,920
103,454,935	113,932,233	120,119,139	134,138,368	120,650,967	128,984,304
49,628,961	52,130,863	47,245,465	58,106,362	69,684,509	96,817,168
17,671	9,470	4,469	4,682	274,772	80,889
104,922,922	64,042,202	109,819,746	137,075,315	166,136,707	199,722,437
5,094,076	4,232,992	3,942,868	4,719,372	3,830,005	5,369,807
3,626,711	5,473,322	5,266,771	3,253,657	2,860,038	2,883,709
22,625,489	23,053,740	23,995,011	26,166,127	14,003,489	22,331,212
231,934,336	238,157,944	247,306,793	270,545,886	207,566,415	258,032,589
88,021,162	94,115,793	96,543,843	98,404,947	89,996,520	116,919,575
 33,119,462	 44,304,995	42,949,890	41,987,921	52,066,016	59,029,617
\$ 2,431,430,720	\$ 2,473,545,408	\$ 2,748,076,951	\$ 3,116,115,070	\$ 3,188,636,609	\$ 3,653,186,049

Schedule 11 City of Kent Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	City Direct <u>Rate</u>	<u>State</u>	County <u>Transit</u>	<u>RTA</u>	County ¹	Criminal <u>Justice</u>	Total Overlapping <u>Rate</u>
2012	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	0.90%	0.25%	0.10%	9.50%
2013	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	0.90%	0.25%	0.10%	9.50%
2014	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	0.90%	0.25%	0.10%	9.50%
2015	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	0.90%	0.25%	0.10%	9.50%
2016	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	0.90%	0.25%	0.10%	9.50%
2017	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	1.40%	0.25%	0.10% **	10.00%
2018	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	1.40%	0.25%	0.10%	10.00%
2019	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	1.40%	0.25%	0.10%	10.00%
2020	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	1.40%	0.25%	0.10%	10.00%
2021	0.85%	6.50%	0.90%	1.40%	0.26%	0.10%	10.10%

¹ Includes 0.15% for general purposes, 0.10% for chemical dependency, mental health treatment services and therapeutic court programs, and as of 1/1/2021 0.01% for housing and related services.

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue

^{**}Includes 0.05% increase for the King County RTA, which to effect 4/1/2017.

Schedule 12 City of Kent Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal `	Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2012			
	Number	Percentage	Tax	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Tax	Percentage
	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total	of Filers	of Total	<u>Liability</u>	of Total
Unknown	61	0.2%	50,908	0.2%	25	0.1%	30,900	0.2%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	58	0.2%	10,427	0.0%	52	0.3%	6,960	0.0%
Mining	10	0.0%	685	0.0%	13	0.1%	5,068	0.0%
Utilities	17	0.1%	69,373	0.2%	15	0.1%	76,168	0.5%
Construction	4,642	16.9%	5,004,975	16.5%	3,850	21.8%	1,805,308	11.7%
Manufacturing	1,914	7.0%	1,689,516	5.6%	1,217	6.9%	710,271	4.6%
Wholesale Trade	3,678	13.4%	3,382,113	11.2%	2,662	15.1%	1,938,671	12.6%
Retail Trade	9,814	35.8%	11,090,829	36.6%	4,336	24.6%	5,774,249	37.4%
Transportation and Warehousing	148	0.5%	347,201	1.1%	137	0.8%	60,539	0.4%
Information	1,173	4.3%	1,005,747	3.3%	564	3.2%	1,001,933	6.5%
Finance and Insurance	171	0.6%	349,169	1.2%	161	0.9%	171,027	1.1%
Real Estate, Rental, Leasing	483	1.8%	1,093,648	3.6%	426	2.4%	628,059	4.1%
Prof, Sci, Technical Svcs	1,597	5.8%	772,658	2.6%	1,002	5.7%	391,584	2.5%
Company Management	6	0.0%	542	0.0%	5	0.0%	148	0.0%
Admin, Supp, Remed Svcs	1,579	5.8%	1,605,977	5.3%	1,307	7.4%	345,437	2.2%
Educational Services	205	0.7%	45,856	0.2%	135	0.8%	29,225	0.2%
Health Care Social Assistance	168	0.6%	24,925	0.1%	169	1.0%	12,474	0.1%
Arts, Entertain, Recreation	166	0.6%	164,951	0.5%	115	0.7%	162,377	1.1%
Accommodation and Food Svcs	459	1.7%	2,092,858	6.9%	415	2.4%	1,422,671	9.2%
Other Services	1,025	3.7%	970,409	3.2%	998	5.7%	662,589	4.3%
Public Administration	18	0.1%	511,911	1.7%	24	0.1%	199,660	1.3%
Total	27,392	100.00%	##############	100.00%	17,628	100.00%	\$15,435,318	100.00%

Source: Taxtools 4.1.0 Database by Microflex, Inc.

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not provided. The categories presented are intended to provide alternate information regarding the sources of the city's revenue.

Schedule 13-A City of Kent Utility Statistical Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Water Utility	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Customer Accounts					
Residential					
Single-family	10,003	10,159	10,322	10,433	10,586
Multi-family	1,491	1,490	1,492	1,492	1,493
Commercial	1,706	1,716	1,733	1,729	1,736
Industrial	84	85	84	83	82
Governmental	185	179	179	187	194
Total	13,469	13,629	13,810	13,924	14,091
Annual water usage (ft³)	323,260,063	322,321,057	343,809,535	360,197,626	357,875,066
Sewer Utility					
Customer Accounts					
Residential	12,111	12,267	12,395	12,494	12,642
Commercial	3,441	3,445	3,459	3,455	3,456
Total	15,552	15,712	15,854	15,949	16,098
Drainage Utility					
Customer accounts					
Residential	22,880	23,068	23,267	23,433	23,635
Commercial _	2,220	2,217	2,219	2,191	2,196
Total	25,100	25,285	25,486	25,624	25,831

Source: City financial records

Fiscal	Year
---------------	------

			i iscai i cai		
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
	40.000	40.000	44.070	44.000	11.010
	10,669	10,898	11,073	11,209	11,313
	1,567	1,570	1,592	1,600	1,606
	1,702	1,701	1,719	1,720	1,724
	82	80	80	81	81
	194	194	193	192	195
	14,214	14,443	14,657	14,802	14,919
	344,485,663	370,320,856	345,382,664	363,892,246	375,849,198
	12,790	12,839	13,106	13,198	13,341
	3,440	3,446	3,467	3,476	3,476
-	16,230	16,285	16,573	16,674	16,817
	,	,	,	,	,
	23,845	24,136	24,314	24,508	24,592
	2,177	2,229	2,311	2,314	2,321
-	26,022	26,365	26,625	26,822	26,913

Schedule 13-B City of Kent Utility Statistical Data Rates As of December 31, 2021

			Water Usage Fees per 100 C	ubic	Feet (748
Water Utility Meter	r Access	Fees	gallons)		
Meter Size	Мо	nthly			
(inches)	Fee	Э	0-800 cf \$2.59/100 cf		
Residential			800+ cf \$5.09/100 cf		
3/4	\$	24.94			
1		39.05			
1.5		75.36	Water Tap Fees (new con	nect	ion fee)
2		118.26			-
			Connection Size		
			(inches)		Fee
Commercial			<3/4	\$	275.00
3/4	\$	31.34	3/4	•	325.00
1	•	45.45	1		350.00
1.5		80.73	1.5		600.00
2		123.05	2		800.00
3		193.60	>2 Cost of mete	r & i	nstall + 25%
4		292.36			
6		433.46	Water System Developme	ent C	harges
8		574.56			J
10		715.66	Meter Size (inches)		Fee
			less than 1	\$	8,783.20
Dedicated Fireline (pipe	e size)		1	•	21,957.26
3/4	´\$	2.97	2		70,261.20
1		3.46	3		140,523.87
1.25		5.18	4		219,568.28
1.5		6.91	5		329,140.55
2		11.07	6		439,136.57
3		27.65	8		702,617.90
4		55.29	10		966,099.29
6		110.57			
8		186.61	Sewer Utility Rat	es	
10		276.45	Residential		
			City fee	\$	25.69
Backflow Fee	\$	195.10	King County Fee		47.37
			Total	\$	73.06
Drainage Util	ity Rates	;	Commercial ¹		
Residential	•		Consumption-per 100 cf/month	n \$	9.74
Monthly fee	\$	13.16	Minimum charge	\$	73.06
Commercial	7	- -		•	

Fees are calculated based on impervious surfaces

Source: City records

¹ Commercial sewer customers are billed based on the consumption of water

Schedule 13-C City of Kent Utility Statistical Data Ten Largest Users Current Year and Four Years Ago*

Water Utility		20)21	20	17
		Percent		Percent	
		of		of	
Customer	Product/Service	Revenue	Ranking	Revenue	Ranking
Danone Waters	Bottled water	1.21%	1	1.49%	1
King Command Foods	Processed meat	0.94%	2	0.68%	4
Air Gas	Liquid nitrogen	0.88%	3	0.80%	2
King County Admin Building	Government	0.64%	4	0.76%	3
Kent 228	Office space management	0.63%	5	0.50%	8
Rexam Beverage Can Co.	Can manufacturing	0.62%	6	0.67%	5
Aramark Uniform Services	Laundry service	0.59%	7	0.63%	7
City of Kent Parks	Government	0.52%	8		
Oberto Sausage Company	Food processing	0.49%	9		
Smith Brothers Farms	Agriculture	0.48%	10		
Mikron Industries	Building manufacturing			0.44%	9
Con Agra Food	Food processing			0.66%	6
Alsco	Laundry service			0.42%	10
	•	7.00%		7.06%	
Sewer Utility		20)21	20)17
		Percent of		Percent of	
Customer	Product/Service	Revenue	Ranking	Revenue	Ranking
King Command Foods	Processed meat	1.01%	1	1.07%	5
Kent 228	Office space management	0.84%	2	1.05%	6
King County Admin Building	Government	0.79%	3	1.34%	3
Rexam Beverage Can Co.	Can manufacturing	0.78%	4	1.36%	2
Aramark Uniform Services	Laundry service	0.76%	5	1.31%	4
Oberto Sausage Company	Food processing	0.65%	6	0.79%	9
Oberto Sausage Company	Food processing	0.63%	7		
Smith Brothers Farms	Agriculture	0.59%	8		
Mikron Industries	Building manufacturing	0.55%	9	0.91%	7
Con Agra Food	Food processing	0.52%	10	1.38%	1
Danone Waters	Bottled water			0.73%	10
Alsco	Laundry service			0.89%	8
	,	7.12%		10.84%	
Drainage Utility		20)21	20)17
		Percent		Percent	
Customer	Product/Service	of Revenue	Ranking	of Revenue	Ranking
City of Kent	Government	1.40%	1	1.55%	3
The Boeing Company	Aerospace	0.93%	2	1.85%	1
Pacific Gateway	Industrial office space	0.85%	3	0.55%	7
Amazon DEDC LLC	Distribution center	0.77%	4	0.79%	4
UPRR Downtown Station	Automotive distribution	0.74%	5	0.79%	5
Kent East Corporate Park	Industrial office space	0.71%	6	0.7470	5
Finlayson Logistics	Warehouse distribution	0.61%	7		
Amazon	Distribution center	0.54%	8		
				0.540/	٥
PS Business Park	Commercial office space Auto auction	0.52%	9	0.54%	8
South Seattle Auto Auction		0.47%	10	0.48%	9
Kidder Mathews	Warehouse distribution			0.46%	10
Prologis Mgmt LLC	Developer	7 53%		1.62% 8.59%	2

7.53%

8.59%

Source: City billing records

 $^{^{\}star}$ This schedule was added in 2017. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

Schedule 13-D City of Kent Utility Statistical Data Billings by Customer Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
		2012		2013		2014		2015			
Water Consumption											
Residential (single family)	\$	2,788,953	\$	2,878,919	\$	3,108,519	\$	3,219,722			
Duplex		37,315		37,884		48,407		46,857			
Multi-family		4,505,910		4,640,464		5,061,029		5,024,730			
Multi-family		4,264,591		4,482,184		4,880,396		5,117,899			
Multi-family		886,397		916,574		1,040,218		1,068,845			
Multi-family		546,999	_	592,828	_	657,203	_	745,027			
Total Consumption Charges	\$	13,030,165	\$	13,548,853	\$	14,795,772	\$	15,223,080			
Water Access											
Residential (single family)	\$	1,520,346	\$	1,587,891	\$	1,661,686	\$	1,681,135			
Duplex		12,631		13,475		13,946		13,974			
Multi-family		548,009		564,360		582,518		583,041			
Commercial		547,229		567,496		580,972		582,333			
Industrial		48,478		50,665		52,555		52,635			
Governmental		86,735		89,075		91,716		92,075			
Total Access Charges	\$	2,763,428	\$	2,872,962	\$	2,983,393	\$	3,005,193			
Hydrant Water Fees											
Commercial	\$	122,601	\$	125,197	\$	177,052	\$	228,505			
Other Water Fees											
Adjustments ¹	\$	(147,569)	\$	(42,561)	\$	(48,683)	\$	(23,460)			
Total Water Sales	\$	15,768,625	\$	16,504,451	\$	17,907,534	\$	18,433,318			
Total Water Gales	Ψ	10,100,020	Ψ	10,001,101	Ψ	17,007,004	Ψ	10,100,010			
Water Backflow & Firelines											
Residential (single family) Duplex	\$	80	\$	80	\$	240	\$	480			
Multi-family		34,411		36,160		36,243		37,040			
Commercial		173,756		177,936		180,367		182,730			
Industrial		15,440		15,760		15,760		16,080			
Governmental		25,760		26,560		24,800		24,720			
Total Backflow Prevention	\$	249,447	\$	256,496	\$	257,410	\$	261,050			
Other Water Charges											
Dedicated Fireline Fee	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_			
Miscellaneous Charges	Ψ	231,065	Ψ	246,133	Ψ	244,077	Ψ	205,853			
Other Operating Revenue Adjustments		3,930		14,871		7,141		4,630			
Total Other Operating Revenues	\$	234,995	\$	261,004	\$	251,218	\$	210,483			
Total Water Operating Revenues	\$	16,253,067	\$	17,021,951	\$	18,416,162	\$	18,904,851			

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	Fiscal Year										
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
\$	3,123,128	\$	2,484,161	\$	2,617,358	\$	2,668,257	\$	2,982,754	\$	3,153,310
Φ		Ф	, ,	Φ		Ф		Φ		Ф	, ,
	49,149		40,946		43,892		35,635		39,814		42,604
	5,042,692		4,864,436		4,867,440		4,884,238		5,173,648		5,488,945
	5,307,898		6,144,822		5,238,496		5,244,994		5,108,176		5,338,023
	1,032,766		1,066,470		995,005		999,441		877,217		953,522
_	642,473	_	726,437		662,993	_	684,721	_	560,206	_	707,618
\$	15,198,106	\$	15,327,272	\$	14,425,184	\$	14,517,286	\$	14,741,815	\$	15,684,023
\$	1,702,856	\$	2,988,553	\$	3,108,519	\$	3,272,477	\$	3,382,612	\$	3,428,749
Ψ	13,974	Ψ	29,256	Ψ	29,768	Ψ	31,128	Ψ	32,062	Ψ	32,231
	583,987		1,260,748		1,291,184		1,327,626		1,365,698		1,387,908
	584,669		1,305,673		1,338,698		1,380,617		1,421,815		1,428,589
	53,192		122,677		124,592		127,096		120,749		131,554
					•						
\$	94,177 3,032,855	\$	212,302	\$	218,867 6,111,628	\$	225,700 6,364,644	\$	230,101	\$	233,803 6,642,835
ф	3,032,655	Ф	5,919,209	Ф	0,111,020	Ф	0,304,044	Ф	6,553,036	Ф	0,042,033
\$	177,409	\$	63,750	\$	89,150	\$	83,104	\$	81,551	\$	121,153
\$	(109,430)		(1,400,962)		(102,297)		(188,258)		(95,654)		(281,285)
\$	18,298,940		19,909,269		20,523,665		20,776,776		21,280,748		22,166,726
•	0.40	•	007	•	007	•	4.007	•	000	•	077
\$	640	\$	897	\$	927	\$	1,387	\$	868	\$	877
	-		-		-		-		-		110
	38,484		48,692		51,812		55,276		59,143		62,697
	186,739		239,062		259,196		276,286		285,981		294,084
	16,400		20,100		21,631		24,116		23,549		23,566
	24,640		30,600		30,900		33,294		33,641		35,185
\$	266,903	\$	339,351	\$	364,466	\$	390,359	\$	403,183	\$	416,518
\$	_	\$	1,395,693	\$	1,459,048	\$	1,509,861	\$	1,555,138	\$	1,576,624
•	181,898	•	171,504	*	177,763	*	185,658	•	46,555	*	7,385
	32,388		39,674		16,689		7,296		1,251		959
	02,000		(4,850)		-				-		(8,348)
\$	214,286	\$	1,602,021	\$	1,653,500	\$	1,702,815	\$	1,602,944	\$	1,576,620
\$	18,780,129	\$	21,850,641	\$	22,541,631	\$	22,869,950	\$	23,286,875	\$	24,159,864
											(continued)

Schedule 13-D City of Kent Utility Statistical Data Billings by Customer Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Sewer Charges									
Residential (single family)	\$	7,466,469	\$	8,202,454	\$	8,373,244	\$	8,889,410	
Duplex		123,490		139,647		143,261		150,811	
Multi-family		7,537,417		8,211,588		8,406,680		8,863,264	
Commercial		5,159,636		5,649,362		6,115,191		6,531,807	
Industrial		1,128,810		1,248,164		1,479,639		1,406,070	
Governmental		578,251		674,431		671,239		729,349	
Total Sewer Billings	\$	21,994,073	\$	24,125,646	\$	25,189,254	\$	26,570,711	
Other Sewer Fees									
Sewer permits	\$	61,422	\$	50,754	\$	52,193	\$	44,281	
Connection charges ²		705,795		666,795		1,152,849		_	
Water quality surcharge		425,809		503,188		524,269		692,877	
Miscellaneous charges		37,403		17,126		66,116		46,987	
Other operating revenue		14,904		8,207		8,358		8,690	
Adjustments 1		(200,571)		27,955		(227,189)		63,739	
Total Other Sewer Fees	\$	1,044,762	\$	1,274,025	\$	1,576,596	\$	856,574	
Total Sewer Operating Revenues ³	\$	23,038,835	\$	25,399,671	\$	26,765,850	\$	27,427,285	
		-		-		-		-	
Storm Drain/Surface Water Charg	es								
Residential (single family)	\$	2,803,196	\$	2,975,555	\$	3,145,346	\$	3,324,793	
Duplex		29,576		31,978		33,908		35,596	
Multi-family		2,321,917		2,453,359		2,582,879		2,712,051	
Commercial		9,053,394		9,491,417		9,937,563		10,409,583	
Industrial		1,197,251		1,253,616		1,315,712		1,328,399	
Governmental		1,117,890		1,146,862		1,188,441		1,221,703	
Adjustments ¹				-					
Total Drainage Operating								_	
Revenues ³	\$	16,523,224	\$	17,352,787	\$	18,203,849	\$	19,032,125	
Total Sewer/Storm Drainage			_						
Operating Revenues ³	\$	39,562,059	\$	42,752,458	\$	44,969,699	\$	46,459,410	

¹ For adjustments, including leak adjustments and misread corrections, the billing code does not distinguish between the type of customer

Source: City records

² Sewer connection charges are coded as capital contributions

³ Until 2019, the Sewer and Drainage utilities were together in the Sewer Utility Fund. In 2019, the operations were split into separate funds

Fiscal \	ear/
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riscai Teai								 		
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	 2021
\$	9,085,413	\$	9,930,521	\$	10,309,790	\$	10,786,527	\$	10,959,754	\$ 11,396,218
	152,672		163,920		168,467		174,997		179,048	184,320
	9,125,661		9,926,448		10,037,913		10,282,395		10,994,867	11,666,329
	7,048,720		7,450,347		7,641,769		7,888,196		7,970,041	8,145,210
	1,401,538		1,462,166		1,413,031		1,486,577		1,308,732	1,417,377
	637,963		743,381		724,164		823,501		669,527	 646,484
\$	27,451,967	\$	29,676,784	\$	30,295,134	\$	31,442,193	\$	32,081,969	\$ 33,455,938
\$	71,219	\$	95,770	\$	89,578	\$	55,492	\$	55,071	\$ 60,694
	- 785,016		- 808,555		- 1,040,609		- 1,232,178		- 1,226,777	- 1,512,114
	59,264		49,255		84,150		2,075		665	560
	24,510		54,312		1,184,666		14,664		12,584	18,830
	133,349		(80,689)		(94,890)		(137,572)		(48,789)	(129,211)
\$	1,073,358	\$	927,203	\$	2,304,113	\$	1,166,837	\$	1,191,237	\$ 1,462,987
\$	28,525,325	\$	30,603,987	\$	32,599,247	\$	32,609,030	\$	33,273,206	\$ 34,918,925
	-		0		-		(50)		<u> </u>	 · · ·
\$	3,350,939	\$	3,388,860	\$	3,505,390	\$	3,654,527	\$	3,747,155	\$ 3,794,789
	35,598		35,597		36,433		37,872		16,869	39,301
	2,719,264		2,742,031		2,835,931		2,931,555		2,891,709	3,068,230
	10,456,233		10,614,253		10,937,699		11,296,651		11,748,906	11,892,198
	1,320,227		1,490,308		1,525,051		1,567,883		1,450,798	1,428,559
	1,233,268		1,234,437		1,256,502		1,286,223		1,306,602	1,317,751
			<u>-</u>				(51,022)		126,142	 (8,623)
\$	19,115,529	\$	19,505,486	\$	20,097,006	\$	20,723,689	\$	21,288,181	\$ 21,532,206
\$	47,640,854	\$	50,109,473	\$	52,696,253	\$	53,332,719	\$	54,561,387	\$ 56,451,131 (concluded)

Schedule 14 City of Kent Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governme	ntal /	∆ctivities.

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Public Works Trust Fund Loans	Other Notes/ Contracts ^b	Capital Leases	Special Assessment Bonds	Contingent Loan Guarantee ^c	Total Governmental
2012	61,541,230	10,389,724	2,457,709	-	3,822,681	-	78,211,344
2013	57,903,469	9,584,624	432,000	-	2,700,000	-	70,620,093
2014	52,810,358	8,777,671	220,000	-	1,980,000	76,809,813	140,597,842
2015	47,784,224	8,001,804	18,524	-	1,395,000	71,648,408	128,847,960
2016	101,793,996	7,225,937	198,365	-	750,000	4,991,478	114,959,776
2017	95,347,314	6,450,072	368,559	-	160,000	3,657,980	105,983,925
2018	88,952,067	5,674,205	420,495	170,241	-	2,230,042	97,447,050
2019	82,648,102	4,898,338	9,238,824	138,645	-	717,334	97,641,243
2020	77,298,535	4,122,472	420,000	105,531	-	-	81,946,538
2021	72,099,314	3,346,605	920,000	70,827	-	-	76,436,746

Sources: Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

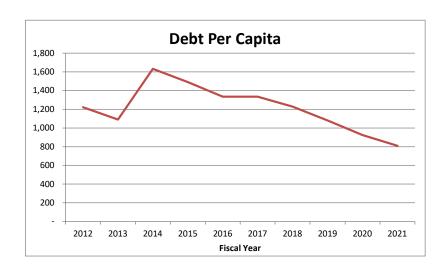
Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements Debt amounts include discounts and premiums Notes:

^a Based on WA State estimated population data; see Schedule 19 (Demographic and Economic Factors) for population and personal income data.

^b Excludes compensated absences.

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ In FY2014, the City implemented GASB-S 70 on contingent loan guarantee obligations

_			Business-Ty	pe Activities					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Public Works Trust Fund Loans	Other Notes/ Contracts ^b	Capital Leases	Total Business- Type	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per Capita ^a
2012	4,788,505	22.332.423	11.037.500	29,057,632	_	67.216.060	145.427.404	2.03%	1,221.05
2013	3,665,426	21,470,198	9,828,473	25,755,000	_	60,719,097	131,339,190	1.74%	1,089.95
2014	3,140,452	20,433,172	8,694,444	25,285,000	-	57,553,068	198,150,910	2.37%	1,632.22
2015	2,597,516	19,356,148	7,560,417	24,780,000	-	54,294,081	183,142,041	2.05%	1,490.17
2016	2,106,959	18,239,122	6,426,389	24,395,000	-	51,167,470	166,127,246	1.73%	1,335.05
2017	1,678,968	32,664,929	5,292,361	23,980,000	-	63,616,258	169,600,183	1.60%	1,334.38
2018	1,313,541	31,265,888	4,158,334	23,565,000	588,466	60,891,229	158,338,279	1.36%	1,228.38
2019	949,570	15,183,946	3,024,306	22,920,000	438,596	42,516,418	140,157,661	1.14%	1,079.80
2020	370,258	13,922,002	1,890,278	22,245,000	280,985	38,708,523	120,655,061	0.96%	924.56
2021	-	12,610,060	756,250	21,550,000	115,232	35,031,542	111,468,288	0.84%	809.50

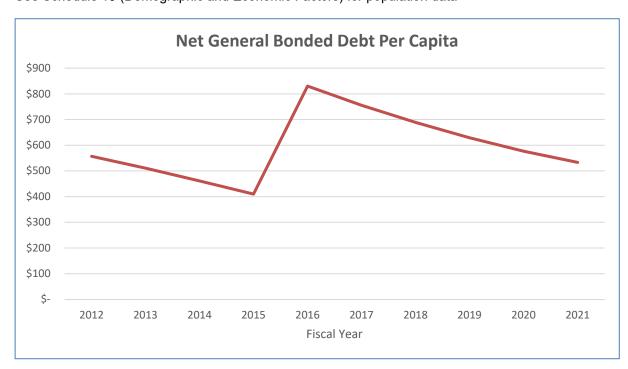


Schedule 15
City of Kent
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less:Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Net General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property ^a	Per Capita ^b
2012	\$ 66,329,735	\$ 1,083.00	\$ 66,328,652	0.52%	556.92
2013	61,568,895	1,083	61,567,812	0.51%	510.94
2014	55,950,810	10	55,950,800	0.44%	460.88
2015	50,381,740	-	50,381,740	0.36%	409.94
2016	103,900,955	521,394	103,379,561	0.69%	830.79
2017	97,026,282	986,220	96,040,062	0.59%	755.63
2018	90,265,608	1,451,046	88,814,562	0.48%	689.02
2019	83,597,672	1,912,628	81,685,044	0.39%	629.31
2020	77,668,793	2,380,697	75,288,096	0.33%	576.92
2021	72,099,314	2,020,523	70,078,791	0.29%	532.92

Source: City financial records

^b See Schedule 19 (Demographic and Economic Factors) for population data



^a See Schedule 6 (Assessed/Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property) for property tax value

Schedule 16 City of Kent Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2021

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable ^a	 nated Share of Direct and rlapping Debt
King County	\$	910,028,875	3.7366%	\$ 34,004,139
Port of Seattle	·	281,355,000	3.7366%	10,513,111
Federal Way School District No. 210		44,335,000	7.0924%	3,144,416
Highline School District No. 401		395,098,572	1.1676%	4,613,171
Renton School District No. 403		305,515,127	4.2562%	13,003,335
Auburn School District No. 408		485,792,338	1.3818%	6,712,679
Tahoma School District No. 409		140,785,967	0.0190%	26,749
Kent School District No. 415		211,067,820	66.3456%	140,034,212
Hospital District No. 1		-	34.7536%	-
Kent Regional Fire Authority No. 62		354,831	84.4742%	299,741
Rural Library District		55,215,699	6.0950%	3,365,397
Subtotal Overlapping Debt				\$ 215,716,948
City of Kent direct debt				\$ 76,436,746
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 292,153,694

Note:

Source: King County: Assessor and Department of Finance City financial records

^a Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Kent based on tax parcel information. This Process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Schedule 17 City of Kent Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015
Legal Debt Limit					
Assessed Value	\$	12,746,855,069 \$	12,009,757,520	\$ 12,651,208,800 \$	14,068,213,406
Legal debt limit restrictions:					
2.5% of General purpose limit, voted & non-voted	\$	318,671,377 \$	300,243,938	\$ 316,280,220 \$	351,705,335
2.5% Utility purpose limit, voted		318,671,377	300,243,938	316,280,220	351,705,335
2.5% Open Space, Park Facilities, voted		318,671,377	300,243,938	316,280,220	351,705,335
Total legal debt limit		956,014,131	900,731,814	948,840,660	1,055,116,005
Total net debt applicable to limit		69,139,626	61,423,917	54,975,990	49,078,000
Legal debt margin	\$	886,874,505 \$	839,307,897	\$ 893,864,670 \$	1,006,038,005
Total net debt applicable to the limit					
as a percentage of debt limit		7.23%	6.82%	5.79%	4.65%
Total net debt applicable to the limit					
as a percentage of assessed value		0.54%	0.51%	0.43%	0.35%
Debt applicable to limit: Voted					
General obligation bonds		-	_	_	-
Non-voted					
General obligation bonds		66,683,000	60,993,000	54,756,000	49,078,000
Other general obligation debt		2,457,709	432,000	220,000	-
Less: Amount set aside for repayment					
of voted general obligation debt		(1,083)	(1,083)	(10)	-
Total net debt applicable to limit		69,139,626	61,423,917	54,975,990	49,078,000
Additional debt limit restriction:					
1.5% non-voted for all purposes		191,202,826	180,146,363	189,768,132	211,023,201
Non-voted debt outstanding		69,140,709	61,425,000	54,976,000	49,078,000
Non-voted legal debt margin		122,062,117	118,721,363	134,792,132	161,945,201
Constitutional Debt Limit					
10.0% non-voted for all purposes		1,274,685,507	1,200,975,752	1,265,120,880	1,406,821,341
Net debt applicable to legal debt limit		69,139,626	61,423,917	54,975,990	49,078,000
Add: State loan contracts		10,389,724	9,584,624	8,777,671	8,001,804
Constitutional debt margin		1,195,156,157	1,129,967,211	1,201,367,219	1,349,741,537
Internal Debt Limit					
Net debt applicable to legal debt limit		69,139,626	61,423,917	54,975,990	49,078,000
Add: State loan contracts		10,389,724	9,584,624	8,777,671	8,001,804
Interest on outstanding debt		20,409,417	17,426,925	14,358,462	11,168,487
Compensated absences		4,459,597	4,747,718	4,168,176	4,337,445
Total debt applicable to internal debt calculation		104,398,364	93,183,184	 82,280,299	72,585,736
Total net debt applicable to the internal debt					
calculation as a percentage of assessed value		0.82%	0.78%	0.65%	0.52%

Notes:

The debt limit applies to general obligation debt of the city (debt for which the "full faith and credit" of the city is pledged to pay off the debt).

The state constitution limits the debt cities are allowed to carry to 10% of the assessed valuation of the taxable properties within the city.

The state legislature has further limited the outstanding debt for cities to 75% of the constitutional limit, or 7.5% of assessed valuation of taxable properties within the city. The legislature has also limited the amount of non-voted debt (not approved by a 3/5 majority of voters) to 1.0% of the assessed valuation of the taxable properties within the city.

The city also calculates an internal debt margin to include other long-term obligations, like internal LID financing, internal notes and compensated absences expected to repaid from general governmental revenues.

Source: City's financial records

Fiscal Year												
<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		2020		<u>2021</u>				
\$ 15,046,306,884 \$	16,402,977,700 \$	18,597,339,729	\$	20,729,110,364	\$	23,002,042,032	\$	24,427,645,579				
\$ 376,157,672 \$ 376,157,672	410,074,443 \$ 410,074,443	464,933,493 464,933,493	\$	518,227,759 518,227,759	\$	575,051,051 575,051,051	\$	610,691,139 610,691,139				
 376,157,672 1,128,473,016	410,074,443 1,230,223,329	464,933,493 1,394,800,479		518,227,759 1,554,683,277		575,051,051 1,725,153,153		610,691,139 1,832,073,417				
90,740,000	84,656,000	78,686,000		72,806,000		67,635,000		62,815,000				
\$ 1,037,733,016 \$	1,145,567,329 \$	1,316,114,479	\$	1,481,877,277	\$	1,657,518,153	\$	1,769,258,417				
0.040/	6 999/	E C 40/		4.600/		2.020/		2.420/				
8.04%	6.88%	5.64%		4.68%		3.92%		3.43%				
0.60%	0.52%	0.42%		0.35%		0.29%		0.26%				
- -	- -	<u>-</u>		-		-		<u>-</u>				
90,740,000	84,656,000 -	78,686,000 -		72,806,000		67,635,000 -		62,815,000 -				
-	-	-		-		-		-				
90,740,000	84,656,000	78,686,000		72,806,000		67,635,000		62,815,000				
225,694,603 90,740,000	246,044,666 84,656,000	278,960,096 78,686,000		310,936,655 72,806,000		345,030,630 67,635,000		366,414,684 62,815,000				
134,954,603	161,388,666	200,274,096		238,130,655		277,395,630		303,599,684				
1,504,630,688	1,640,297,770	1,859,733,973		2,072,911,036		2,300,204,203		2,442,764,558				
90,740,000	84,656,000	78,686,000		72,806,000		67,635,000		62,815,000				
7,225,937 1,406,664,751	6,450,071 1,549,191,699	5,674,205 1,775,373,768		4,898,338 1,995,206,698		4,122,472 2,228,446,731		3,346,605 2,376,602,953				
90,740,000 7,225,937 39,402,192	84,656,000 6,450,071 35,545,110	78,686,000 5,674,205 31,984,893		72,806,000 4,898,338 28,492,613		67,635,000 4,122,472 25,211,959		62,815,000 3,346,605 22,140,233				
 4,413,051 141,781,180	4,639,656 131,290,837	4,938,217 121,283,315		5,421,078 111,618,029		5,969,693 102,939,124		6,097,574 94,399,412				
 141,701,100	131,230,037	121,200,313		111,010,029		102,333,124		34,333,41Z				
0.94%	0.80%	0.65%		0.54%		0.45%		0.39%				

Schedule 18 City of Kent Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Water Operating		Less: g Operating		Net Available		Debt S				
<u>Year</u>	Revenue		Expenses ²			Revenue	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	Co	<u>/erage</u>
2012	\$	16,253,067	\$	10,697,089	\$	5,555,978	\$ 460,000	\$	601,947		5.23
2013		17,021,951		11,736,994		5,284,957	472,000		588,147		4.99
2014		18,416,162		10,677,318		7,738,844	487,500		573,972		7.29
2015		18,904,851		13,717,392		5,187,459	507,500		554,472		4.88
2016		18,780,129		12,538,349		6,241,780	527,500		534,172		5.88
2017		21,850,641		12,387,164		9,463,477	550,000		513,072		8.90
2018		22,541,631		13,236,320		9,305,311	570,000		795,860		6.81
2019		22,869,950		13,017,701		9,852,249	600,000		462,572		9.27
2020		23,286,875		21,566,133		1,720,742	620,000		432,212		1.64
2021		24,159,864		14,061,386		10,098,478	642,500		397,430		9.71

Combined Utility Revenue Bonds

		Combined		Less:		Net					
Fiscal	Operating			Operating	Available			Debt S	Ser	vice	
<u>Year</u>		Revenue	Expenses ²			Revenue		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	<u>Coverage</u>
2012	\$	55,815,126	\$	42,423,801	\$	13,391,325	\$	920,000	\$	1,203,894	6.31
2013		59,774,409		44,658,164		15,116,245		944,000		1,176,294	7.13
2014		63,385,861		43,946,747		19,439,114		975,000		1,147,944	9.16
2015		65,364,261		50,063,649		15,300,612		1,015,000		1,108,944	7.20
2016		66,420,983		51,681,433		14,739,550		1,055,000		1,068,344	6.94
2017		71,960,114		51,556,996		20,403,118		1,100,000		1,026,144	9.60
2018		75,220,569		56,647,152		18,573,417		1,140,000		1,591,720	6.80
2019		43,593,639		24,680,768		18,912,871		1,200,000		925,144	8.90
2020		44,575,056		38,722,256		5,852,800		1,240,000		864,425	2.78
2021		45,692,070		29,677,645		16,014,425		1,285,000		794,861	7.70

Special Assessment Bonds ³

Fiscal		Debt S	ice		
<u>Year</u>	Revenues	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	Coverage
2012	\$ 2,590,862	\$ 1,919,285	\$	279,818	1.18
2013	4,058,344	1,203,319		180,786	2.93
2014	3,115,228	747,256		124,207	3.57
2015	2,586,437	585,000		111,840	3.71
2016	2,150,390	645,000		64,550	3.03
2017	1,979,573	590,000		34,875	3.17
2018	1,459,618	160,000		7,440	8.72
2019	1,339,332	-		-	N/A
2020	739,178	-		-	N/A
2021	1,035,745	=		-	N/A

Source: City financial records

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Golf revenue bonds were refunded in 1995 through the issuance of Councilmanic General Obligation bonds which are recorded in the Golf Complex Enterprise Fund.

Details regarding coverage can be found in the Official Statements.

¹ Issued in 2009--Combined Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, and Combined Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B Taxable (BABs) issued for a total of \$25,000,000--split between Water and Drainage Fund.

² Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

³ Most of the outstanding LID's are internally financed with no outstanding bonds. As funds are received, they are transferred to the capital projects to fund construction. No outstanding bonds after 2018.

⁴ Sewerage revenue bonds matured in 2006.

Drainage Revenue Bonds¹

	Dramage Nevenue Bonus													
Fiscal	Drainage Operating	Less: Operating		Net Available		Debt S								
<u>Year</u>	Revenue		Expenses ²		Revenue		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	<u>Coverage</u>				
2012	\$ 39,562,059	\$	31,726,712	\$	7,835,347	\$	460,000	\$	601,947	7.38				
2013	42,752,458		32,921,170		9,831,288		472,000		588,147	9.27				
2014	44,969,699		33,269,429		11,700,270		487,500		573,972	11.02				
2015	46,459,410		36,346,257		10,113,153		507,500		554,472	9.52				
2016	47,640,854		39,143,084		8,497,770		527,500		534,172	8.00				
2017	50,109,473		39,169,832		10,939,641		550,000		513,072	10.29				
2018	52,678,938		43,410,832		9,268,106		570,000		795,860	6.79				
2019	20,723,689		11,663,067		9,060,622		600,000		462,572	8.53				
2020	21,288,181		17,156,123		4,132,058		620,000		432,212	3.93				
2021	21,532,206		15,616,259		5,915,947		642,500		397,430	5.69				

Schedule 19
City of Kent
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Population ¹	County Personal Income ² (thousands of dollars)	County Per Capita Income ³	School Enrollment ⁴	County Unemployment Rate ⁵
2012	119,100	120,627,950	60,090	26,975	6.8%
2013	120,500	128,330,859	62,770	27,500	5.2%
2014	121,400	143,260,986	68,877	27,484	4.6%
2015	122,900	153,554,091	72,530	27,823	3.6%
2016	124,435	166,006,277	77,213	27,746	3.9%
2017	127,100	182,495,475	83,383	27,896	3.8%
2018	128,900	201,962,200	90,438	27,714	3.4%
2019	129,800	213,956,690	94,974	27,467	3.5%
2020	130,500	219,805,809	96,647	25,739	8.42% 6
2021	131,500	*	*	25,085	3.0%

¹ April 1 Population of Cities, Towns, and Counties: Washington State Office of Financial Management

² Personal Income for King County: US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

³ Per Capita Income for King County: US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

⁴ Median Age for King County: Washington State Office of Financial Management.

⁵ King County Profile: Employment Security Department Washington State

⁶ Unemployment rates affected by the Covid19 Pandemic

^{*} Data not available for FY, will be included in next year's ACFR

Schedule 20 City of Kent Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021			2012	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Amazon.com LLC	3,073	1	41.00%			
Kent Public Schools	2,970	2	4.46%	2,597	1	3.33%
The Boeing Company	2,522	3	3.79%	2,480	2	3.18%
Blue Origin, LLC	1,600	4	2.40%			
Exotic Metals Forming Co	1,047	5	1.57%	613	7	0.79%
Taylor Farms NW	850	6	1.28%			
City of Kent	719	7	1.08%	630	5	0.81%
King County Regional Justice Center	630	8	0.95%			
Coho Distributing LLC dba Columbia Dist	628	9	0.94%	620	6	0.79%
Carlisle Interconnect Industries	615	10	0.92%	650	4	0.83%
REI Inc.				1,026	3	1.32%
Alaska Airlines						
Sysco Seattle Inc				510	8	0.65%
Oberto Snacks Inc.				507	9	0.65%
HEXCEL Corporation				471	10	0.60%
	14,654	- =	58.40%	10,104	- - :	12.95%

Source: City of Kent Business License System

Schedule 21 City of Kent Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time-Equivalent Employees as of December 31										
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 ^a	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Canaral gayarament											
General government	10.50	10.53	10.53	10.75	10.75	11.75	13.00	12.00	12.00	9.00	
Mayor's Office											
Human Resource	12.00	12.20	13.20	13.60	14.60	14.60	15.60	16.10	14.00	14.00	
Finance	18.55	20.55	20.55	23.55	23.55	24.99	25.45	24.30	23.30	24.30	
Information Technology	25.00	24.96	26.00	29.00	35.00	37.00	37.00	38.50	32.56	33.80	
Other	41.25	37.80	39.00	42.00	42.00	42.00	41.00	41.00	39.44	41.20	
Judicial	21.28	20.28	20.28	20.28	20.28	20.28	21.28	19.75	20.75	20.75	
Public Safety											
Police	196.28	191.75	195.75	199.00	203.00	208.75	213.75	226.28	225.28	225.28	
Law-Criminal	10.60	9.80	8.80	8.80	9.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	9.00	9.00	
Community Development	36.60	36.60	38.33	40.75	40.75	42.75	47.00	46.00	44.00	44.00	
Public Works											
Engineering	5.33	9.00	9.00	9.00	11.00	14.50	14.50	15.72	16.92	16.92	
Operations	12.00	12.00	25.00	31.00	32.00	30.00	30.00	29.50	28.00	30.00	
Streets	71.02	64.09	67.50	67.50	73.00	77.50	78.00	82.00	84.00	88.50	
Leisure Services	59.13	60.16	63.91	64.38	66.63	65.63	65.63	68.13	65.13	65.13	
Health and Human Services	17.53	15.73	16.06	16.53	16.53	17.53	17.53	16.53	15.00	15.00	
Water	26.00	32.41	29.08	29.08	28.47	27.41	27.41	28.41	27.41	26.41	
Sewerage [□]	10.33	9.08	9.08	11.08	14.48	12.83	12.83	12.83	12.83	12.83	
Drainage [□]	34.34	26.42	20.09	23.09	22.30	19.76	19.76	18.84	21.84	21.84	
Solid Waste	-	-	-	-	2.50	4.50	4.50	4.20	4.50	1.00	
Water & Sewer Utility Billing	11.11	11.11	11.11	11.80	12.05	12.61	12.55	12.70	12.70	12.70	
Golf	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	9.60	9.60	8.00	8.00	8.00	
Total	630.20	615.81	634.61	662.54	690.04	702.79	715.19	729.59	716.66	719.66	

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including paid leave used). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Source: City of Kent Finance Department, Financial Planning Division

^a Solid Waste fund was created in 2016

^b The Sewerage and Drainage functions were combined in the Sewerage Fund until 2019 when the funds were split.

Schedule 22 City of Kent Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 ^g	2021
General government										
Business licenses issued	5,048	3,767	4,243	4,164	6,113	5,460	6,480	6,686	5,317	6,390
Judicial										
Number of court filings a	17,992	18,531	17,184	14,628	14,685	12,663	12,406	16,340	11,442	5,783
Public Safety										
Police										
Physical arrests	4,678	4,778	4,587	4,514	4,673	5,002	4,608	5,076	4,122	2,125
Parking violations	2,272	1,479	2,066	2,037	2,515	2,280	1,888	3,702	2,181	609
Traffic violations ^e	12,774	18,531	14,979	13,552	7,836	6,729	7,470	8,614	5,651	2,763
School Zone Tickets *	N/A ^c	N/A ^c	8,366	8,122	9,101	9,342	9,113	13,369	2,590	14,191
Red Light Camera ^f	N/A ^c	13,587	29,342	32,622						
Community Development										
Building permits issued b	2,277	2,334	3,789	3,899	4,034	4,160	5,135	4,991	4,323	4,829
Building inspections conducted	14,050	14,067	12,443	12,974	12,333	16,076	16,414	14,867	10,929	11,242
Public Works										
Street resurfacing (sq yards)	22,488	31,100	48,350	60,944	132,112	100,159	34,444	185,659	56,011	181,850
Leisure Services										
Recreation programs offered	2,096	2,070	2,050	2,158	2,244	2,118	1,915	1,818	432	352
Number of recreation participants d	33,462	24,392	23,143	26,521	27,693	20,706	22,704	12,876	2,568	3,820
Citizens served in specialized										
recreation setting ^d	1,632	1,512	1,704	1,688	1,639	1,507	1,585	1,675	383	359
Participants in Senior programs/										
workshops ^d	17,115	18,180	20,415	20,410	26,145	26,404	30,120	31,326	2,333	28,978
Water										
New connections	164	160	135	106	150	136	174	216	117	151
Average daily consumption										
(million gallons-estimated)	7.0	7.1	7.4	7.7	7.3	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.7
Golf										
Number of participants	153,800	154,100	155,260	155,870	156,220	154,695	153,450	161,200	110,900	132,100
Number of tournaments	72	63	57	51	53	46	40	41	12	34
Library										
Number of Items	159,300	159,173	107,933	112,988	108,686	112,509	105,635	105,668	97,940	105,312
Items circulated	745,994	613,603	550,416	470,680	430,626	392,140	355,736	303,162	103,996	91,110

Source: Various City Departments

^{*} January 2014 School Zone Camera Tickets implemented.

^a Includes parking violations

b Reflects a shift in the way minor repairs are counted. Beginning in 2011, data includes all building permits issued, with no exclusions.

^c Information not available for years indicated.

Beginning in 2011, only registered participants are counted.
 Beginning in 2016, traffic violations are processed differently with multiple infractions processed on one ticket.
 Red Light Cameras were implemented in 2019.

⁹ Low numbers in 2020 are directly related to the pandemic closure.

Schedule 23
City of Kent
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year										
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public Safety										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units ^{ae}	51	58	49	47	49	52	96	106	120	142
Public Works	0.	00	10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10	02	00	100	120	
Streets (lane miles)	726	726	726	726	726	719 ^b	719 ^b	727	727	727
Streetlights	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,354	6,354	6,354	6,354	6,600	6,675
Traffic signals	119	119	119	119	120	120	119	119	117	117
Traffic beacons/advisory devices	58	69	70	76	73	93	93	93	99	101
Leisure Services										
Acres of parks/open space	1,434	1,178	1,178	1,142	1,142	1,142	1,145	1,019	868	1,073
Parks	58	53	53	53	55	55	55	55	55	64
Miles of trails	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	38
Ball fields	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	17	17	19
Tennis courts	15	15	15	12	12	12	12	11	11	14
Water										
Water mains (miles)	280	280	284	284	287	287	287	287	287	287
Water customers	13,469	13,629	13,810	13,924	14,091	14,214	14,443	14,657	14,802	14,919
Reservoir/Tanks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Reservoir storage capacity (millions of gallons)	23.2	23.2	23.2	23.2	23.2	23.2	23.2	23.2	23.2	23
Sewerage										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	215	215	215	215	215	215	216	211	215	211
Sewer customers	15,552	15,712	15,854	15,949	16,098	16,230	16,285	16,573	16,665	16,817
Drainage										
Storm sewers (miles)	324	324	324	324	324	341	344	347	347	347
Drainage customers	25,100	25,285	25,486	25,624	25,831	26,022	26,365	26,625	26,822	26,913
Golf										
18-Hole course (yards)	6,701	6,701	6,701	6,701	6,701	6,701	6,701	6,701	6,701	6,701
Par 3 course (yards) ^c	1,174	1,174	1,174	1,174	1,174	1,174	-	-	-	-
Driving range (stalls)	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	45
Miniature golf course 18-holed	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Merchandise center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Notes:

^a Includes 1 Patrol boat

According to the 2016 Pavement Rating Report

^c Par 3 course was closed in 2018

d Miniature golf course was closed in 2020

e In 2018 the City started acquiring "take home vehicles" for the patrol division

Schedule 24
City of Kent
Kent Special Events Center Public Facilities District
Various Operating Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year										
2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020 ⁸	<u>2021</u>	
1,824,496	2,199,412	1,989,724	2,357,964	2,775,006	2,766,369	3,117,754	3,021,390	1,308,814	3,139,060	
2,532,035	2,577,642	2,742,048	2,619,402	2,914,669	3,114,736	3,314,806	3,663,224	2,450,905	2,504,074	
(707,539)	(378,230)	(752,324)	(261,438)	(139,663)	(348,367)	(197,052)	(641,834)	(1,142,091)	634,986	
677,937	714,360	784,330	830,283	900,659	916,139	1,018,768	1,149,950	1,174,972	1,359,473	
561	300	308	665	1,825	4,017	11,454	16,490	11,292	43,522	
1,505	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
676,993	714,660	784,638	830,948	902,484	920,156	1,030,222	1,166,440	1,186,264	1,402,995	
1,062,462	1,136,651	1,120,283	1,205,275	1,277,466	1,345,977	1,437,083	1,518,283	719,127	-	
2,675,777	2,675,777	2,675,777	2,675,778	1,337,889	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	1,334,603	2,668,000	2,668,300	2,668,450	2,283,150	2,286,150	
3,738,239	3,812,428	3,796,060	3,881,053	3,949,958	4,013,977	4,105,383	4,186,733	3,002,277	2,286,150	
674,214	707,953	766,236	696,831	880,444	887,946	1,002,342	1,167,441	1,128,466	1,473,277	
3,064,025	3,104,475	3,029,824	3,184,222	3,069,514	3,126,031	3,103,041	3,019,292	1,873,811 -	812,873 -	
3,738,239	3,812,428	3,796,060	3,881,053	3,949,958	4,013,977	4,105,383	4,186,733	3,002,277	2,286,150	
	1,824,496 2,532,035 (707,539) 677,937 561 1,505 676,993 1,062,462 2,675,777 - 3,738,239 674,214 3,064,025	1,824,496 2,199,412 2,532,035 2,577,642 (707,539) (378,230) 677,937 714,360 561 300 1,505 - 676,993 714,660 1,062,462 1,136,651 2,675,777 2,675,777 - 3,738,239 3,812,428 674,214 707,953 3,064,025 3,104,475	1,824,496 2,199,412 1,989,724 2,532,035 2,577,642 2,742,048 (707,539) (378,230) (752,324) 677,937 714,360 784,330 561 300 308 1,505 676,993 714,660 784,638 1,062,462 1,136,651 1,120,283 2,675,777 2,675,777 2,675,777	1,824,496 2,199,412 1,989,724 2,357,964 2,532,035 2,577,642 2,742,048 2,619,402 (707,539) (378,230) (752,324) (261,438) 677,937 714,360 784,330 830,283 561 300 308 665 1,505 - - - 676,993 714,660 784,638 830,948 1,062,462 1,136,651 1,120,283 1,205,275 2,675,777 2,675,777 2,675,778 - - - - - 3,738,239 3,812,428 3,796,060 3,881,053 674,214 707,953 766,236 696,831 3,064,025 3,104,475 3,029,824 3,184,222	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 1,824,496 2,199,412 1,989,724 2,357,964 2,775,006 2,532,035 2,577,642 2,742,048 2,619,402 2,914,669 (707,539) (378,230) (752,324) (261,438) (139,663) 677,937 714,360 784,330 830,283 900,659 561 300 308 665 1,825 1,505 - - - - - 676,993 714,660 784,638 830,948 902,484 1,062,462 1,136,651 1,120,283 1,205,275 1,277,466 2,675,777 2,675,777 2,675,777 2,675,778 1,337,889 - - - - - 1,334,603 3,738,239 3,812,428 3,796,060 3,881,053 3,949,958 674,214 707,953 766,236 696,831 880,444 3,064,025 3,104,475 3,029,824 3,184,222 3,069,514 <	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 1,824,496 2,199,412 1,989,724 2,357,964 2,775,006 2,766,369 2,532,035 2,577,642 2,742,048 2,619,402 2,914,669 3,114,736 (707,539) (378,230) (752,324) (261,438) (139,663) (348,367) 677,937 714,360 784,330 830,283 900,659 916,139 561 300 308 665 1,825 4,017 1,505 - - - - - 676,993 714,660 784,638 830,948 902,484 920,156 1,062,462 1,136,651 1,120,283 1,205,275 1,277,466 1,345,977 2,675,777 2,675,777 2,675,778 1,337,889 - - - - - - 1,334,603 2,668,000 3,738,239 3,812,428 3,796,060 3,881,053 3,949,958 4,013,977 674,214 707,	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 1,824,496 2,199,412 1,989,724 2,357,964 2,775,006 2,766,369 3,117,754 2,532,035 2,577,642 2,742,048 2,619,402 2,914,669 3,114,736 3,314,806 (707,539) (378,230) (752,324) (261,438) (139,663) (348,367) (197,052) 677,937 714,360 784,330 830,283 900,659 916,139 1,018,768 561 300 308 665 1,825 4,017 11,454 1,505 - - - - - - - 676,993 714,660 784,638 830,948 902,484 920,156 1,030,222 1,062,462 1,136,651 1,120,283 1,205,275 1,277,466 1,345,977 1,437,083 2,675,777 2,675,777 2,675,777 1,334,603 2,668,000 2,668,300 3,738,239 3,812,428 3,796,060 3,881,053 3,949,958	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 1,824,496 2,199,412 1,989,724 2,357,964 2,775,006 2,766,369 3,117,754 3,021,390 2,532,035 2,577,642 2,742,048 2,619,402 2,914,669 3,114,736 3,314,806 3,663,224 (707,539) (378,230) (752,324) (261,438) (139,663) (348,367) (197,052) (641,834) 677,937 714,360 784,330 830,283 900,659 916,139 1,018,768 1,149,950 561 300 308 665 1,825 4,017 11,454 16,490 1,505 - - - - - - - 676,993 714,660 784,638 830,948 902,484 920,156 1,030,222 1,166,440 1,062,462 1,136,651 1,120,283 1,205,275 1,277,466 1,345,977 1,437,083 1,518,283 2,675,777 2,675,777 2,675,778	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 8 1,824,496 2,199,412 1,989,724 2,357,964 2,775,006 2,766,369 3,117,754 3,021,390 1,308,814 2,532,035 2,577,642 2,742,048 2,619,402 2,914,669 3,114,736 3,314,806 3,663,224 2,450,905 (707,539) (378,230) (752,324) (261,438) (139,663) (348,367) (197,052) (641,834) (1,142,091) 677,937 714,360 784,330 830,283 900,659 916,139 1,018,768 1,149,950 1,174,972 561 300 308 665 1,825 4,017 11,454 16,490 11,292 1,505 -	

Continued

Notes ¹ The Showare Special Events Center is operated by SMG under a contract with the City. This information is from the operating statements of SMG for the events center.

² The Public Facilities District is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Kent. As a separate taxing authority, the PFD is authorized to impose a 0.037% sales tax for the purpose of funding debt service on PFD bonds and other obligations issued to finance the Showare Events

³ Any net operating revenues of the Showare Event Center as well as the PFD sales tax revenues are pledged for repayment of this debt.

⁴ In 2016, the City issued LTGO Bonds to refund the City's 2008 LTGO Bonds as well as the 2008 PFD Sales Tax Bonds. Through an interlocal agreement with the City, the PFD is responsible for payment of the share of the refunding bonds allocated to the refunding of the 2008 PFD Sales Tax Bonds

Tax Ronds
5 Debt service payments are made June 1 and December 1 each year.
The amount of PFD revenues applied to the debt service is based on actual cash available from net revenues plus an estimate of revenues not yet collected for the fiscal year. Any differences between final actual net revenues and the amount applied to the debt service payment are applied to the next debt payment.

Schedule 24 City of Kent Kent Special Events Center Public Facilities District Various Operating Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	2020 ⁸	2021
City Event Center Operations:										
Admissions tax	281,458	251,405	256,124	375,049	385,546	347,109	488,638	412,601	138,501	145,268
Other revenues/sources	-	-	-	46,524	462,443	208,118	129,691	18,221	5,893	504,458
Expenditures	1,106,422	471,684	980,046	104,330	1,097,457	983,406	1,373,763	1,089,763	1,451,752	3,728,698
Net Operating Income (Loss) °	(824,964)	(220,279)	(723,922)	317,243	(249,468)	(428,179)	(755,434)	(658,941)	(1,307,358)	(3,078,973)
City Debt Related to Events Center						100.010				
2008 LTGO Bonds-Series A	344,424	330,180	333,788	391,766	254,864	123,819	118,902	-	-	-
2008 LTGO Bonds-Series B	-	-	-	-		-	-	· -	-	
2016 LTGO Refunding-Series A	-	-	-	-	150,850	311,380	311,838	581,296	502,139	729,699
2016 LTGO Refunding-Series B	-				1,334,603	2,668,000	2,668,300	2,668,450	2,283,150	2,286,150
Internal Loans '		1,178,131	1,243,121	1,301,516	1,325,005	1,464,068	1,509,476	1,553,742	800,649	-
Total Related Debt	344,424	1,508,311	1,576,909	1,693,282	3,065,322	4,567,267	4,608,516	4,803,488	3,585,938	3,015,849
Total City Funding										
City Advances for PFD debt	674,214	707,953	766,236	696,831	880,444	887,946	1,002,342	1,167,441	1,128,466	1,473,277
Events Center net (income)loss	824,964	220,279	723,922	(317,243)	249,468	428,179	755,434	658,941	1,307,358	3,078,973
Related debt costs	344,424	1,508,311	1,576,909	1,693,282	3,065,322	4,567,267	4,608,516	4,803,488	3,585,938	3,015,849
Total City Funding	1,843,602	2,436,543	3,067,067	2,072,870	4,195,234	5,883,392	6,366,292	6,629,870	6,021,762	7,568,099

Concluded

Notes ⁶ The City has transferred funds into the Showare operating fund to cover the accumulated deficits and pre-fund future maintenance needs: \$500,000 in 2013, \$3,200,000 in 2014, \$1,000,000 in 2015, \$500,000 each year 2016-2018, \$725,489 in 2019, and \$500,000 in 2020.

⁷ The City funded \$9.7 million of construction and equipping costs for the Showare Center through the City Capital Resources Fund. In 2012, Council approved internal loans from the Water, Sewer and Insurance Funds to cover these costs. The internal loans are being repaid over a period not to exceed ten years from a two percent tax on City utility sales. The loans were paid off in 2020.

 $^{^{\}rm 8}\,\text{The}$ decline in some 2020 figures is due to the Covid19 related closures.

